SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS



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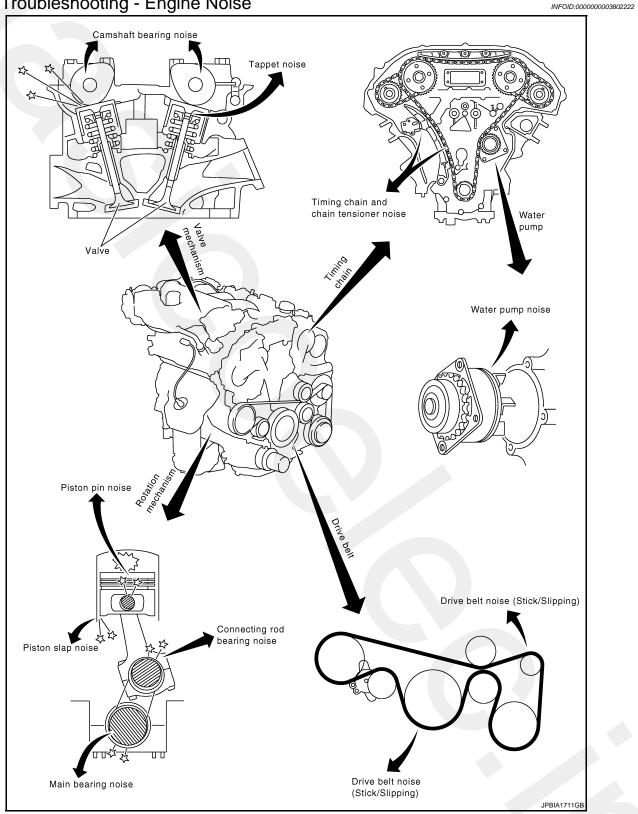
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SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

NVH Troubleshooting - Engine Noise



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NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

< SYMPTOM DIAGNOSIS >

Use the Chart Below to Help You Find the Cause of the Symptom

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- 1. Locate the area where noise occurs.
- 2. Confirm the type of noise.
- 3. Specify the operating condition of the engine.
- 4. Check specified noise source. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

		Operating condition of engine								
Location of noise	Type of noise	Before warm- up	After warm- up	When start-ing	When idling	When racing	While driving	Source of noise	Check item	Refer- ence page
Top of engine	Ticking or clicking	С	Α	-	А	В	_	Tappet noise	Valve clearance	<u>EM-17</u>
Rocker cover Cylinder head	Rattle	С	A	_	А	В	С	Camshaft bearing noise	Camshaft runout Camshaft journal oil clearance	EM-136 EM-136
	Slap or knock	_	A	_	В	В	_	Piston pin noise	Piston to piston pin oil clearance Connecting rod bushing oil clearance	EM-143 EM-143
Crank- shaft pul- ley Cylinder block (Side of	Slap or rap	А	_		В	В	А	Piston slap noise	Piston to cylinder bore clearance Piston ring side clearance Piston ring end gap Connecting rod bend and torsion	EM-143 EM-143 EM-143 EM-143
engine) Oil pan	Knock	А	В	С	В	В	В	Connect- ing rod bearing noise	Connecting rod bushing oil clearance Connecting rod bearing oil clearance	EM-143 EM-147
	Knock	A	В	_	A	В	С	Main bear- ing noise	Main bearing oil clear- ance Crankshaft runout	EM-146 EM-143
Front of engine Timing chain case	Tapping or ticking	А	А	_	В	В	В	Timing chain and timing chain tensioner noise	Timing chain cracks and wear Timing chain tensioner operation	EM-65 EM-52
	Squeak- ing or fizz- ing	А	В	_	В	_	С	Drive belt (Sticking or slip- ping)	Drive belt deflection	EM-12
Front of engine	Creaking	Α	В	А	В	А	В	Drive belt (Slipping)	Idler pulley bearing operation	
•	Squall Creak	A	В	_	В	A	В	Water pump noise	Water pump operation	CO-18, "Exploded View"

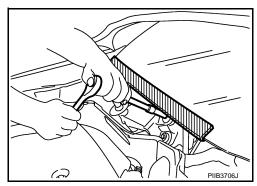
A: Closely related B: Related C: Sometimes related —: Not related

PRECAUTION

PRECAUTIONS

Precaution for Procedure without Cowl Top Cover

When performing the procedure after removing cowl top cover, cover the lower end of windshield with urethane, etc.



Precaution for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the "SRS AIRBAG" and "SEAT BELT" of this Service Manual.

WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the "SRS AIRBAG".
- Never use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

Precaution Necessary for Steering Wheel Rotation after Battery Disconnect

NOTE:

- Before removing and installing any control units, first turn the push-button ignition switch to the LOCK position, then disconnect both battery cables.
- After finishing work, confirm that all control unit connectors are connected properly, then re-connect both battery cables.
- Always use CONSULT-III to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work.
 If a DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnosis results.

This vehicle is equipped with a push-button ignition switch and a steering lock unit.

If the battery is disconnected or discharged, the steering wheel will lock and cannot be turned.

If turning the steering wheel is required with the battery disconnected or discharged, follow the procedure below before starting the repair operation.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

Connect both battery cables.

NOTE:

Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.

2. Turn the push-button ignition switch to ACC position. (At this time, the steering lock will be released.)

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PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

- Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released with both battery cables disconnected and the steering wheel can be turned.
- Perform the necessary repair operation.
- 5. When the repair work is completed, re-connect both battery cables. With the brake pedal released, turn the push-button ignition switch from ACC position to ON position, then to LOCK position. (The steering wheel will lock when the push-button ignition switch is turned to LOCK position.)
- 6. Perform self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT-III.

Precaution for Drain Engine Coolant and Engine Oil

INFOID:0000000003802227

Drain engine coolant and engine oil when the engine is cooled.

Precaution for Disconnecting Fuel Piping

INFOID:0000000003802228

- Before starting work, check no fire or spark producing items are in the work area.
- Release fuel pressure before disconnecting and disassembly.
- After disconnecting pipes, plug openings to stop fuel leakage.

Precaution for Removal and Disassembly

INFOID:0000000003802229

- When instructed to use SST, use the specified tools. Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Exercise maximum care to avoid damage to mating or sliding surfaces.
- Dowel pins are used for several parts alignment. When replacing and reassembling parts with dowel pins, check that dowel pins are installed in the original position.
- Cover openings of engine system with a tape or the equivalent, if necessary, to seal out foreign materials.
- Mark and arrange disassembly parts in an organized way for easy troubleshooting and reassembly.
- When loosening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, start with the one furthest outside, then the one diagonally
 opposite, and so on. If the order of loosening is specified, do exactly as specified. Power tools may be used
 in the step.

Precaution for Inspection, Repair and Replacement

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Before repairing or replacing, thoroughly inspect parts. Inspect new replacement parts in the same way, and replace if necessary.

Precaution for Assembly and Installation

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- Use torque wrench to tighten bolts or nuts to specification.
- When tightening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, equally tighten in several different steps starting with the ones in center, then ones on inside and outside diagonally in this order. If the order of tightening is specified, do exactly as specified.
- Replace with new gasket, packing, oil seal or O-ring.
- Dowel pins are used for several parts alignment. When replacing and reassembling parts with dowel pins, check that dowel pins are installed in the original position.
- Thoroughly wash, clean, and air-blow each part. Carefully check engine oil or engine coolant passages for any restriction and blockage.
- Avoid damaging sliding or mating surfaces. Completely remove foreign materials such as cloth lint or dust.
 Before assembly, oil sliding surfaces well.
- Release air within route when refilling after draining engine coolant.
- After repairing, start the engine and increase engine speed to check engine coolant, fuel, engine oil, and exhaust gases for leakage.

Precaution for Angle Tightening

INFOID:0000000003802232

- Use the angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)] for the final tightening of the following engine parts:
- Cylinder head bolts
- Main bearing cap bolts
- Connecting rod cap bolts
- Crankshaft pulley bolt (No the angle wrench is required as bolt flange is provided with notches for angle tightening)
- Never use a torque value for final tightening.
- The torque value for these parts are for a preliminary step.

PRECAUTIONS

< PRECAUTION >

• Ensure thread and seat surfaces are clean and coated with engine oil.

Precaution for Liquid Gasket

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REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET SEALING

After removing mounting nuts and bolts, separate the mating surface using the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] (A) and remove old liquid gasket sealing.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

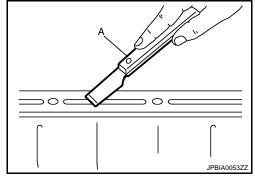
- Tap the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] to insert it (B), and then slide it (C) by tapping on the side as shown in the figure.
- In areas where the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] is difficult to use, use a plastic hammer to lightly tap the parts, to remove it

CAUTION:

If for some unavoidable reason tool such as a screwdriver is used, be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

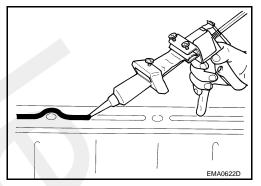
- 1. Using a scraper (A), remove old liquid gasket adhering to the gasket application surface and the mating surface.
 - Remove liquid gasket completely from the groove of the gasket application surface, mounting bolts, and bolt holes.
- Wipe the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface with white gasoline (lighting and heating use) to remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign materials.



Attach liquid gasket tube to the tube presser (commercial service tool).

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

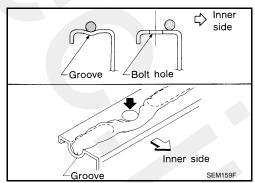
- 4. Apply liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.
 - If there is a groove for liquid gasket application, apply liquid gasket to the groove.



- As for bolt holes, normally apply liquid gasket inside the holes.
 Occasionally, it should be applied outside the holes. Check to read the text of this manual.
- Within 5 minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
- If liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
- Never retighten mounting bolts or nuts after the installation.
- After 30 minutes or more have passed from the installation, fill engine oil and engine coolant.

CAUTION:

If there are specific instructions in this manual, observe them.



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PREPARATION

Special Service Tool

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Tool number (SPX North America No.) Tool name		Description
KV10116200 (J26336-A) Valve spring compressor 1. KV10115900 (J26336-20) Attachment 2.KV10109220 (—) Adapter	1 PBIC1650E	Disassembling valve mechanism Part (1) is a component of KV10116200 (J26336-A), but Part (2) is not so.
KV10107902 (J38959) Valve oil seal puller		Replacing valve oil seal
	NT011	
KV10115600 (J-38958) Valve oil seal drift	a b Side A Side B	Installing valve oil seal Use side A. a: 20 mm (0.79 in) dia. b: 13 mm (0.51 in) dia. c: 10 mm (0.406 in) d: 8 mm (0.31 in) dia. e: 10.7 mm (0.421 in) f: 5 mm (0.20 in) dia.
EM03470000 (J8037) Piston ring compressor	NT044	Installing piston assembly into cylinder bore
ST16610001 (J23907) Pilot bushing puller	NT045	Removing pilot converter
KV10111100 (J37228) Seal cutter	NT046	Removing oil pan (lower and upper), front and rear timing chain case, etc.

< PREPARATION >

Tool number (SPX North America No.) Tool name		Description
KV10112100 (BT8653-A) Angle wrench		Tightening bolts for connecting rod bearing cap, cylinder head, etc. in angle
	NT014	
KV10117100 (J3647-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench		Loosening or tightening air fuel ratio sensor 1 For 22 mm (0.87 in) width hexagon nut
	NT379	
KV10114400) N1379	Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sen-
(J38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	a	sor 2 a: 22 mm (0.87 in)
	NT636	
 (J-45488) Quick connector release		Removing fuel tube quick connectors in engine room (Available in SEC. 164 of PARTS CATALOG: Part No. 16441 6N210)
	Cò	
	PBIC0198E	
ommercial Service Tool		INFOID:00000000380223
(SPX North America No.) Tool name		Description
(—) Power tool		Loosening bolts and nuts
	PBIC0190E	
(—) Tube presser		Pressing the tube of liquid gasket
	NT052	

< PREPARATION >

Manual lift table caddy J24239-01) Cylinder head bolt wrench	Loosening and tightening cylinder head bolt, and used with the angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)] a: 13 mm (0.51 in) dia.
J24239-01)	and used with the angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)]
C NT583	a: 13 mm (0.31 m) dia. b: 12 mm (0.47 in) c: 10 mm (0.39 in)
1.Compression tester 2.Adapter	Checking compression pressure
Spark plug wrench a JPBIA0399ZZ	Removing and installing spark plug a: 14 mm (0.55 in)
Pulley holder	Removing and installing crankshaft pulley
// // // // // // // // // // // // //	Finishing valve seat dimensions
Piston ring expander	Removing and installing piston ring

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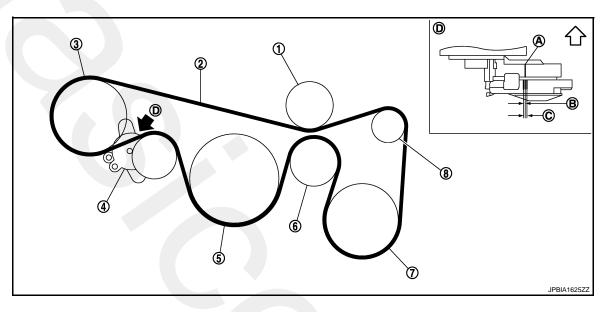
(SPX North America No.) Tool name	Description
(—) Valve guide drift	Removing and installing valve guide Intake and Exhaust: a: 9.5 mm (0.374 in) dia. b: 5.5 mm (0.217 in) dia.
Valve guide reamer	(1): Reaming valve guide inner hole (2): Reaming hole for oversize valve guide Intake and Exhaust:
d ₁	d1: 6.0 mm (0.236 in) dia. d2: 10.2 mm (0.402 in) dia.
а: (J-43897-18) b: (J-43897-12) a ь	Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new air fuel ratio sensor and
Oxygen sensor thread cleaner Mating surface shave cylinder	heated oxygen sensor (Use with anti-seize lu- bricant shown below.) a: J-43897-18 [18 mm (0.71 in) dia.] for zir- conia heated oxygen sensor and air fuel
Flutes AEM488	ratio sensor b: J-43897-12 [12 mm (0.47 in) dia.] for titania heated oxygen sensor
(—) Anti-seize lubricant (Permatex 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specifica- tion MIL-A-907)	Lubricating air fuel ratio sensor and oxygen sensor threads cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads

EM-11

ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE

DRIVE BELT

Exploded View



- 1. Idler pulley
- 4. Drive belt auto-tensioner
- 7. A/C compressor
- A. Indicator
- D. View D
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- 2. Drive belt
- 5. Crankshaft pulley
- 8. Alternator
- B. Range when new drive belt is installed
- 3. Power steering oil pump
- 6. Idler pulley
- C. Possible use range

Checking

WARNING:

Be sure to perform the this step when engine is stopped.

- Check that the indicator (A) of drive belt auto-tensioner is within the possible use range (C).
 NOTE:
 - Check the drive belt auto-tensioner indication when the engine is cold.
 - When new drive belt is installed, the indicator should be within the range (B) in the figure.
- Visually check entire drive belt for wear, damage or cracks.
- If the indicator is out of the possible use range or belt is damaged, replace drive belt.

Tension Adjustment

Refer to EM-136, "Drive Belt".

Removal and Installation

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INFOID:0000000003802237

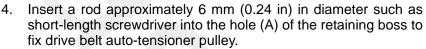
REMOVAL

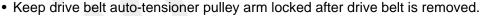
- Remove front wheel and tire (RH).
- 2. Remove splash guard (RH). Refer to EXT-22, "FENDER PROTECTOR: Exploded View".

DRIVE BELT

< ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE >

- Hold the hexagonal part in center of drive belt auto-tensioner pulley with a box wrench securely. Then move the wrench handle in the direction of arrow (loosening direction of drive belt).
 CAUTION:
 - Avoid placing hand in a location where pinching may occur if the holding tool accidentally comes off.
 - Never loosen the hexagonal part in center of drive belt auto-tensioner pulley (Never turn it counterclockwise). If turned counterclockwise, the complete drive belt autotensioner must be replaced as a unit, including the pulley.





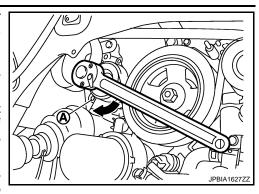
5. Loosen drive belt from water pump pulley in sequence, and remove it.

INSTALLATION

1. Hook drive belt on to all pulleys except for drive belt auto-tensioner pulley, and then onto drive belt auto-tensioner pulley finally.

CAUTION:

- Confirm drive belt is completely set to pulleys.
- Check for engine oil, working fluid and engine coolant are not adhered to drive belt and each pulley groove.
- 2. Release drive belt auto-tensioner, and apply tension to drive belt.
- 3. Turn crankshaft pulley clockwise several times to equalize tension between each pulley.
- 4. Confirm tension of drive belt at indicator is within the possible use range. Refer to EM-12, "Exploded View".



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AIR CLEANER FILTER

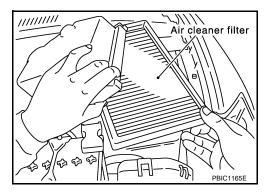
AIR CLEANER FILTER

Removal and Installation

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REMOVAL

- 1. Unhook air cleaner case (lower) side clips and lift up air cleaner case (upper).
- 2. Remove air cleaner filter from air cleaner case (lower).



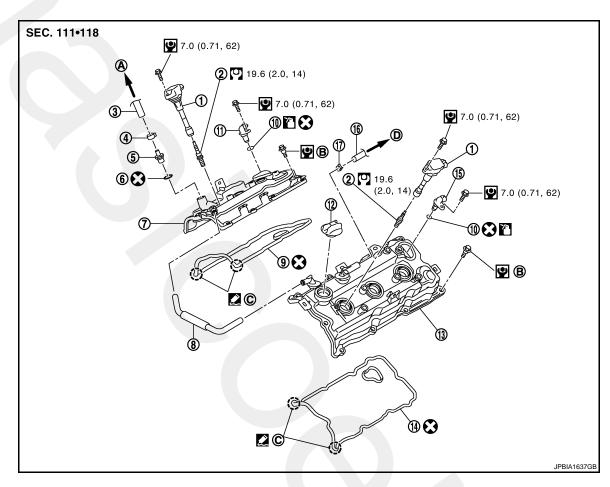
INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

• Install the air cleaner filter by aligning the seal with the notch of air cleaner case.

SPARK PLUG

Exploded View



- 1. Ignition coil
- 4. Clamp
- 7. Rocker cover (bank 1)
- 10. O-ring
- 13. Rocker cover (bank 2)
- 16. PCV hose
- A. To intake manifold collector
- D. To air duct assembly

- 2. Spark plug
- 5. PCV valve
- 8. PCV hose
- 11. Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1)
- 14. Rocker cover gasket (bank 2)
- 17. Clamp
- B. Refer to EM-49

- 3. PCV hose
- 6. O-ring
- 9. Rocker cover gasket (bank 1)
- 12. Oil filler cap
- 15. Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2)
- C. Camshaft bracket side

Removal and Installation

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

REMOVAL

- Remove engine cover. Refer to <u>EM-24, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 2. Remove air cleaner cases (upper and lower) and air duct assembly. Refer to EM-26. "Exploded View".
- 3. Remove electric throttle control actuator. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
- 4. Remove intake manifold collector. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
- 5. Remove ignition coil. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".

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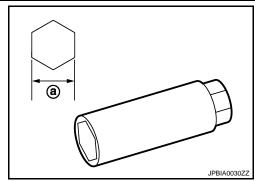
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SPARK PLUG

< ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE >

- Remove spark plug with a spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).
 - a : 14 mm (0.55 in)



INSTALLATION

Installation is the reverse order of removal.

Inspection INFOID:0000000003802243

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Use the standard type spark plug for normal condition.

Spark plug (Standard type) : Refer to EM-136, "Spark Plug".

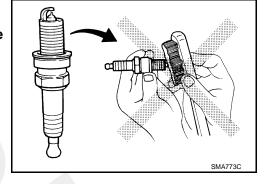
CAUTION:

- Never drop or shock spark plug.
- Never use a wire brush for cleaning.
- If plug tip is covered with carbon, spark plug cleaner may be used.

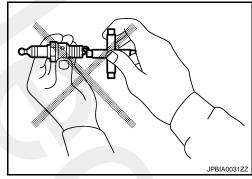
Cleaner air pressure: Less than 588 kPa (6 bar, 6 kg/

cm², 85 psi)

Cleaning time: Less than 20 seconds



- Spark plug gap adjustment is not required between replacement intervals.
- Measure spark plug gap. When it exceeds the limit, replace spark plug even if it is within the specified replacement mileage. Refer to <u>EM-136</u>, "Spark Plug"



Inspection and Adjustment

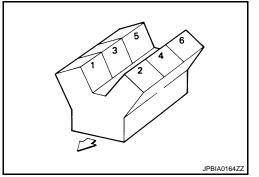
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INSPECTION

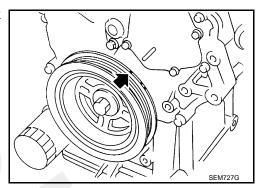
Perform inspection as follows after removal, installation or replacement of camshaft or valve-related parts, or if there is unusual engine conditions regarding valve clearance.

In cases of removing/installing or replacing camshaft and valverelated parts, or of unusual engine conditions due to changes in valve clearance (found malfunctions during stating, idling or causing noise), perform inspection as follows:

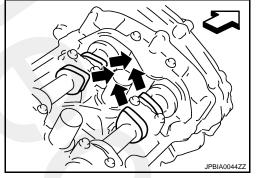
: Engine front



- 1. Remove rocker covers (bank 1 and bank 2). Refer to <a>EM-49, "Exploded View".
- 2. Measure the valve clearance as follows:
- a. Set No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke.
 - Rotate crankshaft pulley clockwise to align timing mark (grooved line without color) (←) with timing indicator.

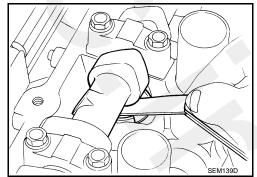


- Check that intake and exhaust cam nose on No. 1 cylinder (engine front side of bank 1) are located as shown in the figure.
- If not, turn crankshaft one revolution (360 degrees) and align as shown in the figure.



 Use a feeler gauge, measure the clearance between valve lifter and camshaft.

Valve clearance : Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".



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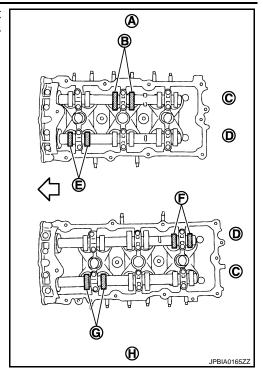
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< ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE >

• By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked "x" as shown in the table below (locations indicated in the figure).

No. 1 cylinder at compression TDC

Measuring position [I	bank 1 (A)]	No. 1 CYL.	No. 3 CYL.	No. 5 CYL.
No. 1 cylinder at com-	EXH (C)		× (B)	
pression TDC	INT (D)	× (E)		
Measuring position [I	oank 2 (H)]	No. 2 CYL.	No. 4 CYL.	No. 6 CYL.
No. 1 cylinder at com-	INT (D)			× (F)
pression TDC	EXH (C)	× (G)		

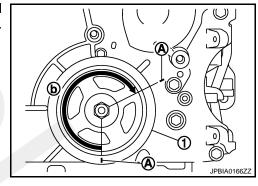


c. Rotate crankshaft by 240 degrees clockwise (when viewed from engine front) to align No. 3 cylinder at TDC its compression stroke.

NOTE:

Mark a position 240 degrees (b) from a corner of the hexagonal part of crankshaft pulley mounting bolt as shown in the figure. Use the hexagonal part as a guide.

1 : Crankshaft pulleyA : Paint mark



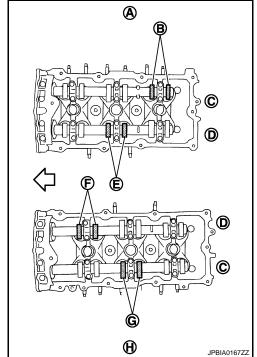
< ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE >

 By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked "x" as shown in the table below (locations indicated in the figure).

: Engine front

No. 3 cylinder at compression TDC

Measuring position [b	oank 1 (A)]	No. 1 CYL.	No. 3 CYL.	No. 5 CYL.
No. 3 cylinder at com-	EXH (C)			× (B)
pression TDC	INT (D)		× (E)	
Measuring position [b	oank 2 (H)]	No. 2 CYL.	No. 4 CYL.	No. 6 CYL.
No. 3 cylinder at com-	INT (D)	× (F)		
pression TDC	EXH (C)		× (G)	



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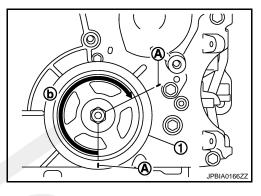
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d. Rotate crankshaft by 240 degrees clockwise (when viewed from engine front) to align No. 5 cylinder at TDC of compression stroke.

NOTE:

Mark a position 240 degrees (b) from a corner of the hexagonal part of crankshaft pulley mounting bolt as shown in the figure. Use the hexagonal part as a guide.

1 : Crankshaft pulleyA : Paint mark



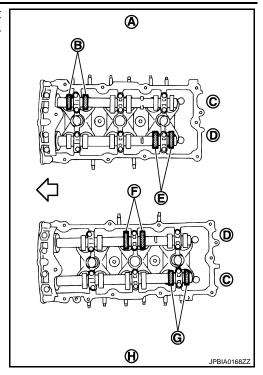
EM-19

< ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE >

 By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked "x" as shown in the table below (locations indicated in the figure).

No. 5 cylinder at compression TDC

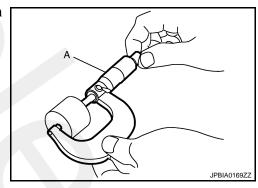
Measuring position [I	bank 1 (A)]	No. 1 CYL.	No. 3 CYL.	No. 5 CYL.
No. 5 cylinder at	EXH (C)	× (B)		
compression TDC	INT (D)			× (E)
Measuring position [I	oank 2 (H)]	No. 2 CYL.	No. 4 CYL.	No. 6 CYL.
No. 5 cylinder at	INT (D)		× (F)	
compression TDC	EXH (C)			× (G)



3. Perform adjustment if the measured value is out of the standard. Refer to "ADJUSTMENT".

ADJUSTMENT

- Perform adjustment depending on selected head thickness of valve lifter.
- 1. Measure the valve clearance. Refer to "INSPECTION".
- 2. Remove camshaft. Refer to EM-84, "Exploded View".
- 3. Remove valve lifters at the locations that are out of the standard.
- Measure the center thickness of the removed valve lifters with a micrometer (A).



5. Use the equation below to calculate valve lifter thickness for replacement.

Valve lifter thickness calculation: t = t1 + (C1 - C2)

t = Valve lifter thickness to be replaced

t1 = Removed valve lifter thickness

C1 = Measured valve clearance

C₂ = Standard valve clearance:

Intake : 0.30 mm (0.012 in) Exhaust : 0.33 mm (0.013 in)

VQ25DE

< ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE >

- Thickness of new valve lifter can be identified by stamp marks on the reverse side (inside the cylinder).

A : Stamp

B : Thickness of valve lifter

Stamped mark 788P indicates 7.88 mm (0.3102 in) in thickness. (intake side)

Stamped mark 666U indicates 6.66 mm (0.2622 in) in thickness. (exhaust side)

Available thickness of valve lifter: 27 size with range 7.88 to 8.40 mm (0.3102 to 0.3307 in) (intake side) and 6.66 to 7.18 mm (0.2622 to 0.2827 in) (exhaust side) in steps of 0.02

(0.0008 in) (when manufactured at factory). Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".

CAUTION:

Install identification letter at the end, "P"and "U", at each of proper positions. (Be careful of misinstallation between intake and exhaust)

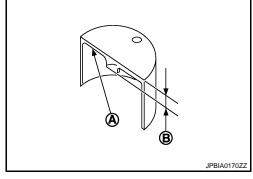
VQ35DE

 Thickness of new valve lifter can be identified by stamp marks on the reverse side (inside the cylinder).

A : Stamp

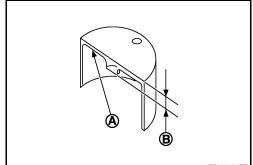
B : Thickness of valve lifter

Stamp mark 788P indicates 7.88 mm (0.3102 in) in thickness.



Available thickness of valve lifter: 27 sizes with range 7.88 to 8.40 mm (0.3102 to 0.3307 in) in steps of 0.02 mm (0.0008 in) (when manufactured at factory). Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".

- 6. Install selected valve lifter.
- 7. Install camshaft. Refer to <a>EM-84, "Exploded View".
- 8. Manually turn crankshaft pulley a few turns.
- 9. Check that the valve clearances for cold engine are within the specifications by referring to the specified values. Refer to EM-17, "Inspection and Adjustment".
- 10. Install all removal parts in the reverse order of removal.
- 11. Warm up the engine, and check for unusual noise and vibration.



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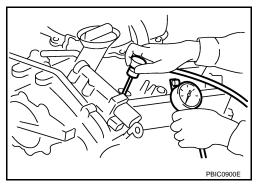
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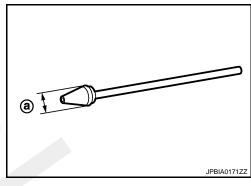
COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Inspection INFOID:000000003802245

- 1. Warm up engine thoroughly. Then, stop it.
- 2. Release fuel pressure. Refer to EC-411, "Inspection".
- Disconnect fuel pump fuse to avoid fuel injection during measurement. Refer to <u>EC-20</u>, <u>"Component Parts Location"</u>.
- 4. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-24, "Exploded View".
- 5. Remove ignition coil and spark plug from each cylinder. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
- Connect engine tachometer (not required in use of CONSULT-III).
- 7. Install compression gauge with an adapter (commercial service tool) onto spark plug hole.



- Use the adapter whose picking up end inserted to spark plug hole is smaller than 20 mm (0.79 in) in diameter. Otherwise, it may be caught by cylinder head during removal.
 - a : \$\phi 20 mm (0.79 in)



8. With accelerator pedal fully depressed, turn ignition switch to "START" for cranking. When the gauge pointer stabilizes, read the compression pressure and the engine rpm. Perform these steps to check each cylinder.

Compression pressure : Refer to EM-135, "General Specification".

CAUTION:

Always use a fully charged battery to obtain the specified engine speed.

- If the engine speed is out of the specified range, check battery liquid for proper gravity. Check the engine speed again with normal battery gravity.
- If compression pressure is below minimum value, check valve clearances and parts associated with combustion chamber (valve, valve seat, piston, piston ring, cylinder bore, cylinder head, cylinder head gasket). After the checking, measure compression pressure again.
- If some cylinder has low compression pressure, pour small amount of engine oil into the spark plug hole of the cylinder to recheck it for compression.
- If the added engine oil improves the compression, piston rings may be worn out or damaged. Check piston rings and replace if necessary.
- If the compression pressure remains at low level despite the addition of engine oil, valves may be malfunctioning. Check valves for damage. Replace valve or valve seat accordingly.
- If two adjacent cylinders have respectively low compression pressure and their compression remains low even after the addition of engine oil, cylinder head gaskets are leaking. In such a case, replace cylinder head gaskets.
- 9. After inspection is completed, install removed parts.

COMPRESSION PRESSURE

< ON-VEHICLE MAINTENANCE >

- 10. Start the engine, and check that the engine runs smoothly.
- 11. Perform trouble diagnosis. If DTC appears, erase it. Refer to EC-124, "Description".

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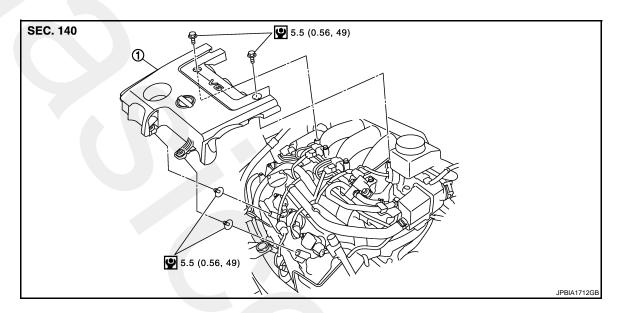
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ON-VEHICLE REPAIR

ENGINE COVER

Exploded View



1. Engine cover

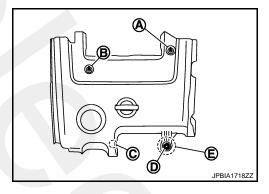
Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000003802247

REMOVAL

- Remove air duct (inlet). Refer to <u>EM-26, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 2. Remove engine cover mounting bolts (A), (B).



- 3. Draw and pull out engine cover from engine cover mounting bolts (C), (D). CAUTION:
 - Pull engine cover from mounting bolt (D) holding with hand the position (E) as shown in the figure.
 - Never damage or scratch engine cover when installing or removing.
- 4. Remove engine mounting bolts (C), (D), if necessary.

INSTALLATION

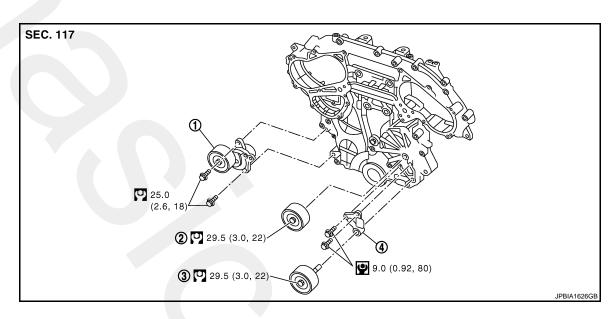
Install in the reverse order of removal.

DRIVE BELT AUTO TENSIONER AND IDLER PULLEY

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

DRIVE BELT AUTO TENSIONER AND IDLER PULLEY

Exploded View



- 1. Drive belt auto-tensioner
- 2. Idler pulley

3. Idler pulley

4. Bracket

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

Removal

- 1. Remove drive belt. Refer to EM-12, "Removal and Installation".
 - Keep auto-tensioner pulley arm locked after drive belt is removed.
- 2. Remove auto-tensioner and idler pulley.
 - Keep auto-tensioner pulley arm locked to install or remove auto-tensioner.

Installation

Installation is the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

If there is damage greater than peeled paint, replace drive belt auto-tensioner.

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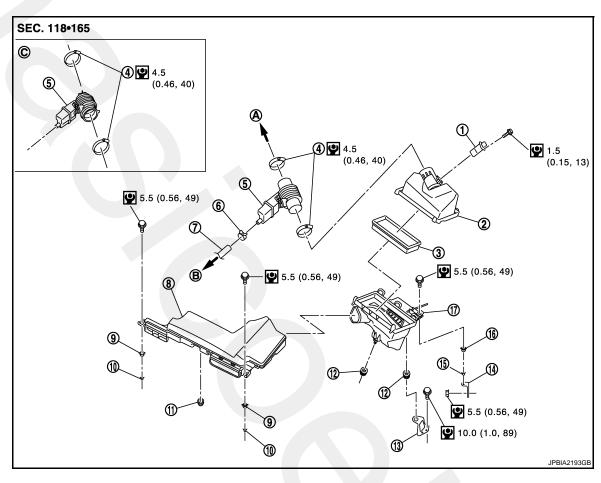
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AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

Exploded View INFOID:0000000003802250



- Mass air flow sensor
- Clamp
- 7. PCV hose
- 10. Collar
- 13. Bracket
- 16. Grommet
- A. To electric throttle control actuator
- Air duct (inlet)

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- Grommet
- 14. Bracket
- 17. Air cleaner case (lower)
- B. To rocker cover (bank 2)

Air cleaner case (upper)

Air duct assembly

- Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

- Air cleaner filter
- 6. Clamp
- Grommet
- 12. Grommet
- 15. Collar
- C. VQ25DE

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove air duct (inlet).
- 2. Disconnect harness connector from mass air flow sensor.
- 3. Disconnect PCV hose.
- Remove air cleaner cases (upper and lower) with mass air flow sensor and air duct assembly disconnecting their joints.
 - Add mating marks as necessary for easier installation.
- Remove mass air flow sensor from air cleaner case (upper), as necessary. **CAUTION:**

Handle mass air flow sensor with following cares.

- · Never shock mass air flow sensor.
- · Never disassemble mass air flow sensor.

INFOID:0000000003802251

AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

· Never touch mass air flow sensor.

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

• Align marks. Attach each joint. Screw clamps firmly.

Inspection INFOID:0000000003802252

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Inspect air duct assembly for crack or tear.

• If anything found, replace air duct assembly.

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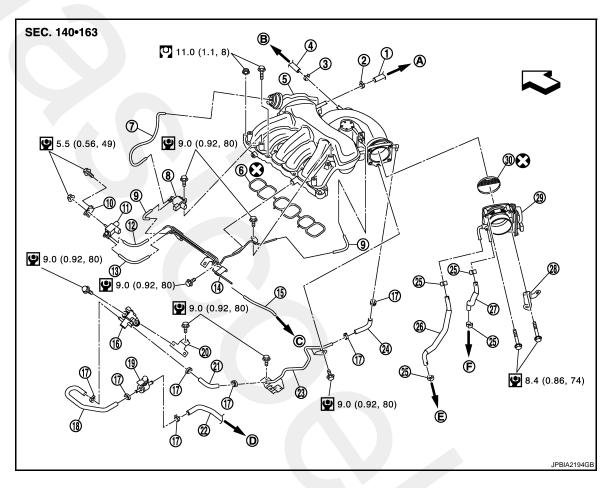
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INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR

Exploded View INFOID:0000000003802253

VQ25DE



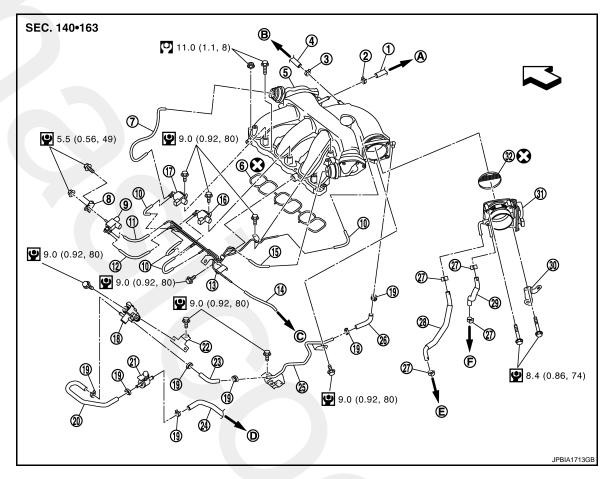
- Vacuum hose
- PCV hose
- Vacuum hose 7.
- 10. Bracket
- 13. Vacuum hose
- EVAP canister purge control solenoid 16. valve
- 19. Service port
- 22. EVAP hose
- 25. Clamp
- 28. Bracket
- A. To brake booster
- To vacuum pipe
- : Engine front

- 2. Clamp
- 5. Intake manifold collector
- VIAS control solenoid valve 8.
- Electronic controlled engine mount
 - control solenoid valve
- 14. Vacuum gallery
- 17. Clamp
- 20. Bracket
- 23. EVAP pipe
- 26. Water hose
- Electric throttle control actuator
- B. To rocker cover (bank 1)
- E. To heater pipe

- 3. Clamp
- 6. Gasket
- 9. Vacuum hose
- 12. Vacuum hose
- 15. Vacuum hose
- 18. EVAP hose
- 21. EVAP hose
- 24. EVAP hose
- 27. Water hose
- 30. Gasket
- C. To vacuum tube (rear)
- To water outlet

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

VQ35DE



1	Vacuum	hose

4. PCV hose

Vacuum hose 7.

10. Vacuum hose

Vacuum gallery

16. VIAS control solenoid valve 2

19. Clamp

22. Bracket

25. EVAP pipe

28. Water hose

31. Electric throttle control actuator

A. To brake booster

D. To vacuum pipe

⟨□ : Engine front

2. Clamp

5. Intake manifold collector

8. **Bracket**

Vacuum hose 11.

Vacuum hose

VIAS control solenoid valve 1 17.

20. EVAP hose

23. **EVAP** hose

EVAP hose 26.

29. Water hose

32. Gasket

В. To rocker cover (bank 1)

E. To heater pipe 3. Clamp

Gasket

Electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve

12. Vacuum hose

15. Vacuum hose

EVAP canister purge control solenoid 18. valve

21. Service port

24. EVAP hose

27. Clamp

30. **Bracket**

C. To vacuum tube (rear)

F. To water outlet

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

WARNING:

To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain engine coolant when the engine is hot.

Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-24, "Exploded View". **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to damage or scratch engine cover.

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INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR

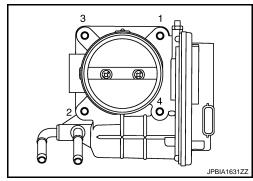
< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

- Remove air cleaner cases (upper and lower) with mass air flow sensor and air duct assembly. Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
- Drain engine coolant, or when water hoses are disconnected, attach plug to prevent engine coolant leakage. Refer to <u>CO-8</u>, "<u>Draining</u>".

CAUTION:

Perform this step when the engine is cold.

- 4. Remove front wiper arm and extension cowl top. Refer to <u>WW-105</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>" and <u>EXT-20</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
- 5. Disconnect water hoses from electric throttle control actuator.
 - When engine coolant is not drained from radiator, attach plug to water hoses to prevent engine coolant leakage.
- 6. Remove electric throttle control actuator as follows:
- Disconnect harness connector.
- Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.
 CAUTION:
 - Handle carefully to avoid any shock to electric throttle control actuator.
 - · Never disassemble.



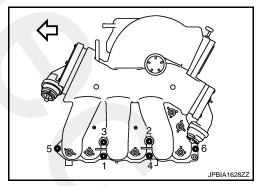
- 7. Remove the following parts:
 - · Vacuum hose
 - PCV hose
 - High pressure piping from intake manifold collector: Refer to ST-34, "Exploded View".
 - Electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve
- 8. Disconnect EVAP hoses and harness connector from EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve.
- 9. Remove EVAP canister purge control solenoid valve and bracket assembly.
- 10. Remove VIAS control solenoid valve mounting bolts and vacuum gallery mounting bolts, and then move vacuum gallery.
 - Add mating marks as necessary for easier installation.
- 11. Loosen mounting nuts and bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure, and remove intake manifold collector and gasket.



CAUTION:

Cover engine openings to avoid entry of foreign materials. NOTE:

Figure is shown as an example of VQ35DE.



INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

Intake Manifold Collector

INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR

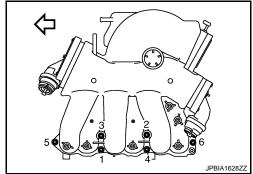
< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

Tighten mounting nuts and bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

: Engine front

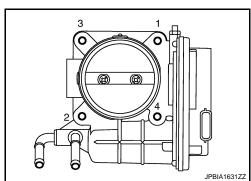
NOTE:

Figure is shown as an example of VQ35DE.



Electric Throttle Control Actuator

- Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.
- Perform the "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" when harness connector of electric throttle control actuator is disconnected.
 Refer to <u>EC-16</u>, "<u>THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING</u>: Special Repair Requirement".
- Perform the "Idle Air Volume Learning" and "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" when electric throttle control actuator is replaced. Refer to <u>EC-16</u>, "IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING: Special Repair Requirement".



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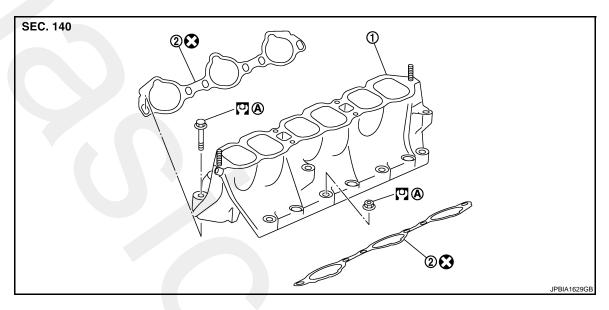
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INTAKE MANIFOLD

Exploded View



1. Intake manifold

2. Gasket

A. Refer to EM-32

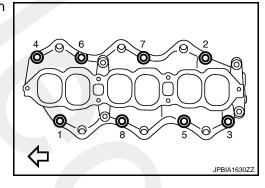
Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

INFOID:0000000003802256

REMOVAL

- 1. Release fuel pressure. Refer to EC-411, "Inspection".
- 2. Remove intake manifold collector. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
- 3. Remove fuel tube and fuel injector assembly. Refer to EM-44, "Exploded View".
- 4. Loosen mounting nuts and bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure to remove intake manifold with power tool.



5. Remove gaskets.

CAUTION:

Cover engine openings to avoid entry of foreign materials.

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order or removal.

Intake Manifold

• If stud bolts were removed, install them and tighten to the specified torque below.

(1.1 kg-m, 8 ft-lb)

INTAKE MANIFOLD

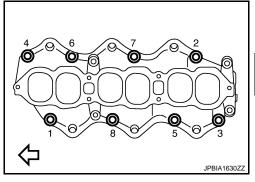
< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

• Tighten all mounting nuts and bolts to the specified torque in two or more steps in numerical order shown in the figure.

: Engine front

(1) 1st step : 7.4 N·m (0.75 kg-m, 5 ft-lb)

2nd step and after : 25.5 N·m (2.6 kg-m, 19 ft-lb)



Inspection

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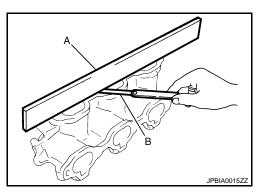
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Surface Distortion

• Check the surface distortion of the intake manifold mating surface with a straightedge (A) and a feeler gauge (B).

Limit: Refer to EM-136, "Intake Manifold".

• If it exceeds the limit, replace intake manifold.



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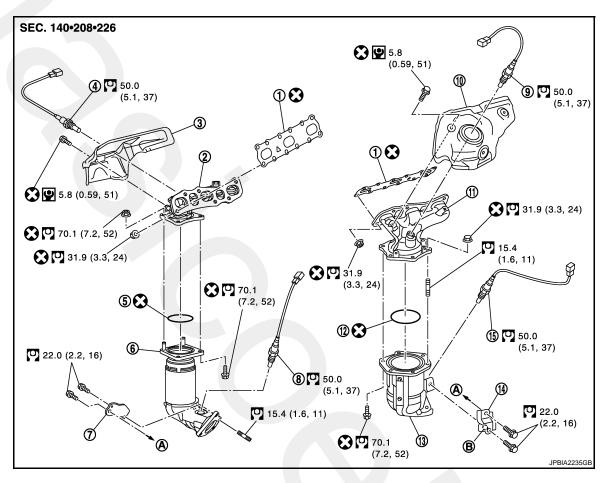
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EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

Exploded View INFOID:0000000003802258



- 1. Gasket
- Air fuel ratio sensor 1 (bank 1)
- 7. Three way catalyst support (bank 1)
- Exhaust manifold cover (bank 2)
- 13. Three way catalyst (bank 2)
- To oil pan (upper)

- 2. Exhaust manifold (bank 1)
- 5.
- Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)
- Exhaust manifold (bank 2)
- Three way catalyst support (bank 2)
- Upper mark
- Ring gasket
- Ring gasket

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- Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

WARNING:

Perform the work when the exhaust and cooling system have completely cooled down.

- Remove following parts:
 - Air duct (inlet), air cleaner case (upper) with mass air flow sensor and air duct assembly: Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
 - Engine cover: Refer to EM-24, "Exploded View".
 - Front wiper arm: Refer to WW-105, "Exploded View".
 - Extension cowl top: Refer to <u>EXT-20</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
- 2. Remove exhaust front tube. Refer to EX-5, "Exploded View".

INFOID:0000000003802259

Exhaust manifold cover (bank 1)

Three way catalyst (bank 1)

Air fuel ratio sensor 1 (bank 2)

EM-34

EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

(A)

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

- Disconnect harness connector and remove air fuel ratio sensor 1 on both banks with the heated oxygen sensor wrench [SST: KV10117100 (J3647-A)] (B).
 - Put marks to identify installation positions of each air fuel ratio sensor 1.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage air fuel ratio sensor 1.
- Discard any air fuel ratio sensor 1 which has been dropped onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor. Replace with a new sensor.

NOTE:

Figure is shown as an example of bank 2 (A).

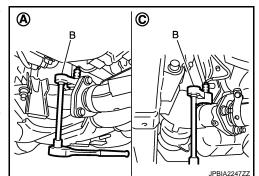
4. Disconnect harness connector and remove heated oxygen sensor 2 on both banks with the heated oxygen sensor wrench [SST: KV10114400 (J38365)] (B).

> A: Bank 1 C: Bank 2

 Put marks to identify installation positions of each heated oxygen sensor 2.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage heated oxygen sensor 2.
- Discard any heated oxygen sensor 2 which has been dropped onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor. Replace with a new sensor.



5. Remove exhaust manifold covers (bank 1 and bank 2).

6. Remove three way catalyst support mounting bolts (bank 1 and bank 2).

7. Remove three way catalysts (bank 1 and bank 2) by loosening bolts first and then removing nuts. **CAUTION:**

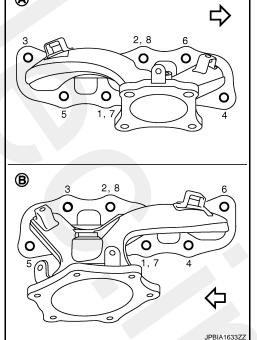
Handle carefully to avoid any shock to three way catalyst.

8. Loosen mounting nuts in reverse order as shown in the figure to remove exhaust manifolds (bank 1 and bank 2).

> Α : Bank 1 В : Bank 2 < : Engine front

NOTE:

Disregard No. 7 and 8 when loosing.



Remove gaskets. CAUTION:

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EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

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Cover engine openings to avoid entry of foreign materials.

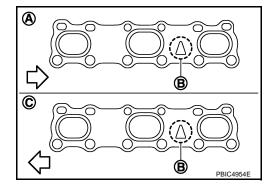
INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

Exhaust Manifold Gasket

Install in the direction indicated in the figure.

A : Bank 1
B : Triangle press
C : Bank 2
: Engine front



Exhaust Manifold

If stud bolts were removed, install them and tighten to the torque specified below.

(1.6 kg-m, 11 ft-lb)

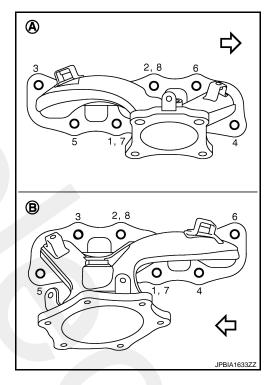
• Tighten mounting nuts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

A : Bank 1
B : Bank 2

<☐ : Engine front

NOTE:

No. 7 and 8 mean double tightening of nuts No. 1 and 2.



Three Way Catalyst Supports

- 1. Temporarily tighten three way catalyst support mounting bolts.
- 2. Tighten three way catalyst support mounting bolts to oil pan (upper).
- 3. Tighten three way catalyst support mounting bolts to three way catalyst.

Air Fuel Ratio Sensor 1 and Heated Oxygen Sensor 2

• Install air fuel ratio sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2 in the original position.

EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

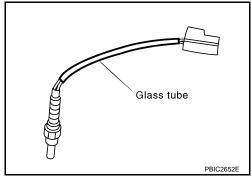
· Install referring the following if the installation positions cannot be identified.

Glass tube color

Air fuel ratio sensor 1 : Gray **Heated oxygen sensor 2** : White

CAUTION:

 Before installing a new air fuel ratio sensor and a new heated oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using oxygen sensor thread cleaner (commercial service tool: J-43897-18 or J43897-12) and apply anti-seize lubricant (commercial service



 Never over torque air fuel ratio sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2. Doing so may cause damage to air fuel ratio sensor and heated oxygen sensor, resulting in "MI" coming on.

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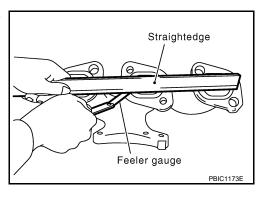
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Surface Distortion

· Check the surface distortion of the exhaust manifold mating surface with a straightedge and a feeler gauge.

Limit: Refer to EM-136, "Exhaust Manifold".

If it exceeds the limit, replace exhaust manifold.



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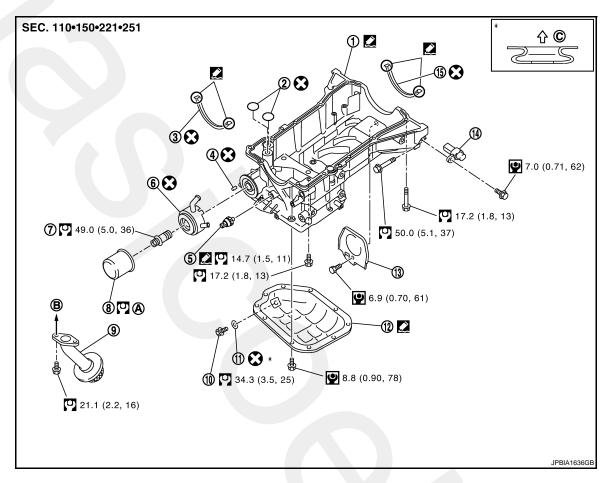
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EM-37

Exploded View



- Oil pan (upper)
- 4. Relief valve
- 7. Connector bolt
- 10. Drain plug
- 13. Rear plate cover
- A. Refer to <u>LU-10</u>

- 2. O-ring
- 5. Oil pressure switch
- 8. Oil filter
- 11. Drain plug washer
- 14. Crankshaft position sensor (POS)
- B. To oil pump
- Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

- 3. Oil pan gasket (front)
- 6. Oil cooler
- Oil strainer
- 12. Oil pan (lower)
- 15. Oil pan gasket (rear)
- C. Oil pan side

Removal and Installation

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REMOVAL

CAUTION:

To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain engine oil when the engine is hot. NOTE:

When removing oil pan (lower) or oil strainer only, take step 1 then step 18 and 19.

1. Drain engine oil. Refer to LU-8, "Draining".

CAUTION:

Never spill engine oil on drive belt.

Drain engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-8, "Draining"</u>. CAUTION:

Never spill engine coolant on drive belt.

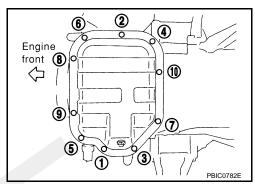
- Remove following parts:
 - Front road wheel and tires (RH and LH)

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

- Splash guard (RH and LH): Refer to EXT-22, "FENDER PROTECTOR: Exploded View".
- Exhaust front tube: Refer to <u>EX-5</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
- Drive belt: Refer to EM-12, "Removal and Installation".
- 4. Remove A/C compressor with piping connected, and temporarily secure it to aside. Refer to <u>HA-36</u>. "Exploded View".
- Remove oil level gauge. Refer to <u>EM-96, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 6. Remove front drive shaft (RH). Refer to <u>FAX-16</u>. "Exploded View".
- 7. Remove three way catalyst (bank 1 and bank 2) from exhaust manifolds (bank 1 and bank 2). Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
- Remove oil pressure switch.
- Remove oil filter. Refer to LU-10, "Removal and Installation".
- 10. Remove oil cooler and water pipes. Refer to <u>LU-11, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 11. Support transaxle assembly with a suitable jack.

CAUTION:

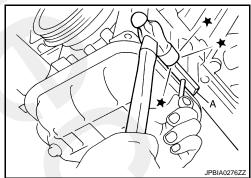
- When setting the transmission jack, be careful not to allow it to collide against the drain plug.
- 12. Support front suspension member with a suitable jack.
- 13. Remove engine mounting insulator (rear). Refer to EM-67, "Exploded View".
- Remove engine mounting insulator (LH) mounting bolts from transaxle. Refer to <u>EM-67, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 15. Remove rear torque rod through bolts from rear torque rod bracket. Refer to EM-67, "Exploded View".
- 16. Remove member stay, front suspension member fixing bolts and nuts. Refer to FSU-16, "Exploded View".
- 17. Lower the jack for the front suspension member to the height.
- 18. Remove oil pan (lower) as follows:
- Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure to remove.



b. Insert the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] (A) between oil pan (upper) and oil pan (lower).

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.
- Never insert a screwdriver, this will damage the mating surfaces.
- Slide the seal cutter by tapping on the side of tool with a hammer. Remove oil pan (lower).



19. Remove oil strainer.

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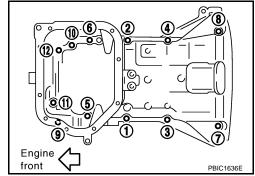
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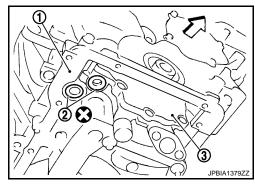
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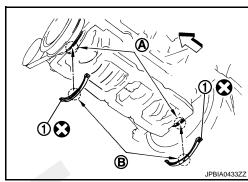
- 20. Loosen mounting bolts in the reverse order as shown in the figure to remove.
 - Insert the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] between oil pan (upper) and cylinder block. Slide seal cutter by tapping on the side of tool with a hammer. Remove oil pan (upper).
 CAUTION:
 - Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.
 - Never insert a screwdriver, this will damage the mating surfaces.



21. Remove O-rings (2) from bottom of cylinder block (1) and oil pump (3).



22. Remove oil pan gaskets (1).

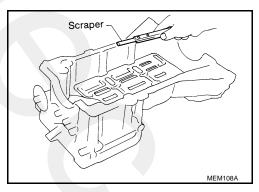


INSTALLATION

- 1. Install oil pan (upper) as follows:
- Use a scraper to remove old liquid gasket from mating surfaces.
 CAUTION:

Never scratch or damage the mating surfaces when cleaning off old liquid gasket.

- Also remove old liquid gasket from mating surface of cylinder block.
- Remove old liquid gasket from the bolt holes and threads.



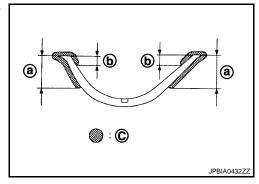
b. Install new oil pan gaskets.

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

Apply liquid gasket to new oil pan gaskets as shown in the figure.

C : Sealing point a : 15 mm (0.59 in) b : 5 mm (0.20 in)

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.



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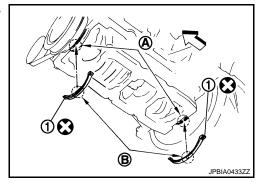
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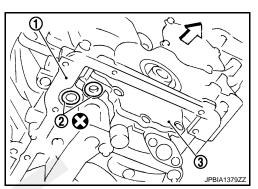
• To install, align protrusion (B) of oil pan gasket with notches (A) of front timing chain case and rear oil seal retainer.

• Install oil pan gasket (1) with smaller arc to front timing chain case side.



c. Install new O-rings (2) on the bottom of cylinder block (1) and oil pump (3).

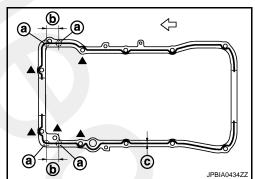
: Engine front



d. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with the tube presser (commercial service tool) to the cylinder block mating surface of oil pan (upper) to a limited portion as shown in the figure.

b : 35 mm (1.38 in)

c : \$\phi 3.5 - 4.5 mm (0.138 - 0.177 in)



Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

CAUTION:

 For bolt holes with ▲ marks (5 locations), apply liquid gasket outside the holes.

Apply a bead of 4.5 to 5.5 mm (0.177 to 0.217 in) diameter to area (a).

Attaching should be done within 5 minutes after coating.

e. Install oil pan (upper).

CAUTION:

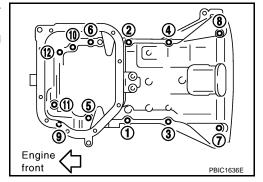
Install avoiding misalignment of both O-rings.

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

- Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the fig-
- There are two types of mounting bolts. Refer to the following for locating bolts.

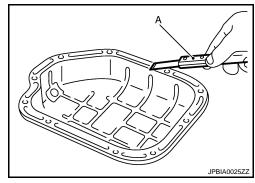
 $M8 \times 135 \text{ mm (5.31 in)}$: 11 $M8 \times 92 \text{ mm } (3.62 \text{ in})$: 5, 7, 8

 $M8 \times 25 \text{ mm } (0.98 \text{ in})$: Except the above



- 2. Install oil strainer to oil pump.
- 3. Install oil pan (lower) as follows:
- a. Use scraper (A) to remove old liquid gasket from mating sur-
 - Remove old liquid gasket from the bolt holes and thread. **CAUTION:**

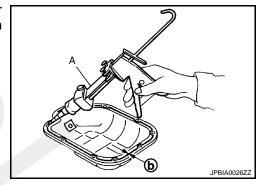
Never scratch or damage the mating surfaces when cleaning off old liquid gasket.



- Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with the tube presser (commercial service tool) (A) to the oil pan (lower) as shown in the figure.
 - b : $\phi 4.0 5.0 \text{ mm} (0.157 0.197 \text{ in})$

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent. **CAUTION:**

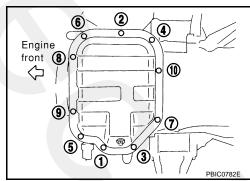
Attaching should be done within 5 minutes after coating.



- Install oil pan (lower).
 - Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the fig-
- 4. Install oil pan drain plug.
 - Refer to the figure of components of former page for installation direction of drain plug washer. Refer to EM-38, "Exploded View".
- Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

NOTE:

At least 30 minutes after oil pan is installed, pour engine oil.



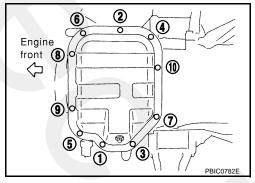
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INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Clean oil strainer if any object attached.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Check the engine oil level and adjust engine oil. Refer to <u>LU-7</u>, "Inspection".
- Start engine, and check there is no leakage of engine oil.



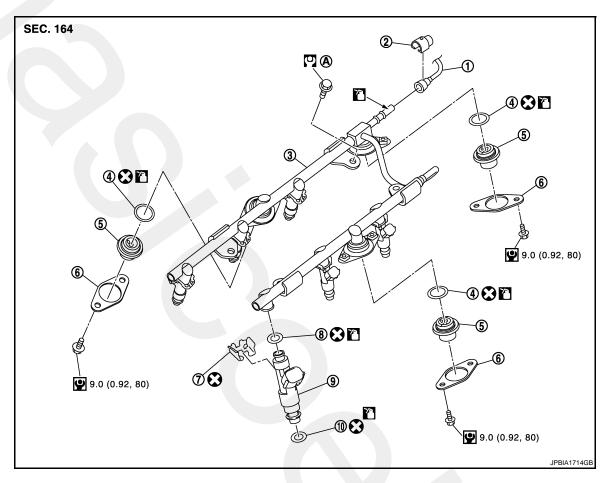
< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

- 3. Stop engine and wait for 10 minutes.
- 4. Check the engine oil level again. Refer to <u>LU-7</u>, "Inspection".

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Exploded View



- 1. Fuel feed hose
- 4. O-ring
- 7. Clip
- 10. O-ring (green)
- A. Refer to EM-44

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

- 2. Quick connector cap
- 5. Fuel damper
- 8. O-ring (black)

- 3. Fuel tube
- 6. Fuel damper cap
- Fuel injector

CAUTION:

Never remove or disassemble parts unless instructed as shown in the figure.

Removal and Installation

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REMOVAL

WARNING:

- Put a "CAUTION: FLAMMABLE" sign in the workshop.
- Be sure to work in a well ventilated area and furnish workshop with a CO2 fire extinguisher.
- Never smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from the work area.
- To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain engine coolant when engine is hot.
- Remove air duct (inlet), air cleaner cases (upper and lower) with mass air flow sensor and air duct assembly. Refer to <u>EM-26</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
- 2. Remove engine cover. Refer to EM-24, "Exploded View".
- Release the fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-411, "Inspection"</u>.
- Remove front wiper arm and extension cowl top. Refer to <u>WW-105, "Exploded View"</u> and <u>EXT-20, "Exploded View"</u>.

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

5. Drain engine coolant, or when water hoses are disconnected, attach plug to prevent engine coolant leakage. Refer to CO-8, "Draining" or EM-28, "Exploded View".

Perform this step when the engine is cold.

- 6. Remove intake manifold collector. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
- 7. When separating fuel feed hose and fuel tube connection, disconnect quick connector as follows:
- a. Remove quick connector cap from quick connector.
- b. Disconnect quick connector from fuel tube as follows:

CAUTION:

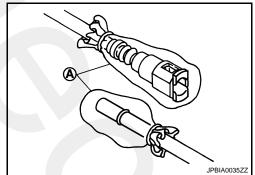
Disconnect quick connector by using the quick connector release [SST: — (J-45488)], not by picking out retainer tabs.

- With the sleeve side of quick connector release facing to quick connector, install the quick connector release onto fuel tube.
- ii. Insert the quick connector release (A) into quick connector (2) until sleeve (B) contacts and goes no further. Hold quick connector release on that position.
 - C : Insert and retain

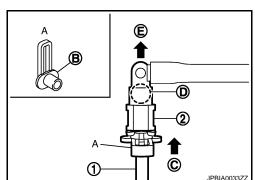
CAUTION:

Inserting quick connector release hard will not disconnect quick connector. Hold quick connector release where it contacts and goes no further.

- iii. Draw and pull out quick connector straight from fuel tube (1).CAUTION:
 - Pull quick connector (E) holding position (D) as shown in the figure.
 - Never pull with lateral force applied. O-ring inside quick connector may be damaged.
 - · Prepare container and cloth beforehand as fuel will leak out.
 - Avoid fire and sparks.
 - Keep parts away from heat source. Especially, be careful when welding is performed around them.
 - Never expose parts to battery electrolyte or other acids.
 - Never bend or twist connection between quick connector and fuel feed hose (with damper) during installation/removal.
 - To keep clean the connecting portion and to avoid damage and foreign materials, cover them completely with plastic bags, etc. (A) or something similar.



8. Disconnect harness connector from fuel injector.



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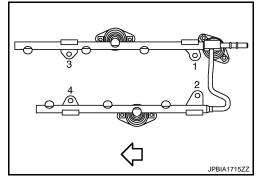
< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

9. Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure, and remove fuel tube and fuel injector assembly.

: Engine front

CAUTION:

Never tilt fuel tube, or remaining fuel in pipes may flow out from pipes.



- 10. Remove fuel injector from fuel tube as follows:
- a. Open and remove clip (1).

3 : O-ring (green)

4 : O-ring (black)

A : Installed condition

B : Clip mounting groove

b. Remove fuel injector (2) from fuel tube (5) by pulling straight.

CAUTION:

- Be careful with remaining fuel that may go out from fuel tube.
- · Be careful not to damage injector nozzle during removal.
- Never bump or drop fuel injector.
- · Never disassemble fuel injector.
- 11. Remove fuel damper from fuel tube.

INSTALLATION

- 1. Install fuel damper as follows:
- Install new O-ring (2) to fuel tube (1) as shown. When handling new O-ring, be careful of the following caution:

CAUTION:

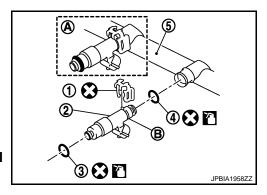
- Handle O-ring with bare hands. Never wear gloves.
- Lubricate O-ring with new engine oil.
- Never clean O-ring with solvent.
- Check that O-ring and its mating part are free of foreign material.
- When installing O-ring, be careful not to scratch it with tool or fingernails. Also be careful not to twist or stretch O-ring. If O-ring was stretched while it was being attached, never insert it quickly into fuel tube.
- Insert new O-ring straight into fuel tube. Never twist it.
- b. Install spacer (3) to fuel damper (4).
- c. Insert fuel damper straight into fuel tube.

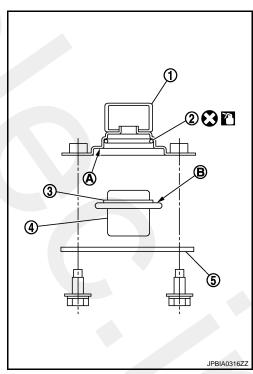
CAUTION:

- Insert straight, making sure that the axis is lined up.
- Never pressure-fit with excessive force.

Reference value : 130 N (13.3 kg, 29.2 lb)

- Insert fuel damper until (B) is touching (A) of fuel tube.
- Tighten bolts evenly in turn.
 - After tightening bolts, check that there is no gap between fuel damper cap (5) and fuel tube.
- Install new O-rings to fuel injector paying attention to the following. CAUTION:





< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

Upper and lower O-ring are different. Be careful not to confuse them.

Fuel tube side : Black Nozzle side : Green

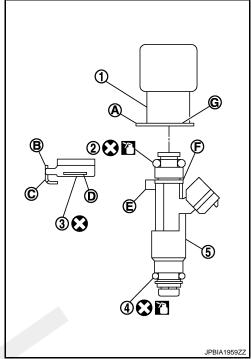
- Handle O-ring with bare hands. Never wear gloves.
- Lubricate O-ring with new engine oil.
- Never clean O-ring with solvent.
- Check that O-ring and its mating part are free of foreign material.
- When installing O-ring, be careful not to scratch it with tool or fingernails. Also be careful not to twist or stretch O-ring. If O-ring was stretched while it was being attached, never insert it quickly into fuel tube.
- Insert O-ring straight into fuel injector. Never decenter or twist it.
- 3. Install fuel injector to fuel tube as follows:
- a. Insert clip (3) into clip mounting groove (F) on fuel injector (5).

2 : O-ring (black)4 : O-ring (green)

 Insert clip so that protrusion (E) of fuel injector matches cutout (C) of clip.

CAUTION:

- Never reuse clip. Replace it with new one.
- Be careful to keep clip from interfering with O-ring. If interference occurs, replace O-ring.
- b. Insert fuel injector into fuel tube (1) with clip attached.
 - Insert it while matching it to the axial center.
 - Insert fuel injector so that protrusion (A) of fuel tube matches cutout (B) of clip.
 - Check that fuel tube flange (G) is securely fixed in flange fixing groove (D) on clip.
- Check that installation is complete by checking that fuel injector does not rotate or come off.
 - Check that protrusions of fuel injectors and fuel tubes are aligned with cutouts of clips after installation.



4. Install fuel tube and fuel injector assembly to intake manifold.

CAUTION:

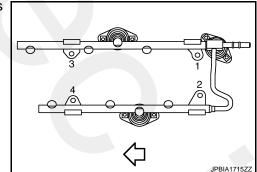
Be careful not to let tip of injector nozzle come in contact with other parts.

 Tighten mounting bolts in two steps in numerical order as shown in the figure.

: Engine front

1st step : 10.1 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

2nd step : 22.0 N·m (2.2 kg-m, 16 ft-lb)



- 5. Connect fuel injector harness.
- Install intake manifold collector, Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
- 7. Connect quick connector between fuel feed hose and fuel tube connection with the following procedure:
- a. Check no foreign substances are deposited in and around fuel tube and quick connector, and no damage on them.
- Thinly apply new engine oil around fuel tube from tip end to spool end.

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- c. Align center to insert quick connector straightly into fuel tube.
 - Insert quick connector (1) to fuel tube until top spool (2) is completely inside quick connector, and 2nd level spool (3) exposes right below quick connector.

CAUTION:

- Hold (A) position as shown in the figure when inserting fuel tube into quick connector.
- Carefully align center to avoid inclined insertion to prevent damage to O-ring inside quick connector.
- Insert until you hear a "click" sound and actually feel the engagement.
- To avoid misidentification of engagement with a similar sound, be sure to perform the next step.
- d. Pull quick connector by hand holding (A) position. Check it is completely engaged (connected) so that it does not come out from fuel tube (2).

1 : Fuel feed hoseB : Upper view

- e. Install quick connector cap (3) to quick connector.
 - Install quick connector cap with arrow on surface facing in direction of quick connector (fuel feed hose side).

CAUTION:

If quick connector cap cannot be installed smoothly, quick connector may have not been installed correctly. Check connection again.

- f. Secure fuel feed hose to clamp of quick connector cap.
- Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

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INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Check on Fuel Leakage

Turn ignition switch "ON" (with the engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check there
are no fuel leakage at connection points.

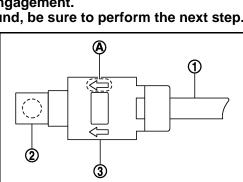
NOTE:

Use mirrors for checking at points out of clear sight.

2. Start the engine. With engine speed increased, check again that there are no fuel leakage at connection points.

CAUTION:

Never touch the engine immediately after stopped, as the engine becomes extremely hot.



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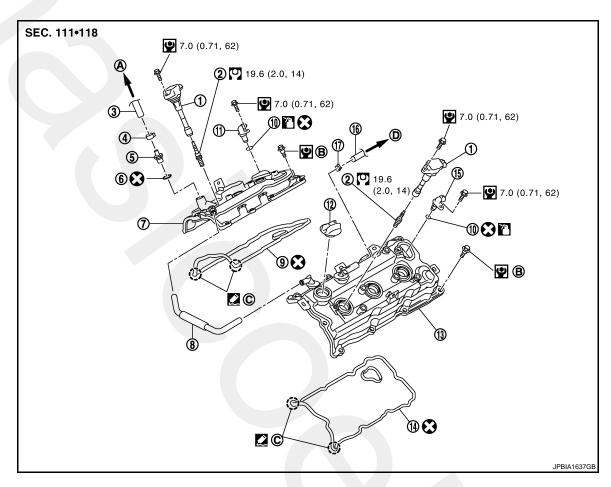
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IGNITION COIL, SPARK PLUG AND ROCKER COVER

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

IGNITION COIL, SPARK PLUG AND ROCKER COVER

Exploded View INFOID:0000000003802267



- 1. Ignition coil
- Clamp
- Rocker cover (bank 1) 7.
- O-ring 10.
- Rocker cover (bank 2) 13.
- PCV hose
- A. To intake manifold collector
- To air duct assembly

- 2. Spark plug
- PCV valve
- PCV hose
- Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) 11. (bank 1)
- Rocker cover gasket (bank 2) 14.
- Clamp 17.
- B. Refer to EM-49

- 3. PCV hose
- 6. O-ring
- Rocker cover gasket (bank 1)
- 12. Oil filler cap
- Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) 15. (bank 2)
- Camshaft bracket side

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- Remove the following parts:
 - Engine cover: Refer to EM-24, "Exploded View".
 - Air cleaner cases (upper and lower) and air duct assembly: Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View"
 - Intake manifold collector: Refer to <u>ÉM-28</u>, "Exploded View".
- Disconnect PCV hose from rocker cover.

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

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IGNITION COIL, SPARK PLUG AND ROCKER COVER

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

- 3. Remove camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 1 and bank 2).
 - A : Keep off any magnetic materials

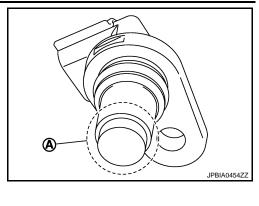
CAUTION:

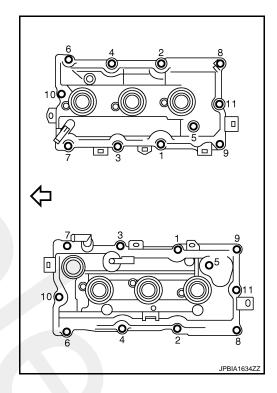
- Handle carefully to avoid dropping and shocks.
- Never disassemble
- Never allow metal powder to adhere to magnetic part at sensor tip.
- Never place sensors in a location where they are exposed to magnetism.
- 4. Remove PCV valve and O-ring from rocker cover, if necessary.
- 5. Remove oil filler cap from rocker cover, if necessary.
- 6. Remove ignition coil.

CAUTION:

Never shock ignition coil.

- 7. Remove harness clips on the rocker cover.
- 8. Loosen bolts in reverse order shown in the figure.
 - : Engine front





- 9. Remove rocker cover gasket from rocker cover.
- 10. Use scraper to remove all traces of liquid gasket from cylinder head and camshaft bracket (No. 1). **CAUTION:**

Never scratch or damage the mating surface when cleaning off old liquid gasket.

INSTALLATION

IGNITION COIL, SPARK PLUG AND ROCKER COVER

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

1. Apply liquid gasket to the position shown in the figure with the following procedure:

A : Liquid gasket application point

F: View F

b : 4 mm (0.16 in)

c : \$\phi 2.5 - 3.5 mm (0.098 - 0.138 in)

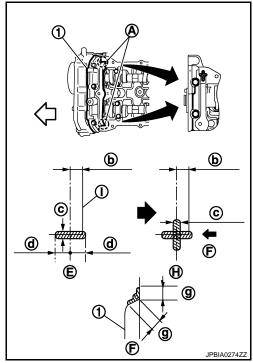
d : 5 mm (0.20 in) g : 10 mm (0.39 in)

I : End surface of camshaft bracket (No. 1)

: Engine front

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

- a. Refer to figure (E) to apply liquid gasket to joint part of camshaft bracket (No. 1) (1) and cylinder head.
- b. Refer to figure (H) to apply liquid gasket in 90 degrees to figure.



2. Install rocker cover gasket to rocker cover.

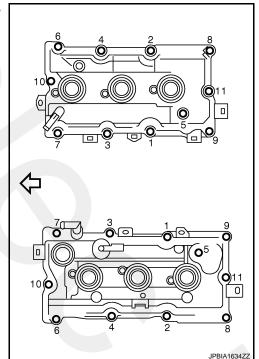
3. Install rocker cover.

Check if rocker cover gasket is not dropped from the installation groove of rocker cover.

4. Tighten bolts in two steps separately in numerical order as shown in the figure.

1st step : 1.96 N-m (0.2 kg-m, 17 in-lb)

2nd step : 8.33 N·m (0.85 kg-m, 74 in-lb)



5. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

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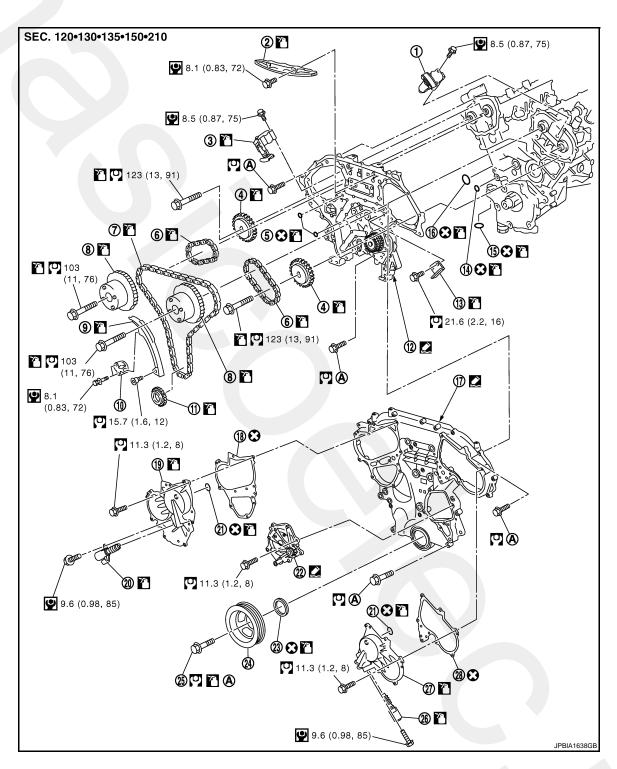
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Exploded View



- 1. Timing chain tensioner (secondary) (bank 2)
- 4. Camshaft sprocket (EXH)
- 7. Timing chain (primary)
- 10. Timing chain tensioner (primary)
- 13. Tension guide
- 16. O-ring

- 2. Internal chain guide
- 5. O-ring
- 8. Camshaft sprocket (INT)
- 11. Crankshaft sprocket
- 14. O-ring
- 17. Front timing chain case
- Timing chain tensioner (secondary) (bank 1)
- 6. Timing chain (secondary)
- 9. Slack guide
- 12. Rear timing chain case
- 15. O-ring
- 18. Valve timing control cover gasket (bank 1)

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

- 19. Valve timing control cover (bank 1)
- 22. Water pump cover
- 25. Crankshaft pulley bolt
- Valve timing control cover gasket (bank 2)

Removal and Installation

Refer to EM-53

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

- Intake valve timing control sole-20. noid valve (bank 1)
- 23. Front oil seal
- Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2)
- 21. Seal ring
- 24. Crankshaft pulley
- Valve timing control cover (bank 2)



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REMOVAL

Drain engine oil. Refer to LU-8, "Draining".

Drain engine coolant from inside engine. Refer to EM-76, "Setting".

Remove intake manifold collector. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View". 3.

Remove rocker covers (bank 1 and bank 2). Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".

Remove oil pans (lower and upper) and oil strainer. Refer to <u>EM-38, "Exploded View"</u>.

Remove drive belt, idler pulleys and bracket. Refer to EM-12, "Removal and Installation" and EM-25, "Exploded View".

Separate engine harness removing their brackets from front timing chain case.

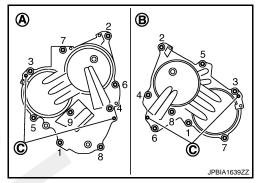
Remove valve timing control covers.

Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.

Α : Bank 1 В : Bank 2 С : Dowel pin hole

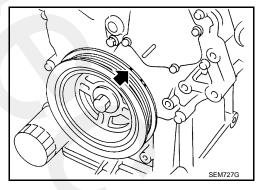
CAUTION:

Shaft is internally jointed with camshaft sprocket (INT) center hole. When removing, keep it horizontal until it is completely disconnected.



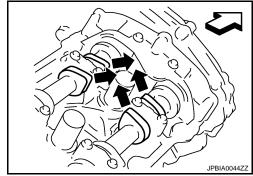
Obtain No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke as follows: 9.

Rotate crankshaft pulley clockwise to align timing mark (grooved line without color) (with timing indicator.



< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

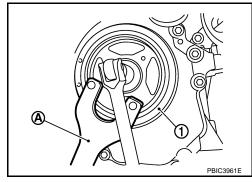
- b. Check that intake and exhaust cam noses on No. 1 cylinder (engine front side of bank 1) are located as shown in the figure.
 - : Engine front
 - If not, turn crankshaft one revolution (360 degrees) and align as shown in the figure.



- 10. Remove crankshaft pulley as follows:
- a. Fix crankshaft with the pulley holder (commercial service tool)
 (A).
 - 1 : Crankshaft pulley
- b. Loosen crankshaft pulley bolt and locate bolt seating surface at 10 mm (0.39 in) from its original position.

CAUTION:

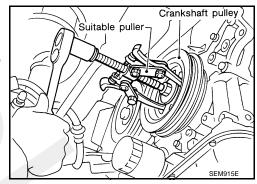
Never remove crankshaft pulley bolt as it will be used as a supporting point for suitable puller.



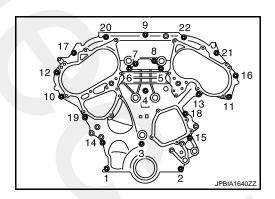
c. Place suitable puller tab on holes of crankshaft pulley, and pull crankshaft pulley through.

CAUTION:

Never put suitable puller tab on crankshaft pulley periphery, as this will damage internal damper.



- 11. Remove front timing chain case as follows:
- a. Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.

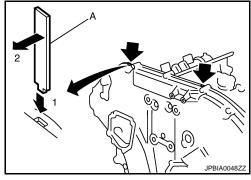


< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

- b. Insert a suitable tool (A) into the notch at the top of front timing chain case as shown in the figure.
- c. Pry off case by moving the tool as shown in the figure.
 - Use the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] to cut liquid gasket for removal.

CAUTION:

- · Never use screwdrivers or something similar.
- After removal, handle front timing chain case carefully so it does not tilt, cant, or warp under a load.

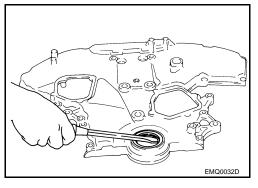


12. Remove water pump cover from front timing chain case.

- Use the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] to cut liquid gasket for removal.
- Remove front oil seal from front timing chain case using a suitable tool.
 - Use a screwdriver for removal.

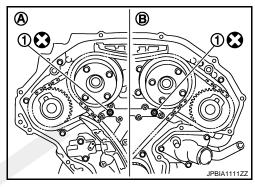
CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage front timing chain case.



14. Remove O-ring (1) from rear timing chain case.

A : Bank 1 B : Bank 2



15. Remove timing chain tensioner (primary) as follows:

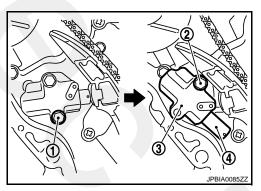
a. Remove lower mounting bolt (1).

b. Loosen upper mounting bolt (2) slowly, and then turn timing chain tensioner (primary) (3) on the mounting bolt so that plunger (4) is fully expanded.

NOTE:

Even if plunger is fully expanded, it is not dropped from the body of timing chain tensioner (primary).

c. Remove upper mounting bolt, and then remove timing chain tensioner (primary).



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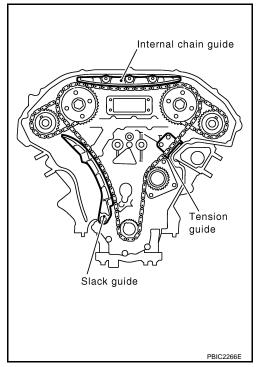
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Remove internal chain guide, tension guide and slack guide.
 NOTE:

Tension guide can be removed after removing timing chain (primary).



17. Remove timing chain (primary) and crankshaft sprocket.

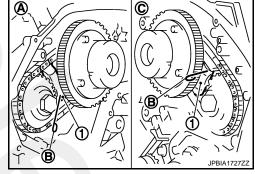
CAUTION:

After removing timing chain (primary), never turn crankshaft and camshaft separately, or valves will strike the piston heads.

- 18. Remove timing chain (secondary) and camshaft sprockets as follows:
- a. Attach a suitable stopper pin (B) to the bank 1 (A) and bank 2 (C) timing chain tensioners (secondary) (1).

NOTE:

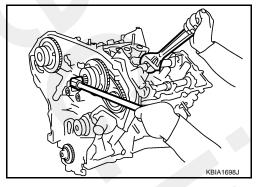
- Use approximately 0.5 mm (0.02 in) dia. hard metal pin as a stopper pin.
- For removal of timing chain tensioner (secondary), refer to <u>EM-84, "Exploded View"</u>. [Removing camshaft bracket (No. 1) is required.]



- b. Remove camshaft sprockets (INT and EXH) mounting bolts.
 - Secure the hexagonal portion of camshaft using a wrench to loosen mounting bolts.

CAUTION:

Never loosen mounting bolts with securing anything other than the camshaft hexagonal portion or with tensioning the timing chain.



- c. Remove timing chain (secondary) together with camshaft sprockets.
 - Turn camshaft slightly to secure slackness of timing chain on timing chain tensioner (secondary) side.

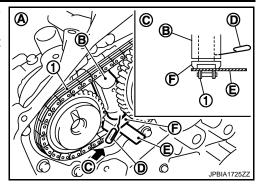
< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

Insert 0.5 mm (0.020 in) thick metal or resin plate between timing chain and timing chain tensioner plunger (guide) (F).
 Remove timing chain (secondary) (1) together with camshaft sprockets with timing chain loose from guide groove.

A : Bank 1

B : Timing chain tensioner (Body)

C : View C
D : Stopper pin
E : Plate

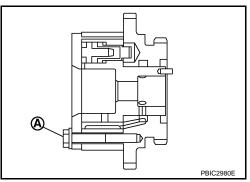


CAUTION:

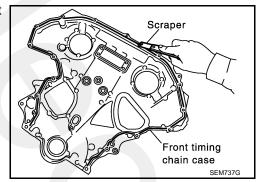
Be careful of plunger coming-off when removing timing chain (secondary). This is because plunger of timing chain tensioner (secondary) moves during operation, leading to coming-off of fixed stopper pin.

NOTE:

- Camshaft sprocket (INT) is two-for-one structure of sprockets for timing chain (primary) and for timing chain (secondary).
- Figure is shown as an example of bank 1.
- When handling camshaft sprocket (INT), be careful of the following caution:
 - Handle carefully to avoid any shock to camshaft sprocket.
 - Never disassemble. [Never loosen bolts (A) as shown in the figure].

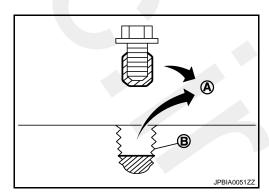


- 19. Remove timing chain tensioners (secondary) from cylinder head as follows, if necessary.
 - Remove timing chain tensioners (secondary) with a stopper pin attached.
- 20. Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from front timing chain case, and opposite mating surfaces.



Remove old liquid gasket from bolt hole (B) and thread.

A : Remove sticking old liquid gasket



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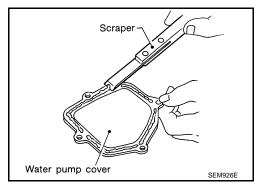
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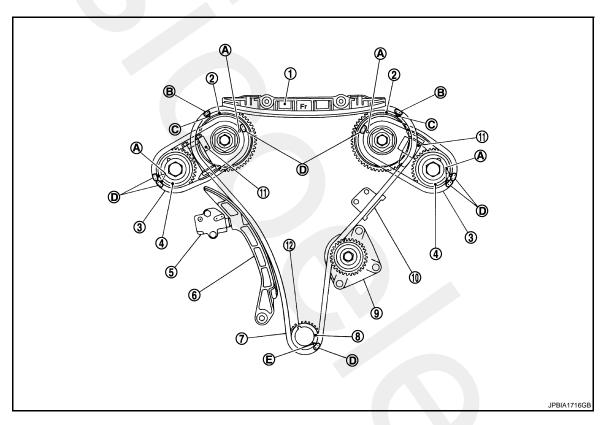
21. Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from water pump cover.



INSTALLATION

NOTE:

The below figure shows the relationship between the mating mark on each timing chain and that on the corresponding sprocket, with the components installed.



- 1. Internal chain guide
- 4. Camshaft sprocket (EXH)
- 7. Timing chain (primary)
- 10. Tension guide
- A. Mating mark
- D. Mating mark (orange)

- 2. Camshaft sprocket (INT)
- 5. Timing chain tensioner (primary)
- 8. Crankshaft sprocket
- 11. Timing chain tensioner (secondary)
- B. Mating mark (pink link)
- E. Mating mark (notched)

- 3. Timing chain (secondary)
- 6. Slack guide
- 9. Water pump
- 12. Crankshaft key
- C. Mating mark (punched)
- Install timing chain tensioners (secondary) to cylinder head as follows if removed. Refer to <u>EM-84</u>, <u>"Exploded View"</u>.
 - Install timing chain tensioners (secondary) with a stopper pin attached and new O-ring.

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

Check that dowel pin hole, dowel pin and crankshaft key are located as shown in the figure. (No. 1 cylinder at compression TDC)

NOTE:

Though camshaft does not stop at the position as shown in the figure, for the placement of cam nose, it is generally accepted camshaft is placed for the same direction of the figure.

Camshaft dowel pin hole (intake side)

: At cylinder head upper face side in each bank

Camshaft dowel pin (exhaust side)

: At cylinder head upper face side in each bank

Crankshaft key

: At cylinder head side of bank 1

CAUTION:

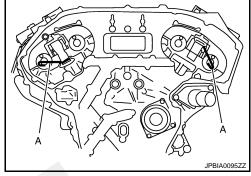
Hole on small dia. side must be used for intake side dowel pin hole. Never misidentify (ignore big dia. side).

3. Install timing chain (secondary) and camshaft sprockets (INT and EXH) as follows:

CAUTION:

Mating marks between timing chain and sprockets slip easily. Confirm all mating mark positions repeatedly during the installation process.

a. Push plunger of timing chain tensioner (secondary) and keep it pressed in with stopper pin (A).



Dowel pin hole (Small dia. side)

Crankshaft key

Dowel pin

Install timing chain (secondary) (1) and camshaft sprockets (INT and EXH).

A : Camshaft sprocket (INT) back face

B : Orange link

C : Mating mark (Circle)

D : Camshaft sprocket (EXH) back faceE : Mating mark (2 circle on front face)

F : Dowel pin groove

G: Mating mark (2 ovals on front face)

H : Mating mark (Oval)

I : Dowel pin hole

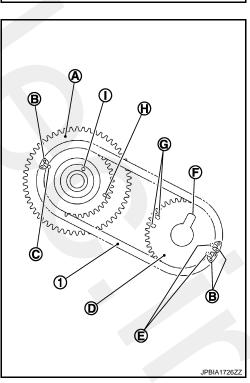
NOTE:

Figure shows bank 1 (rear view).

 Align the mating marks on timing chain (secondary) (orange link) with the ones on camshaft sprockets (INT and EXH) (punched), and install them.

NOTE:

- Mating marks for camshaft sprocket (INT) are on the back side of camshaft sprocket (secondary).
- There are two types of mating mark, circle and oval types.
 They should be used for the bank 1 and bank 2, respectively.



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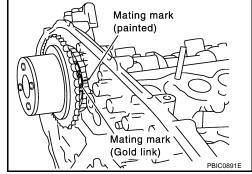
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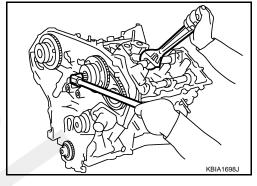
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Bank 1 : Use circle type.
Bank 2 : Use oval type.

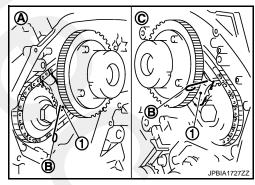
- Align dowel pin and pin hole on camshafts with the groove and dowel pin on sprockets, and install them.
- On the intake side, align pin hole on the small diameter side of the camshaft front end with dowel pin on the back side of camshaft sprocket, and install them.
- On the exhaust side, align dowel pin on camshaft front end with pin groove on camshaft sprocket, and install them.
- In case that positions of each mating mark and each dowel pin are not fit on mating parts, make fine adjustment to the position holding the hexagonal portion on camshaft with wrench or equivalent.
- Mounting bolts for camshaft sprockets must be tightened in the next step. Tightening them by hand is enough to prevent the dislocation of dowel pins.
- It may be difficult to visually check the dislocation of mating marks during and after installation. To make the matching easier, make a mating mark on the top of sprocket teeth and its extended line in advance with paint.



- c. After confirming the mating marks are aligned, tighten camshaft sprocket mounting bolts.
 - Secure camshaft using wrench at the hexagonal portion to tighten mounting bolts.



- d. Pull stopper pins (B) out from timing chain tensioners (secondary) (1).
 - A : Bank 1 C : Bank 2



- 4. Install tension guide.
- 5. Install timing chain (primary) as follows:

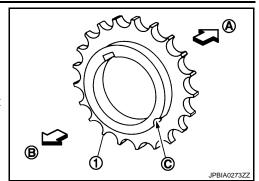
< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

Install crankshaft sprocket (1).

: Crankshaft side В : Engine front side

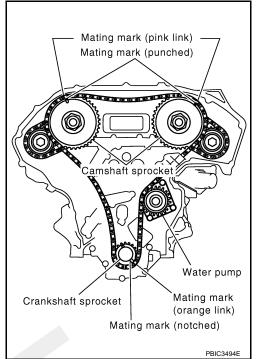
: Mating mark (Front side)

 Check the mating marks on crankshaft sprocket face the front of the engine.

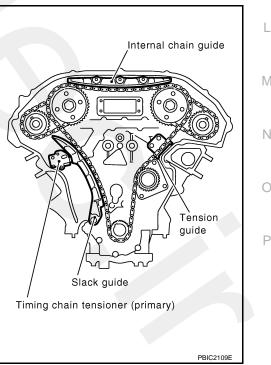


Install timing chain (primary).

- Install timing chain (primary) so the mating mark (punched) on camshaft sprocket (INT) is aligned with the pink link on timing chain, while the mating mark (notched) on crankshaft sprocket is aligned with the orange one on timing chain, as shown in the figure.
- When it is difficult to align mating marks of timing chain (primary) with each sprocket, gradually turn camshaft using wrench on the hexagonal portion to align it with the mating marks.
- During alignment, be careful to prevent dislocation of mating mark alignments of timing chains (secondary).



Install internal chain guide, slack guide and timing chain tensioner (primary).



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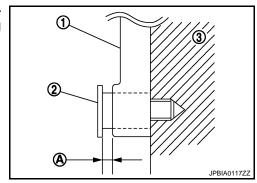
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CAUTION:

Never overtighten slack guide mounting bolt (2). It is normal for a gap (A) to exist under the bolt seat when mounting bolt is tightened to specification.

1 : Slack guide3 : Cylinder block



- 7. Install the timing chain tensioner (primary) with the following procedure:
- a. Pull plunger stopper tab (A) up (or turn lever downward) so as to remove plunger stopper tab from the ratchet of plunger (D).
 NOTE:

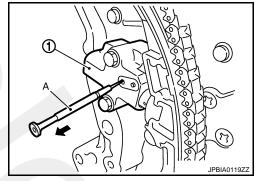
Plunger stopper tab and lever (C) are synchronized.

- b. Push plunger into the inside of tensioner body.
- c. Hold plunger in the fully compressed position by engaging plunger stopper tab with the tip of ratchet.
- d. To secure lever, insert stopper pin (E) through hole of lever into tensioner body hole (B).
 - The lever parts and the tab are synchronized. Therefore, the plunger will be secured under this condition.

NOTE:

Figure shows the example of 1.2 mm (0.047 in) diameter thin screwdriver being used as the stopper pin.

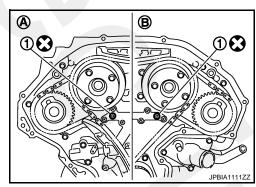
- e. Install timing chain tensioner (primary) (1).
 - Remove any dirt and foreign materials completely from the back and the mounting surfaces of timing chain tensioner (primary).
- f. Pull out stopper pin (A) after installing, and then release plunger.



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- Check again that the mating marks on each sprocket and each timing chain have not slipped out of alignment.
- 9. Install new O-rings (1) on rear timing chain case.

A : Bank 1 B : Bank 2

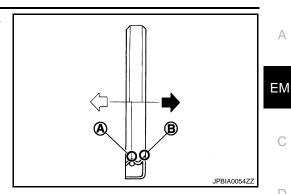


- 10. Install new front oil seal on front timing chain case.
 - Apply new engine oil to both oil seal lip and dust seal lip.

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

• Install it so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure.

: Oil seal lip В : Dust seal lip : Engine inside : Engine outside



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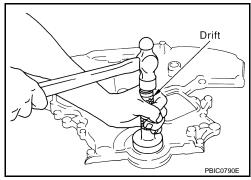
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• Using a suitable drift [outer diameter: 60 mm (2.36 in)], pressfit oil seal until it becomes flush with front timing chain case end face.

· Check the garter spring is in position and seal lip is not inverted.

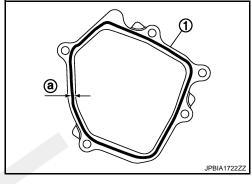


11. Install water pump cover to front timing chain case.

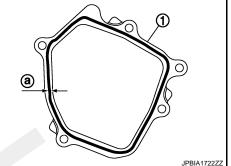
 Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with the tube presser (commercial service tool) to water pump cover (1) as shown in the figure.

a : \$\phi 2.3 - 3.3 mm (0.091 - 0.130 in)

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.



12. Install front timing chain case as follows:



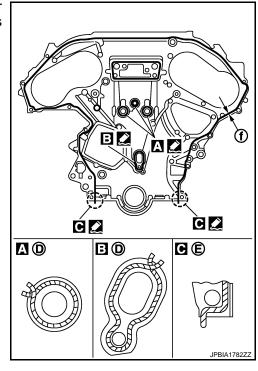
< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

 Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with the tube presser (commercial service tool) to front timing chain case back side as shown in the figure.

D : Bolt hole
E : Protrusion

f : \$\phi 2.6 - 3.6 mm (0.102 - 0.142 in)

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.



- b. Install front timing chain case as to fit its dowel pin hole together dowel pin on rear timing chain case.
- c. Tighten mounting bolts to the specified torque in numerical order as shown in the figure.
 - There are two types of mounting bolt. Refer to the following for locating bolts.

M8 bolts : 1, 2

(2.9 kg-m, 21 ft-lb) M6 bolts : Except the above (2.12.7 N·m (1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

d. After all bolts tightening, retighten them to the specified torque in numerical order as shown in the figure.



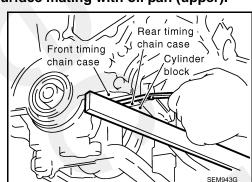
Be sure to wipe off any excessive liquid gasket leaking on surface mating with oil pan (upper).

e. After installing front timing chain case, check the surface height difference between the following parts on the oil pan (upper) mounting surface.

Standard

Front timing chain case to rear timing chain case:
-0.14 to 0.14 mm (-0.006 to 0.006 in)

If not within the standard, repeat the installation procedure.



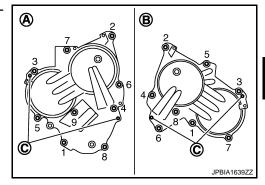
- 13. Install intake valve timing control covers as follows:
- a. Install new seal rings in shaft grooves.
- Being careful not to move seal rings from the installation grooves, align dowel pins on front timing chain case with the holes to install valve timing control covers.

< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

 Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

> A : Bank 1 B : Bank 2

C : Dowel pin hole



14. Install crankshaft pulley as follows:

a. Install crankshaft pulley, taking care not to damage front oil seal.

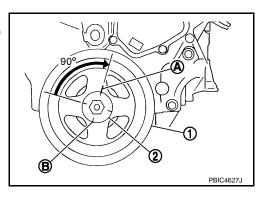
• When press-fitting crankshaft pulley with a plastic hammer, tap on its center portion (not circumference).

b. Fix crankshaft with the pulley holder (commercial service tool).

c. Tighten crankshaft pulley bolt.

O: 44.1 N·m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

d. Place a paint mark (A) on crankshaft pulley (1) aligning with the angle mark (B) on crankshaft pulley bolt (2). Tighten the bolt 90 degrees (angle tightening).



 Rotate crankshaft pulley in normal direction (clockwise when viewed from engine front) to confirm it turns smoothly.

16. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

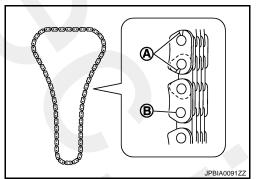
Inspection INFOID:0000000003802271

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Timing Chain

Check for cracks and any excessive wear at link plates and roller links of timing chain. Replace timing chain as necessary.

A : Crack
B : Wear



INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Inspection for Leakage

The following are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak.

• Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to MA-11, "Fluids and Lubricants".

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< ON-VEHICLE REPAIR >

- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.

NOTE:

If hydraulic pressure inside chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after the engine start. However, this does not indicate an unusualness. Noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

- Warm up engine thoroughly to check there is no leakage of fuel, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.

Summary of the inspection items:

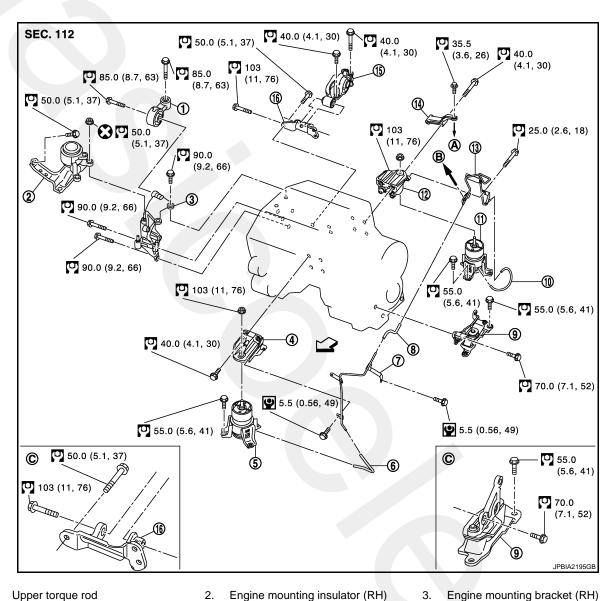
Items	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level
Other oils and fluid*	Level	Leakage	Level
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage

^{*:} Transmission/transaxle/CVT fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

ENGINE ASSEMBLY

Exploded View INFOID:0000000003802272



- Upper torque rod
- 4. Engine mounting bracket (front)
- 7. Vacuum tube (front)
- Vacuum hose 10.
- 13. Vacuum tube (rear)
- Rear torque rod bracket
- A. To transaxle

- Engine mounting insulator (RH) 2.
- Engine mounting insulator (front) 5.
- 8. Vacuum hose
- Engine mounting insulator (rear) 11.
- Gusset

- Vacuum hose 6.
 - Engine mounting insulator (LH) 9.
 - Engine mounting bracket (rear)
 - Rear torque rod
- To electronic controlled engine mount control solenoid valve

VQ25DE

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

Removal and Installation

WARNING:

· Situate the vehicle on a flat and solid surface.

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< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

- · Place chocks at front and back of rear wheels.
- For engines not equipped with engine slingers, attach proper slingers and bolts described in PARTS CATALOG.

CAUTION:

- Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Never start working until exhaust system and engine coolant are cool enough.
- If items or work required are not covered by the engine section, refer to the applicable sections.
- Always use the support point specified for lifting.
- Use either 2-pole lift type or separate type lift as best you can. If board-on type is used for unavoidable reasons, support at the rear axle jacking point with transmission jack or similar tool before starting work, in preparation for the backward shift of center of gravity.
- For supporting points for lifting and jacking point at rear axle, refer to GI-30, "Garage Jack and Safety Stand and 2-Pole Lift".

REMOVAL

Outline

At first, remove the engine and the transaxle assembly with front suspension member downward. Then separate the engine and the transaxle.

Preparation

- 1. Release fuel pressure. Refer to <a>EC-411, "Inspection".
- Drain engine coolant. Refer to <u>CO-8, "Draining"</u>.

CAUTION:

- Perform this step when the engine is cold.
- Never spill engine coolant on drive belt.
- 3. Remove the following parts:
 - Engine cover: Refer to <u>EM-24, "Exploded View"</u>.
 - Front road wheel and tires
 - Splash guards (RH and LH): Refer to EXT-22, "FENDER PROTECTOR: Exploded View".
 - Air duct (inlet), air cleaner cases (upper and lower) with mass air flow sensor and air duct assembly: Refer to EM-26, "Exploded View".
 - Battery and battery tray: Refer to <u>PG-109</u>, "Removal and Installation".
 - Drive belt: Refer to <u>EM-12</u>, "Removal and Installation".
 - Reservoir tank of radiator. Refer to CO-13, "Exploded View".
 - Front wiper arm: Refer to <u>WW-105</u>, "Exploded View".
- 4. Disconnect engine room harness at the TCM, ECM and other sides.

CAUTION:

To keep clean harness connector and avoid damage and foreign materials, cover them completely with plastic bags or something similar.

- 5. Remove battery bracket with ECM and TCM.
- 6. Remove extension cowl top. Refer to EXT-20, "Exploded View".

Engine Room

- Disconnect heater hoses. Refer to <u>CO-25, "Exploded View"</u>.
 - Install plug to avoid leakage of engine coolant.
- Remove EVAP hose. Refer to <u>EM-28</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
- Disconnect fuel feed hose quick connector at fuel tube side. Refer to EM-44, "Exploded View".
 - Install plug to avoid leakage of fuel.
- Disconnect transaxle shift control cable at transaxle side. Refer to <u>TM-319</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>" (VQ25DE) or <u>TM-157</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>" (VQ35DE).
- 5. Disconnect brake booster vacuum hose at engine side. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
- Disconnect ground cable.
- 7. Disconnect A/C compressor piping at A/C compressor side. Refer to HA-36, "Exploded View".
- Disconnect suction hoses of power steering oil pump at reservoir tank side. Refer to <u>ST-34, "Exploded View"</u>.
 - Install plug to avoid leakage of power steering fluid.
- 9. Disconnect CVT fluid cooler hoses from radiator. Refer to CO-13, "Exploded View".

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

10. Remove starter motor. Refer to <u>STR-15, "VQ25DE : Exploded View"</u> (VQ25DE) or <u>STR-20, "VQ35DE : Exploded View"</u> (VQ35DE).

Vehicle Underbody

- 1. Remove front drive shafts (RH and LH). Refer to FAX-16, "Exploded View".
- 2. Remove exhaust front tube. Refer to EX-5, "Exploded View".
- Remove heat insulator.
- 4. Disconnect steering lower joint at power steering gear assembly side, and release steering lower shaft. Refer to ST-16, "Exploded View".
- 5. Disconnect front stabilizer connecting rod. Refer to FSU-14, "Exploded View".
- 6. Remove strut assembly and steering knuckle fixing nuts and bolts. Refer to <u>FSU-9</u>, "<u>Exploded View"</u> and <u>FAX-8</u>, "<u>Exploded View"</u>.
- 7. Remove front wheel sensor (RH and LH) for ABS from steering knuckle. Refer to BRC-57, "FRONT WHEEL SENSOR: Exploded View".
- 8. Remove front brake caliper assembly with piping connected, and temporarily secure it to aside for vehicle side. Refer to BRAKE CALIPER ASSEMBLY : Exploded View.
- 9. Disconnect power steering piping at a point between vehicle and engine. Refer to ST-34, "Exploded View".
 - Install plug to avoid leakage of power steering fluid.
- 10. Remove rear plate cover from oil pan (upper). Then remove bolts fixing drive plate to torque converter. Refer to EXPLOSED TM-38. "Exploded View" and TM-332. "Removal and Installation" (VQ25DE) or TM-168. "Removal and Installation" (VQ35DE).
- 11. Remove transaxle joint bolts which pierce at oil pan (upper) lower rear side. Refer to EM-38, "Exploded View".
- 12. Remove crankshaft position sensor (POS). Refer to EM-38, "Exploded View".

CAUTION:

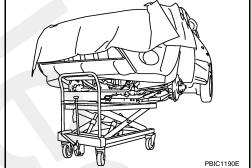
- Handle carefully to avoid dropping and shocks.
- Never disassemble.
- · Never allow metal powder to adhere to magnetic part at sensor tip.
- Never place sensors in a location where they are exposed to magnetism.

Removal

Use a manual lift table caddy (commercial service tool) or equivalently rigid tool such as a transmission jack. Securely support bottom of front suspension member.

CAUTION:

Put a piece of wood or something similar as the supporting surface, secure a completely stable condition.



- 2. Remove engine mounting insulator (RH) and engine mounting bracket (RH).
- 3. Remove mounting bolt between transverse link and front suspension member with power tool.
- Remove front suspension member mounting nuts and bolts. Refer to FSU-16, "Exploded View".
- Carefully lower jack, or raise lift to remove the engine and the transaxle assembly and front suspension member. When performing work, observe the following caution: CAUTION:
 - Confirm there is no interference with the vehicle.
 - Check all connection points have been disconnected.
 - Keep in mind the center of vehicle gravity changes. If necessary, use jack(s) to support the vehicle at rear jacking point(s) to prevent it from falling it off the lift.

Separation

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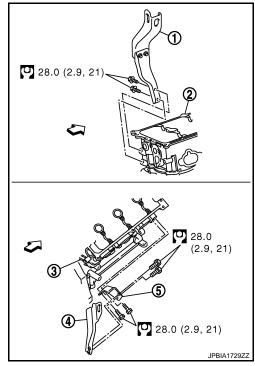
1. Install engine slingers into front of cylinder head (bank 1) (3) and rear of cylinder head (bank 2) (2).

1 : Engine rear slinger

4 : Engine front slinger (upper)

5 : Engine front slinger (lower)

< : Engine front



- 2. Remove power steering oil pump, power steering piping and power steering bracket from engine and transaxle assembly. Refer to ST-34, "Exploded View".
- 3. Disconnect vacuum hoses of front engine mounting insulator and rear engine mounting insulator.
- 4. Lift with hoist the engine and the transaxle assembly and front suspension member. **CAUTION:**
 - · Before and during this lifting, always check if any harnesses are left connected.
 - Avoid damage to and oil/grease smearing or spills onto engine mounting insulator.
- 5. Remove rear torque rod and rear torque rod bracket.
- 6. Remove each engine mounting insulator and each engine mounting bracket from engine, transaxle and front suspension member.
- Separate engine and transaxle assembly from front suspension member. CAUTION:
 - Before and during this lifting, always check if any harnesses are left connected.
 - Avoid damage to and oil/grease smearing or spills onto engine mounting insulator.
- 8. Separate engine and transaxle assembly. Refer to <u>TM-332, "Exploded View"</u> (VQ25DE) or <u>TM-168, "Exploded View"</u> (VQ35DE).

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Never allow engine mounting insulator to be damage and careful no oil gets on it.
- Check all mounting insulators are seated properly, then tighten mounting nuts and bolts.

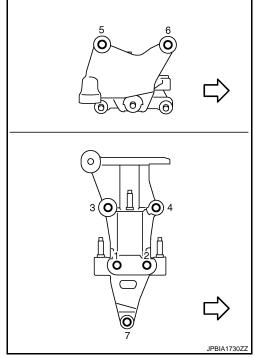
Preparation

1. Install the engine mounting bracket (RH) to the engine as follows:

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

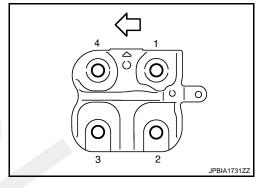
a. Tighten the bolt No. 7 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)



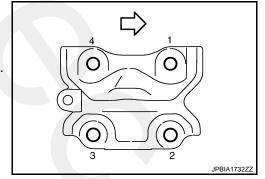
- 2. Install the engine mounting bracket (front) to the engine as follows:
- a. Tighten the bolt No. 4 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)



- 3. Install the engine mounting bracket (rear) and gusset to the engine as follows:
- a. Tighten the bolt No. 4 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)



- 4. Install the rear torque rod bracket to the engine as follows:
- a. Tighten the bolt No. 3 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)
- b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)

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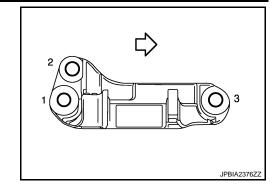
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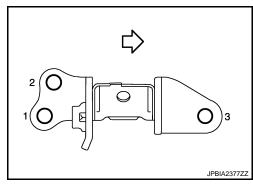
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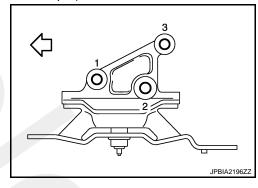
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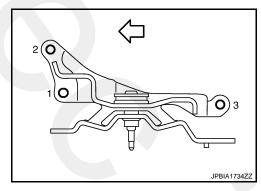
• VQ35DE



- 5. Install the engine mounting insulator (LH) to the transaxle as follows:
- a. Tighten the bolt No. 3 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)
- b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)
 - VQ25DE



• VQ35DE



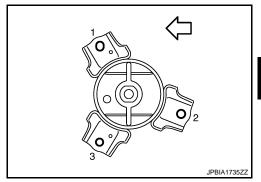
6. Install the engine mounting insulator (front) to the front suspension member as follows:

ENGINE ASSEMBLY

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

a. Tighten the bolt No. 3 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)

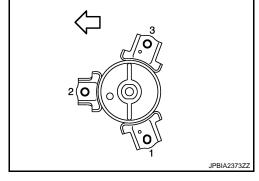


7. Install the engine mounting insulator (rear) to the front suspension member as follows:

a. Tighten the bolt No. 3 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

⟨□ : Vehicle front

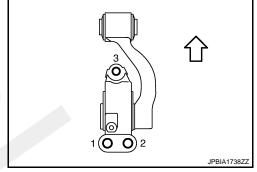
b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)



8. Install the rear torque rod to the front suspension member as follows:

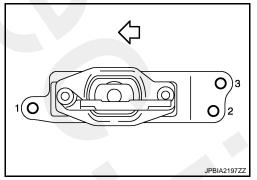
a. Tighten the bolt No. 3 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)



- 9. Install the engine mounting brackets (front and rear) to the engine mounting insulators (front and rear).
- 10. Install the engine mounting insulator (LH) to the front suspension member.
 - Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.
 - VQ25DE

< > ∶ Vehicle front



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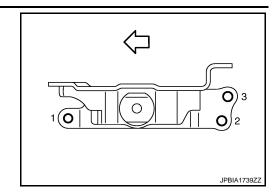
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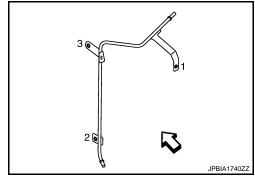
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- VQ35DE



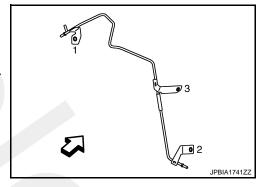
- 11. Install the rear torque rod to the rear torque rod bracket.
- 12. Install the vacuum tube (front) as follows:
- a. Tighten the bolt No. 3 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)



- 13. Install the vacuum tube (rear) as follows:
- a. Tighten the bolt No. 3 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

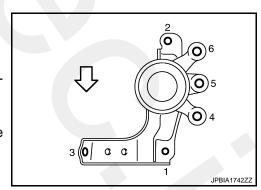
b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)



Installation

- 1. Install the engine mounting insulator (RH) as follows:
- a. Tighten the bolt No. 1 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

- b. Tighten the bolts No. 2, 3 in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)
- c. Tighten the bolt No. 1 as shown in the figure. (specified torque)
- d. Tighten the bolts No. 4, 5, 6 in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)
- 2. Install the upper torque rod as follows:



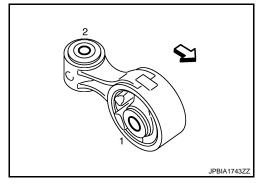
ENGINE ASSEMBLY

< REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION >

a. Tighten the bolt No. 2 as shown in the figure. (temporarily)

⟨ □ : Vehicle front

b. Tighten the bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure. (specified torque)



Inspection INFOID:000000003802274

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Inspection for Leakage

The following are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak and exhaust gases leak.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to MA-11, "Fluids and Lubricants".
- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.
- Warm up engine thoroughly to check there is no leakage of fuel, exhaust gases, or any oil/fluids including
 engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.

Summary of the inspection items:

Items	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level
Other oils and fluid*	Level	Leakage	Level
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage
Exhaust gases	_	Leakage	_

^{*:} Transmission/transaxle/CVT fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

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DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

ENGINE STAND SETTING

Setting INFOID:000000003802278

NOTE:

Explained here is how to disassemble with engine stand supporting transaxle surface. When using different type of engine stand, note with difference in steps and etc.

- Remove the engine assembly from the vehicle. Refer to <u>EM-67</u>, "Exploded View".
- 2. Remove the parts that may restrict installation of engine to widely use engine stand.

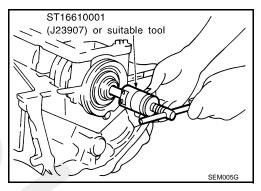
NOTE:

The procedure is described assuming that you use a widely use engine stand holding the surface, to which transmission is installed.

- Remove drive plate. Fix crankshaft pulley with the pulley holder (commercial service tool), and remove mounting bolts.
- · Loosen mounting bolts in diagonal order.
- Check for deformation or damage drive plate.

CAUTION:

- Never disassemble drive plate.
- · Never place drive plate with signal plate facing down.
- When handling signal plate, take care not to damage or scratch it.
- Handle signal plate in a manner that prevents it from becoming magnetized.
- 3. Remove pilot converter using the pilot bushing puller (SST) as necessary.



4. Lift the engine with hoist to install it onto the widely use engine stand.

CAUTION:

Use an engine stand that has a load capacity [220 kg (485 lb) or more] large enough for supporting the engine weight.

- If the load capacity of the stand is not adequate, remove the following parts beforehand to reduce the potential risk of overturning the stand.
- Remove intake manifold collector. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
- Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-32, "Exploded View".
- Remove fuel injector and fuel tube assembly. Refer to EM-44, "Exploded View".
- Remove ignition coil. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
- Remove rocker cover. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View"
- Remove exhaust manifold. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
- Other removable brackets.

NOTE:

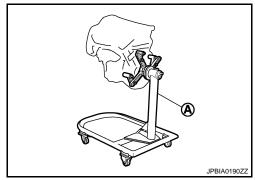
ENGINE STAND SETTING

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

The figure shows an example of widely use engine stand (A) that can hold mating surface of transaxle with drive plate removed.

CAUTION:

Before removing the hanging chains, check the engine stand is stable and there is no risk of overturning.

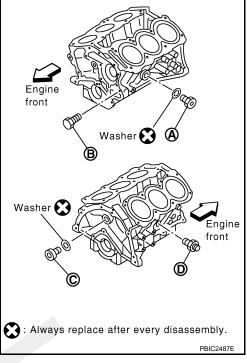


- Drain engine oil. Refer to <u>LU-8, "Draining"</u>.
- 6. Drain engine coolant by removing water drain plugs (A) and (B) from cylinder block both sides as shown in the figure.

C: Plug

D : Connector bolt

Tightening torque: Refer to EM-110, "Disassembly and Assembly".



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ENGINE UNIT

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

ENGINE UNIT

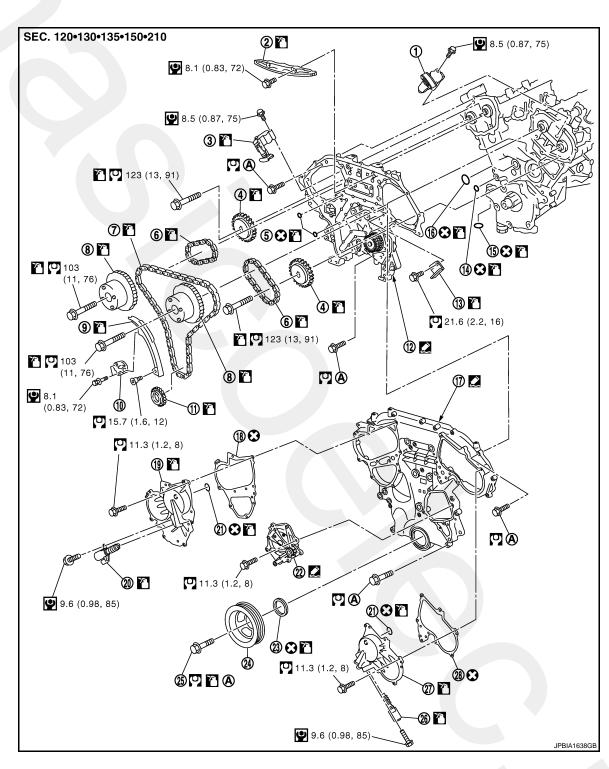
Disassembly INFOID:000000003802279

- 1. Remove intake manifold collector. Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
- 2. Remove intake manifold. Refer to EM-32, "Exploded View".
- 3. Remove exhaust manifold. Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
- 4. Remove oil pan (lower). Refer to EM-38, "Exploded View".
- 5. Remove ignition coil, spark plug and rocker cover. Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".
- 6. Remove fuel injector and fuel tube. Refer to EM-44, "Exploded View".
- 7. Remove timing chain and rear timing chain case. Refer to <u>EM-52, "Exploded View"</u> and <u>EM-79, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 8. Remove camshaft. Refer to EM-84, "Exploded View".
- 9. Remove cylinder head. Refer to EM-96, "Exploded View".

Assembly

Assembly in the reverse order of disassembly.

Exploded View



- 1. Timing chain tensioner (secondary) (bank 2)
- 4. Camshaft sprocket (EXH)
- 7. Timing chain (primary)
- 10. Timing chain tensioner (primary)
- 13. Tension guide
- 16. O-ring

- 2. Internal chain guide
- 5. O-ring
- 8. Camshaft sprocket (INT)
- 11. Crankshaft sprocket
- 14. O-ring
- 17. Front timing chain case
- 3. Timing chain tensioner (secondary)
- 6. Timing chain (secondary)
- Slack guide
- 12. Rear timing chain case
- 15. O-ring
- 18. Valve timing control cover gasket (bank 1)

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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- 19. Valve timing control cover (bank 1)
- 22. Water pump cover
- 25. Crankshaft pulley bolt
- Valve timing control cover gasket
- (bank 2)
- A. Refer to EM-80

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

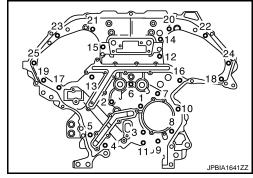
- 20. Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1)
- 23. Front oil seal
- 26. Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2)
- 21. Seal ring
- 24. Crankshaft pulley
- 27. Valve timing control cover (bank 2)

Disassembly and Assembly

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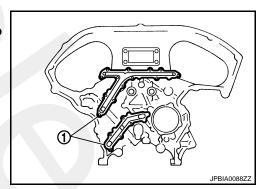
DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove front timing chain case and timing chain. Refer to EM-52, "Exploded View".
- Remove water pump. Refer to <u>CO-18, "Exploded View"</u>.
- 3. Remove oil pans (upper and lower) and oil strainer. Refer to EM-38, "Exploded View".
- 4. Remove rear timing chain case as follows:
- a. Loosen and remove mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.
- b. Cut liquid gasket using the seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] and remove rear timing chain case.



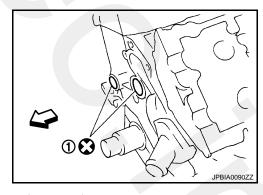
CAUTION:

- Never remove plate metal cover (1) of oil passage.
- After removal, handle rear timing chain case carefully so it does not tilt, cant, or warp under a load.



5. Remove O-rings (1) from cylinder block.

: Engine front

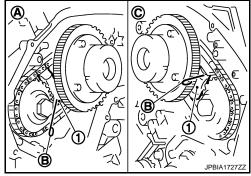


- 6. Remove timing chain tensioners (secondary) from cylinder head as follows, if necessary.
- Remove camshaft brackets (No. 1). Refer to <u>EM-84, "Exploded View"</u>.

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

b. Remove timing chain tensioners (secondary) (1) with a stopper pin (B) attached.

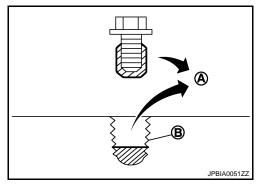
A : Bank 1
B : Bank 2



7. Use a scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from front and rear timing chain cases, and opposite mating surfaces.

Remove old liquid gasket from bolt hole (B) and thread.

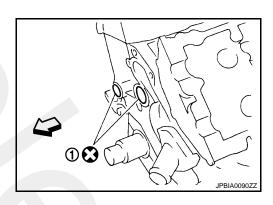
A : Remove sticking old liquid gasket



ASSEMBLY

1. Install rear timing chain case as follows:

• Install new O-rings (1) onto cylinder block.



a. Apply liquid gasket with the tube presser (commercial service tool) to rear timing chain case back side as shown in the figure.

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

CAUTION:

• For "A" in the figure, completely wipe out liquid gasket extended on a portion touching at engine coolant.

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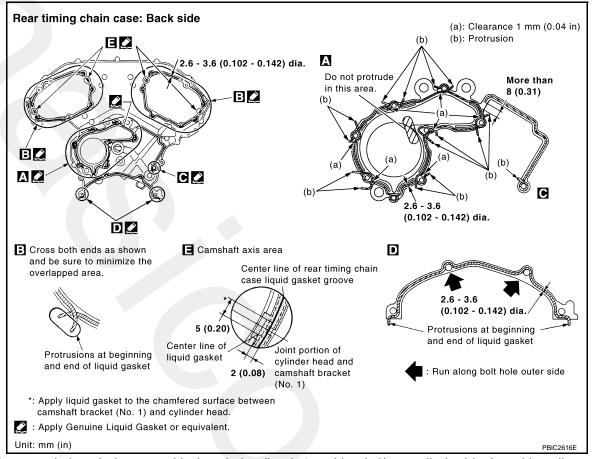
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Apply liquid gasket on installation position of water pump and cylinder head very completely.



- Align rear timing chain case with dowel pins (bank 1 and bank 2) on cylinder block and install rear timing chain case.
 - Check O-rings stay in place during installation to cylinder block and cylinder head.
- Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.
 - There are two types of mounting bolts. Refer to the following for locating bolts.

Bolt length: Bolt position

20 mm (0.79 in) : 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 16 mm (0.63 in) : Except the above

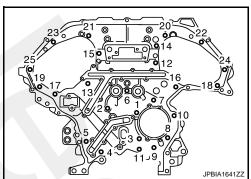
(1.3 kg-m, 9 ft-lb)

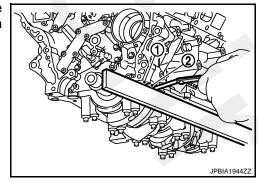
- d. After all bolts tightening, retighten them to the specified in numerical order as shown in the figure.
 - If liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
- After installing rear timing chain case (1), check the surface height difference between the following parts on the oil pan (upper) mounting surface.
 - 2 : Cylinder block

Standard

Rear timing chain case to cylinder block:
-0.24 to 0.14 mm (-0.009 to 0.006 in)

• If not within the standard, repeat the installation procedure.





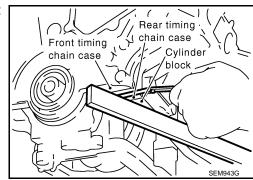
< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- 2. Install water pump with new O-rings. Refer to CO-18, "Exploded View".
- 3. Install front timing chain case and timing chain. Refer to EM-52, "Exploded View".
- After installing front timing chain case, check the surface height difference between the following parts on the oil pan (upper) mounting surface.

Standard

Front timing chain case to rear timing chain case:
-0.14 to 0.14 mm (-0.006 to 0.006 in)

• If not within the standard, repeat the installation procedure.



5. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

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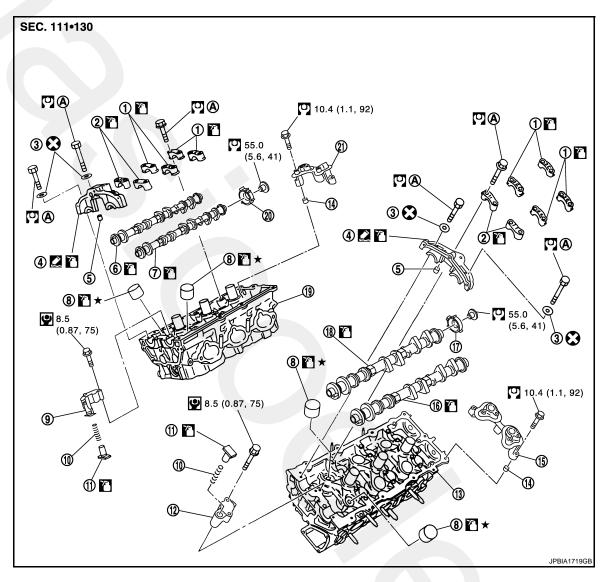
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Exploded View



- 1. Camshaft bracket (No. 3, 4)
- 4. Camshaft bracket (No. 1)
- 7. Camshaft (INT) (bank 1)
- 10. Spring
- 13. Cylinder head (bank 2)
- 16. Camshaft (EXH)
- 19. Cylinder head (bank 1)
- A. Refer to EM-84

- 2. Camshaft bracket (No. 2)
- 5. Dowel pin
- 8. Valve lifter
- 11. Plunger
- 14. Dowel pin
- 17. Camshaft signal plate (INT)
- 20. Camshaft signal plate (INT)

- 3. Seal washer
- 6. Camshaft (EXH) (bank 1)
- 9. Timing chain tensioner (secondary) (bank 1)
- 12. Timing chain tensioner (secondary) (bank 2)
- 15. Camshaft sensor bracket
- 18. Camshaft (INT)
- 21. Camshaft sensor bracket

Removal and Installation

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

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REMOVAL

Remove front timing chain case, camshaft sprocket, timing chain and rear timing chain case. Refer to <u>EM-52</u>, "Exploded View" and <u>EM-79</u>, "Exploded View".

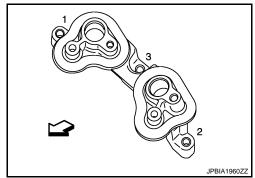
< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

Loosen camshaft sensor bracket bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.

: Engine front

NOTE:

The order of loosening bolts in the same for bank 1 and bank 2.



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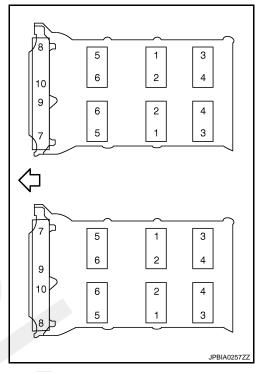
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Remove camshaft brackets.

 Mark camshafts, camshaft brackets and bolts so they are placed in the same position and direction for installation.

• Equally loosen camshaft bracket bolts in several steps in reverse order as shown in the figure.



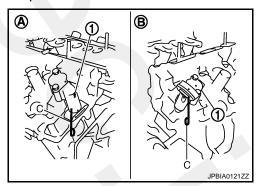
- 4. Remove camshafts.
- 5. Remove valve lifters.
 - Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
- 6. Remove timing chain tensioners (secondary) (1) from cylinder head.

A : Bank 1 B : Bank 2

 Remove timing chain tensioner (secondary) with its stopper pin (C) attached.

NOTE:

Stopper pin should be attached when timing chain (secondary) is removed.



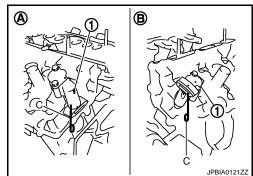
INSTALLATION

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

1. Install timing chain tensioners (secondary) (1) on both sides of cylinder head.

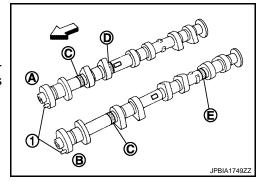
A : Bank 1B : Bank 2

- Install timing chain tensioner (secondary) with its stopper pin
 (C) attached.
- Install timing chain tensioner (secondary) with sliding part facing downward on cylinder head (bank 1), and with sliding part facing upward on cylinder head (bank 2).



- Install valve lifters.
 - Install it in the original position.
- Install camshafts.

 Follow your identification marks made during removal, or follow the identification marks that are present on new camshafts for proper placement and direction.



VQ25DE

Bank	INT/EXH	Dowel pin (1)	Paint marks		
			M1 (D)	M2 (E)	M3 (C)
1	EXH (B)	Yes	No	Purple	Light blue
	INT (A)	Yes	Yellow	No	Light blue
2	INT (A)	Yes	Yellow	No	Light blue
	EXH (B)	Yes	No	Purple	Light blue
VQ35DE					
Bank IN	INT/EXH Dowel r	Dowel pip (1)		Paint marks	
	IINI/EAN	INT/EXH Dowel pin (1)	M1 (D)	M2 (E)	M3 (C)
1 _	EXH (B)	Yes	No	Light blue	Light blue
	INT (A)	Yes	Pink	No	Light blue

Pink

No

 Install camshaft so that dowel pin (A) on front end face are positioned as shown in the figure. (No. 1 cylinder TDC on its compression stroke)

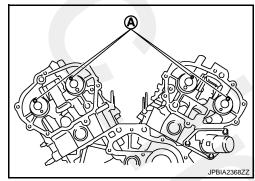
Yes

Yes

NOTE:

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Though camshaft does not stop at the portion as shown in the figure, for the placement of cam nose, it is generally accepted camshaft is placed for the same direction of the figure.



Light blue

Light blue

No

Light blue

Install camshaft brackets.

INT (A)

EXH (B)

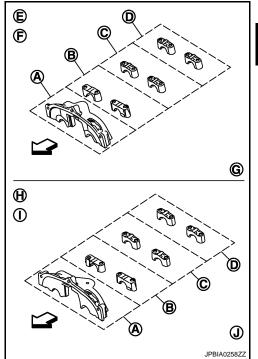
< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- Remove foreign material completely from camshaft bracket backside and from cylinder head installation face.
- Install camshaft bracket in original position and direction as shown in the figure.

A : No. 1
B : No. 2
C : No. 3
D : No. 4
E : Bank 1
F : Exhaus:

F : Exhaust side
G : Intake side
H : Bank 2
I : Intake side

J : Exhaust side< ∴ : Engine front



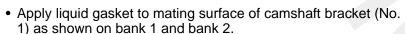
 Install camshaft brackets (No. 2 to 4) aligning the stamp marks (A) as shown in the figure.

B : Bank 1
C : Bank 2

: Engine front

NOTE:

There are no identification marks indicating left and right for camshaft bracket (No. 1).

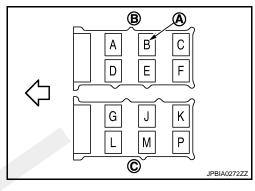


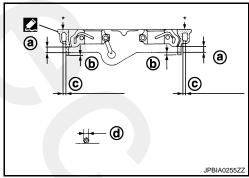
a : 8.5 mm (0.335 in) b : 2 mm (0.08 in)

c : Clearance 5 mm (0.20 in) d : ϕ 2.0 - 2.3 mm (0.08 - 0.12 in)

* : Apply liquid gasket to rear timing chain case side

Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.





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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

5. Tighten camshaft bracket bolts in the following steps, in numerical order as shown in the figure.

: Engine front

Tighten No. 7 to 10 in order as shown.

(0.20 kg-m, 1 ft-lb)

b. Tighten No. 1 to 6 in order as shown.

(0.20 kg-m, 1 ft-lb)

c. Tighten No. 1 to 10 in numerical order as shown.

(O): 5.88 N·m (0.60 kg-m, 4 ft-lb)

d. Tighten No. 1 to 10 in numerical order as shown.

○: 10.4 N·m (1.1 kg-m, 8 ft-lb)

CAUTION:

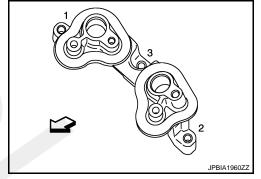
After tightening mounting bolts of camshaft brackets (No. 1), be sure to wipe off excessive liquid gasket from the parts list below.

- Mating surface of rocker cover
- Mating surface of rear timing chain case
- 6. Tighten camshaft sensor bracket bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

: Engine front

NOTE:

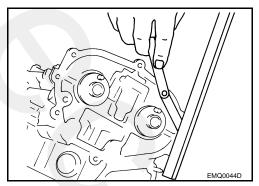
The order of tightening bolts in the same for bank 1 and bank 2.



Measure difference in levels between front end faces of camshaft bracket (No. 1) and cylinder head.

Standard : -0.14 to 0.14 mm (-0.0055 to 0.0055 in)

- Measure two positions (both intake and exhaust side) for a single bank.
- If the measured value is out of the standard, reinstall camshaft bracket (No. 1).



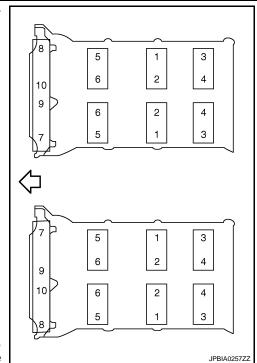
- 8. Inspect and adjust the valve clearance. Refer to EM-17, "Inspection and Adjustment".
- 9. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

Inspection

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Camshaft Runout

1. Put V-block on precise flat table, and support No. 2 and 4 journals of camshaft.



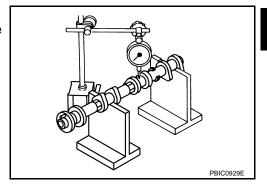
CAUTION:

Never support No. 1 journal (on the side of camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other three locations.

- 2. Set a dial indicator vertically to No. 3 journal.
- 3. Turn camshaft to one direction with hands, and measure the camshaft runout on a dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".

4. If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft.



Camshaft Cam Height

Measure the camshaft cam height with a micrometer.

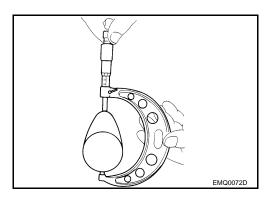
Standard cam height : Refer to EM-136, "Cam-

(Intake and exhaust) <u>shaft"</u>.

Cam wear limit : Refer to EM-136, "Cam-

shaft".

2. If wear exceeds the limit, replace camshaft.

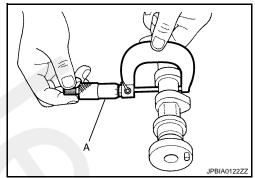


Camshaft Journal Oil Clearance

CAMSHAFT JOURNAL DIAMETER

 Measure the outer diameter of camshaft journal with a micrometer (A).

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".

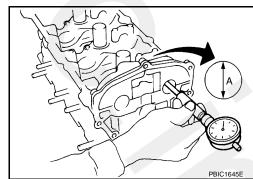


CAMSHAFT BRACKET INNER DIAMETER

• Tighten camshaft bracket bolt with the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-84, "Removal and Installation"</u> for the tightening procedure.

Measure inner diameter (A) of camshaft bracket with a bore gauge.

Standard: Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".



CAMSHAFT JOURNAL OIL CLEARANCE

(Oil clearance) = (Camshaft bracket inner diameter) – (Camshaft journal diameter).

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Standard and limit : Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".

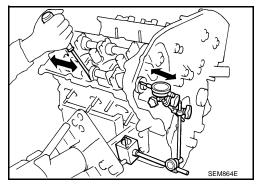
If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace either or both camshaft and cylinder head.
 NOTE:

Camshaft brackets cannot be replaced as single parts, because there are machined together with cylinder head. Replace whole cylinder head assembly.

Camshaft End Play

Install a dial indicator in thrust direction on front end of camshaft.
 Measure the end play of a dial indicator when camshaft is moved forward/backward (in direction to axis).

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".



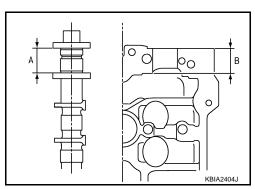
- Measure the following parts if out of the limit.
- Dimension (A) for camshaft No. 1 journal

Standard : 27.500 - 27.548 mm (1.0827 - 1.0846 in)

- Dimension (B) for cylinder head No. 1 journal bearing

Standard : 27.360 - 27.385 mm (1.0772 - 1.0781 in)

 Refer to the standards above, and then replace camshaft and/or cylinder head.



Camshaft Sprocket Runout

1. Put V-block on precise flat table, and support No. 2 and 4 journals of camshaft.

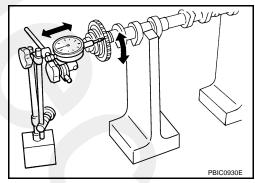
CAUTION:

Never support No. 1 journal (on the side of camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other three locations.

2. Measure the camshaft sprocket runout with a dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

Limit : Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".

• If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft sprocket.

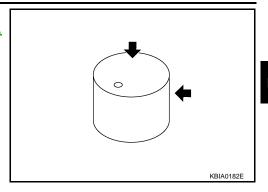


Valve Lifter

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

Check if surface of valve lifter has any wear or cracks.

 If anything above is found, replace valve lifter. Refer to <u>EM-136</u>, <u>"Camshaft"</u>.



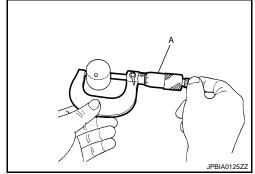
Valve Lifter Clearance

VALVE LIFTER OUTER DIAMETER

 Measure the outer diameter at 1/2 height of valve lifter with a micrometer (A) since valve lifter is in barrel shape.

Standard

: Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".



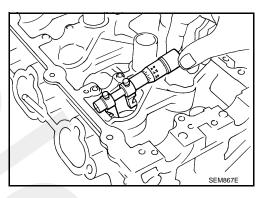
VALVE LIFTER HOLE DIAMETER

 Measure the inner diameter of valve lifter hole of cylinder head with an inside micrometer.

Standard

(Intake and exhaust)

: Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".



VALVE LIFTER CLEARANCE

(Valve lifter clearance) = (Valve lifter hole diameter) – (Valve lifter outer diameter)

Standard

: Refer to EM-136, "Camshaft".

• If the calculated value is out of the standard, referring to each standard of valve lifter outer diameter and valve lifter hole diameter, replace either or both valve lifter and cylinder head.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Inspection of Camshaft Sprocket (INT) Oil Groove

CAUTION:

- Perform this inspection only when DTC P0011 is detected in self-diagnostic results of CONSULT-III
 and it is directed according to inspection procedure of EC section. Refer to EC-137, "Diagnosis Procedure".
- Check when engine is cold so as to prevent burns from the splashing engine oil.
- Check engine oil level. Refer to <u>LU-7</u>, "Inspection".
- Perform the following procedure so as to prevent the engine from being unintentionally started while checking.
- Release the fuel pressure. Refer to <u>EC-411, "Inspection"</u>.

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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- b. Disconnect ignition coil and injector harness connectors. Refer to <u>EM-49</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>" and <u>EM-44</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
- 3. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to EM-79. "Exploded View".
- Crank engine, and then check that engine oil comes out from intake valve timing control solenoid valve hole (A). End crank after checking.
 - 1 : Valve timing control cover (bank 2)

WARNING:

Be careful not to touch rotating parts. (drive belt, idler pulley, and crankshaft pulley, etc.)

CAUTION:

- Prevent splashing by using a shop cloth so as to prevent the worker from injury from engine oil and so as to prevent engine oil contamination.
- Prevent splashing by using a shop cloth so as to prevent engine oil from being splashed to engine and vehicle. Especially, be careful no to apply engine oil to rubber parts of drive belt, engine mounting insulator, etc. Wipe engine oil off immediately if it is splashed.
- 5. Perform the following inspection if engine oil does not come out from intake valve timing control solenoid valve oil hole of the cylinder head.
 - Remove oil filter, and then clean it. Refer to <u>LU-10</u>, "Removal and Installation".
 - Clean oil groove between oil strainer and intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to <u>LU-2</u>. "Engine Lubrication System".
- 6. Remove components between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and camshaft sprocket (INT), and then check each oil groove for clogging.
 - Clean oil groove if necessary. Refer to <u>LU-2</u>, "Engine <u>Lubrication System"</u>.
- 7. After inspection, install removed parts in the reverse order.

Inspection for Leakage

The following are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to MA-11, "Fluids and Lubricants".
- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.

NOTE:

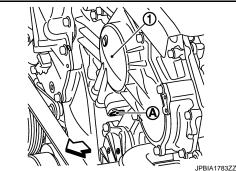
If hydraulic pressure inside timing chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in the guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after engine start. However, this is normal. Noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

- Warm up engine thoroughly to check there is no leakage of fuel, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.

Summary of the inspection items:

Items	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped	
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level	
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level	
Other oils and fluid*	Level	Leakage	Level	
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage	

^{*:} Transmission/transaxle/CVT fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.



OIL SEAL

VALVE OIL SEAL

VALVE OIL SEAL: Removal and Installation

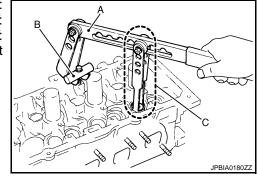
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REMOVAL

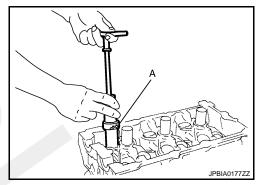
- 1. Remove camshaft relating to valve oil seal to be removed. Refer to EM-84, "Exploded View".
- 2. Remove valve lifters. Refer to EM-84, "Exploded View".
- 3. Turn crankshaft until the cylinder requiring new oil seals is at TDC. This will prevent valve from dropping into cylinder.
- Remove valve collet.
 - Compress valve spring with the valve spring compressor [SST: KV10116200 (J26336-A)] (A), the attachment [SST: KV10115900 (J26336-20)] (C), the adapter [SST: KV10109220 ()] (B). Remove valve collet with a magnet hand.

CAUTION:

When working, take care not to damage valve lifter holes.



- 5. Remove valve spring retainer, and valve spring.
- 6. Remove valve oil seal using the valve oil seal puller [SST: KV10107902 (J38959)] (A).



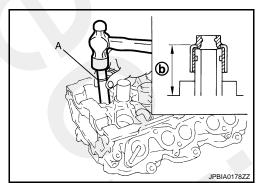
INSTALLATION

- 1. Apply new engine oil on new valve oil seal joint and seal lip.
- Using the valve oil seal drift [SST: KV10115600 (J-38958)] (A), press fit valve seal to height (b) shown in the figure.

NOTE:

Dimension: Height measured before valve spring seat installation

Intake and exhaust : 14.3 - 14.9 mm (0.563 - 0.587 in)



3. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

FRONT OIL SEAL

FRONT OIL SEAL: Removal and Installation

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REMOVAL

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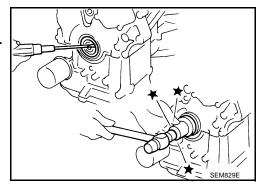
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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- 1. Remove the following parts:
 - Road wheel and tire (RH)
 - Splash guard (RH): Refer to EXT-22, "FENDER PROTECTOR: Exploded View".
 - Drive belt: Refer to EM-12, "Removal and Installation".
 - Crankshaft pulley: Refer to EM-52, "Exploded View".
- 2. Remove front oil seal using a suitable tool.

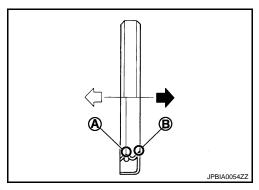
CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage front timing chain case and crankshaft.



INSTALLATION

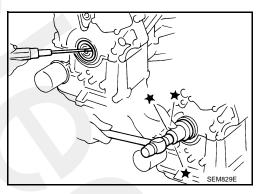
- 1. Apply new engine oil to both oil seal lip and dust seal lip of new front oil seal.
- 2. Install front oil seal.
 - Install front oil seal so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure.



- Using a suitable drift, press-fit until the height of front oil seal is level with the mounting surface.
- Suitable drift: outer diameter 60 mm (2.36 in), inner diameter 50 mm (1.97 in).
- Check the garter spring is in position and seal lips not inverted.
 CAUTION:
- Be careful not to damage front timing chain case and crankshaft.
- Press-fit straight and avoid causing burrs or tilting oil seal.
- 3. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

REAR OIL SEAL

REAR OIL SEAL: Removal and Installation



REMOVAL

- Remove transaxle assembly. Refer to <u>TM-332, "Exploded View"</u> (VQ25DE) or <u>TM-168, "Exploded View"</u> (VQ35DE).
- 2. Remove drive plate. Refer to EM-107, "Exploded View".
- 3. Remove oil pan (upper). Refer to EM-38, "Exploded View".

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OIL SEAL

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

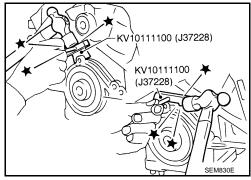
Use a seal cutter (SST) to cut away liquid gasket and remove rear oil seal retainer.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage mating surfaces.

NOTE:

Regard both rear oil seal and retainer a an assembly.



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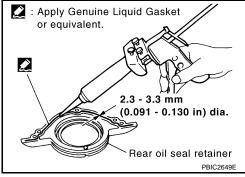
INSTALLATION

- Remove old liquid gasket on mating surfaces of cylinder block and oil pan (upper) using scraper.
- 2. Apply new engine oil to both oil seal lip and dust seal lip of new oil seal retainer.
- 3. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with the tube presser (commercial service tool) to rear oil seal retainer as shown in the

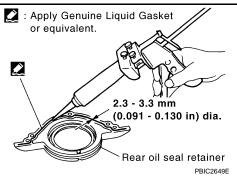
Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.

CAUTION:

Attaching should be done within 5 minutes after coating.

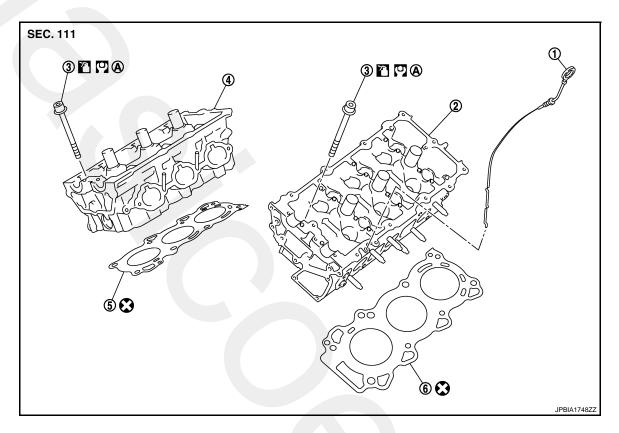


- Install rear oil seal retainer to cylinder block. Refer to EM-107, "Exploded View".
 - Check the garter spring is in position and seal lips not inverted.
- Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.



Exploded View

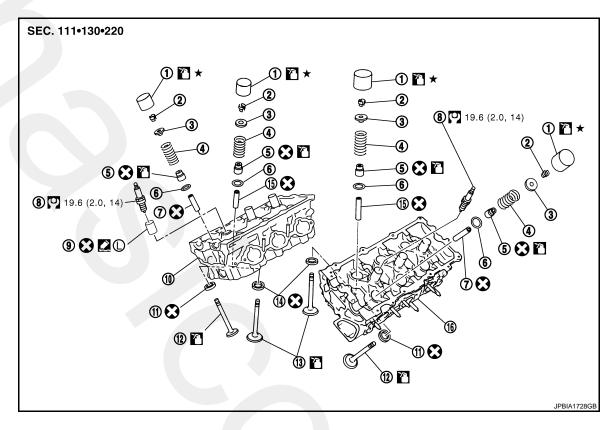
REMOVAL



- 1. Oil level gauge
- 4. Cylinder head (bank 1)
- 4. Cylinder head (bank 1A. Refer to <u>EM-97</u>
- 2. Cylinder head (bank 2)
- 5. Cylinder head gasket (bank 1)
- 3. Cylinder head bolt
- 6. Cylinder head gasket (bank 2)

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

DISASSEMBLY



- Valve lifter
- Valve spring 4.
- Valve guide (EXH) 7.
- 10. Cylinder head (bank 1)
- 13. Valve (INT)
- 16. Cylinder head (bank 2)

- 2. Valve collet
- Valve oil seal 5.
- Spark plug 8.
- 11. Valve seat (EXH)
- 14. Valve seat (INT)

- Valve spring retainer
- Valve spring seat
- Spark plug tube
- Valve (EXH)
- 15. Valve guide (INT)

Removal and Installation

REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the following parts:
 - · Oil level gauge
 - Intake manifold collector: Refer to EM-28, "Exploded View".
 - Rocker cover: Refer to EM-49, "Exploded View".

(a): Apply high strength thread locking sealant or equivalent.

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols not described on the above.

- Fuel tube and fuel injector assembly: Refer to EM-44, "Exploded View".
- Intake manifold: Refer to EM-32, "Exploded View".
- Exhaust manifold: Refer to EM-34, "Exploded View".
- Water inlet and thermostat assembly: Refer to <u>CO-23, "Exploded View"</u>.
- Water outlet, water connector, water bypass pipe and heater pipe: Refer to CO-25, "Exploded View".
- Timing chain and rear timing chain case: Refer to EM-52, "Exploded View" and EM-79, "Exploded View".
- Camshaft: Refer to EM-84, "Exploded View".

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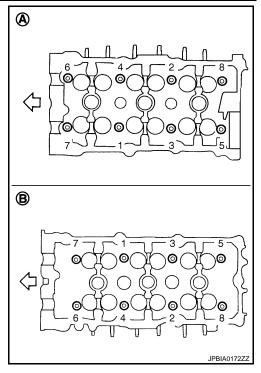
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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

2. Remove cylinder head bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure with cylinder head bolt wrench (commercial service tool) and power tool to remove cylinder heads (bank 1 and bank 2).

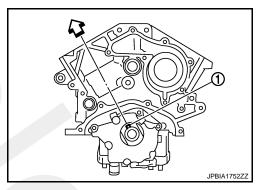


3. Remove cylinder head gaskets.

INSTALLATION

- 1. Install new cylinder head gaskets.
- 2. Turn crankshaft until No. 1 piston is set at TDC.

 Crankshaft key should line up with the bank 1 cylinder center line as shown in the figure.



< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

Install cylinder head follow the steps below to tighten cylinder head bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure with cylinder head bolts wrench (commercial service tool).

: Bank 1 В : Bank 2 : Engine front

CAUTION:

- If cylinder head bolts reused, check their outer diameters before installation. Refer to EM-104, "Inspection".
- Before installing cylinder head, inspect cylinder head distortion. Refer to EM-104, "Inspection".
- Apply new engine oil to threads and seat surfaces of cylinder head bolts.
- Tighten all cylinder head bolts.

: 98.1 N-m (10 kg-m, 72 ft-lb)

Completely loosen all cylinder head bolts.

(0 kg-m, 0 ft-lb)

In step "c", loosen bolts in reverse order of that indicated in the figure.

d. Tighten all cylinder head bolts.

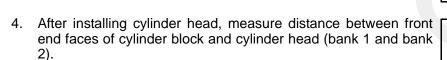
(4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb)

Turn all cylinder head bolts 103 degrees clockwise (angle tightening).

CAUTION:

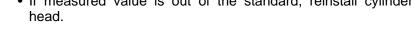
Check the tightening angle by using the angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)] (A). Avoid judgment by visual inspection without.

- Check tightening angle indicated on the angle wrench indicator plate.
- Turn all cylinder head bolts 103 degrees clockwise again (angle tightening).

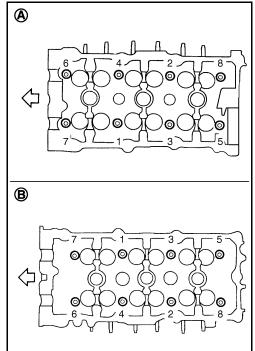


Standard : 14.1 - 14.9 mm (0.555 - 0.587 in)

• If measured value is out of the standard, reinstall cylinder head.

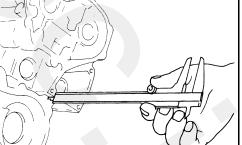


Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.



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Disassembly and Assembly

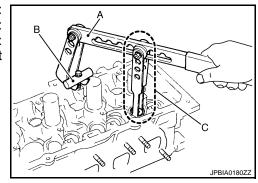
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DISASSEMBLY

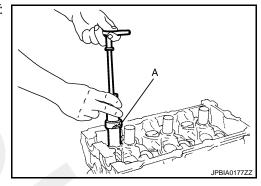
- 1. Remove spark plug with spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).
- Remove valve lifter.
 - Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
- Remove valve collet.
 - Compress valve spring with the valve spring compressor [SST: KV10116200 (J26336-A)] (A), the attachment [SST: KV10115900 (J26336-20)] (C) and the adapter [SST: KV10109220 ()] (B). Remove valve collet with a magnet hand.

CAUTION:

When working, take care not to damage valve lifter holes.



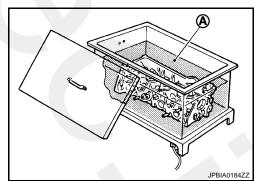
- 4. Remove valve spring retainer, valve spring and valve spring seat.
- 5. Push valve stem to combustion chamber side, and remove valve.
 - Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
- 6. Remove valve oil seal with the valve oil seal puller [SST: KV10107902 (J38959)] (A).



- 7. Remove valve seat, if valve seat must be replaced.
 - Bore out old seat until it collapses. Boring should not continue beyond the bottom face of the seat recess in cylinder head. Set the machine depth stop to ensure this. Refer to <u>EM-139</u>, "Cylinder Head". CAUTION:

Prevent to scratch cylinder head by excessive boring.

- 8. Remove valve guide, if valve guide must be replaced.
- a. To remove valve guide, heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil (A).

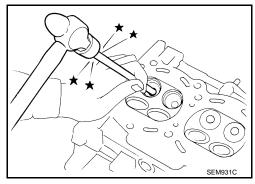


< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

b. Drive out valve guide with a press [under a 20 kN (2 ton, 2.0 lmp ton) pressure] or a hammer and the valve guide drift (commercial service tool).

WARNING:

Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.



- 9. Remove spark plug tube, as necessary.
 - Using a pliers, pull spark plug tube out of cylinder head.

CAUTION:

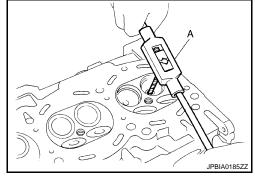
- Take care not to damage cylinder head.
- Once removed, spark plug tube will be deformed and cannot be reused. Never remove it unless absolutely necessary.

ASSEMBLY

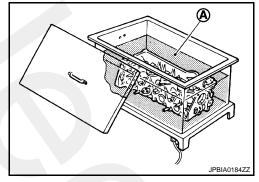
- 1. If valve guide is removed in step 8 (DISASSEMBLY), install it. Replace with oversized [0.2 mm (0.008 in)] valve guide.
- a. Using the valve guide reamer (commercial service tool) (A), ream cylinder head valve guide hole.

Valve guide hole diameter (for service parts): Intake and exhaust

: Refer to EM-139, "Cylinder Head".



b. Heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil (A).



c. Using the valve guide drift (commercial service tool), press valve guide from camshaft side to the dimensions as in the figure.

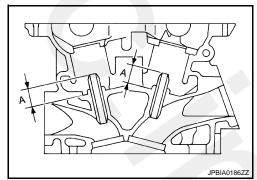
Projection (A)

Intake and exhaust

: Refer to EM-139, "Cylinder Head".

WARNING:

Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.



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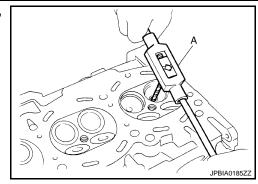
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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

d. Using the valve guide reamer (commercial service tool) (A), apply reamer finish to valve guide.

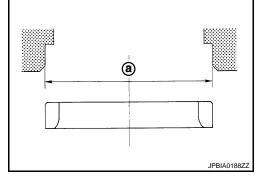
Standard : Refer to <u>EM-139</u>, (Intake and exhaust) "<u>Cylinder Head</u>".



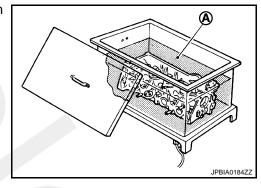
- 2. If valve seat is removed in step 7 (DISASSEMBLY), install it. Replace with oversize [0.5 mm (0.020 in)] valve seat.
- a. Ream cylinder head recess diameter (a) for service valve seat.

Oversize : Refer to <u>EM-139</u>, (Intake and exhaust) "<u>Cylinder Head</u>".

Be sure to ream in circles concentric to valve guide center.
 This will enable valve to fit correctly.



b. Heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil (A).



c. Provide valve seats cooled well with dry ice. Force fit valve seat into cylinder head.

WARNING:

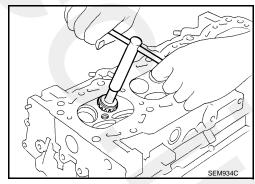
Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned. CAUTION:

Avoid directly touching cold valve seats.

d. Using the valve seat cutter set (commercial service tool) or valve seat grinder, finish seat to the specified dimensions. Refer to <u>EM-139</u>, "Cylinder Head".

CAUTION:

When using the valve seat cutter, firmly grip cutter handle with both hands. Then, press on the contacting surface all around the circumference to cut in a single drive. Improper pressure on with cutter or cutting many different times may result in stage valve seat.



- e. Using compound, grind to adjust valve fitting.
- f. Check again for normal contact. Refer to <a>EM-104, "Inspection".
- Install new valve oil seals as follows:

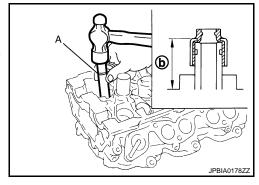
< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- a. Apply new engine oil on valve oil seal joint and seal lip.
- b. Install with the valve oil seal drift [SST: KV10115600 (J-38958)](A) press fit valve seal to height (b) shown in the figure.

NOTE:

Dimension: Height measured before valve spring seat installation.

Intake and exhaust : 14.3 - 14.9 mm (0.563 - 0.587 in)



- 4. Install valve spring seat.
- 5. Install valve.
 - Install it in the original position.

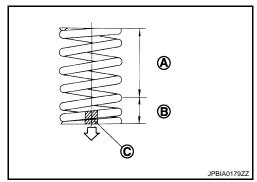
NOTE:

Larger diameter valves are for intake side.

- 6. Install valve spring (uneven pitch type).
 - Install narrow pitch end (paint mark) to cylinder head side (valve spring seat side).

A : Wide pitch
B : Narrow pitch
C : Paint mark

: Cylinder head side



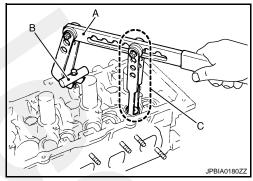
Paint mark color: Blue

- 7. Install valve spring retainer.
- 8. Install valve collet.
 - Compress valve spring with the valve spring compressor [SST: KV10116200 (J26336-A)] (A), the attachment [SST: KV10115900 (J26336-20)] (C) and the adapter [SST: KV10109220 ()] (B). Install valve collet with a magnet hand.

CAUTION:

When working, take care not to damage valve lifter holes.

Tap valve stem edge lightly with plastic hammer after installation to check its installed condition.



- Install valve lifter.
 - · Install it in the original position.
- 10. Install spark plug tube.
 - Press-fit spark plug tube as follows:
- a. Remove old liquid gasket adhering to cylinder head mounting hole.
- b. Apply sealant to area within approximately 12 mm (0.47 in) from edge of spark plug tube press-fit side. Use high strength thread locking sealant or equivalent.

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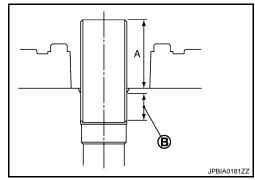
< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- Using a drift, press-fit spark plug tube so that its height (A) is as specified in the figure.
 - B : High strength thread locking sealant application area

Standard press-fit height: 37.7 - 38.7 mm (1.484 - 1.524 in)

CAUTION:

- When press-fitting, take care not to deform spark plug tube.
- After press-fitting, wipe off liquid gasket protruding onto cylinder-head upper face.



11. Install spark plug with the spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).

Inspection

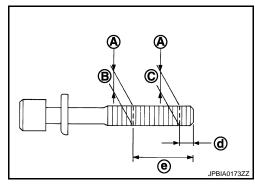
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Cylinder Head Bolts Outer Diameter

 Cylinder head bolts are tightened by plastic zone tightening method. Whenever the size difference between (C) and (B) exceeds the limit, replace them with new one.

A : Measuring point d : 11 mm (0.43 in) e : 48 mm (1.89 in)

 If reduction of outer diameter appears in a position other than (B), use it as (B) point.



Cylinder Head Distortion

NOTE:

When performing this inspection, cylinder block distortion should be also checking. Refer to <u>EM-143.</u> "Cylinder Block".

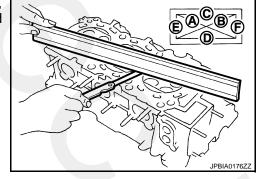
 Using a scraper, wipe off oil, scale, gasket, sealant and carbon deposits from surface of cylinder head. CAUTION:

Never allow gasket fragments to enter engine oil or engine coolant passages.

 At each of several locations on bottom surface of cylinder head, measure the distortion in six directions (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F).

Limit : Refer to EM-139, "Cylinder Head".

If it exceeds the limit, replace cylinder head.



INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Valve Dimensions

- Check the dimensions of each valve. For the dimensions, refer to <u>EM-139</u>. "Cylinder Head".
- If dimensions are out of the standard, replace valve and check valve seat contact. Refer to "Valve Seat Contact".

Valve Guide Clearance

Valve Stem Diameter



< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

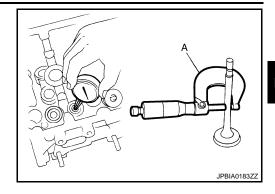
• Measure the diameter of valve stem with micrometer (A).

Standard : Refer to <u>EM-139</u>, (Intake and exhaust) "<u>Cylinder Head</u>".

Valve Guide Inner Diameter

Measure the inner diameter of valve guide with bore gauge.

Standard : Refer to <u>EM-139</u>, (Intake and exhaust) <u>"Cylinder Head"</u>.



Valve Guide Clearance

• (Valve guide clearance) = (Valve guide inner diameter) – (Valve stem diameter)

Valve guide clearance

Standard and limit (Intake and exhaust)

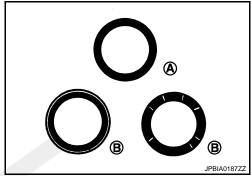
: Refer to EM-139, "Cylinder Head".

• If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace valve and/or valve guide. When valve guide must be replaced, refer to EM-100, "Disassembly and Assembly".

Valve Seat Contact

- After confirming that the dimensions of valve guides and valves are within the specifications, perform this
 procedure.
- Apply prussian blue (or white lead) onto contacting surface of valve seat to check the condition of the valve contact on the surface.
- Check if the contact area band is continuous all around the circumference.
- If not, grind to adjust valve fitting and check again. If the contacting surface still has "NG" conditions (B) even after the recheck, replace valve seat. Refer to <u>EM-100</u>, "<u>Disassembly and Assem-bly"</u>.

A : OK



Valve Spring Squareness

 Set a try square (A) along the side of valve spring and rotate spring. Measure the maximum clearance between the top of spring and try square.

B : Contact

Limit : Refer to EM-139, "Cylinder Head".

If it exceeds the limit, replace valve spring.

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Valve Spring Dimensions and Valve Spring Pressure Load

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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

Check the valve spring pressure at specified spring height.

Standard (Intake and exhaust)

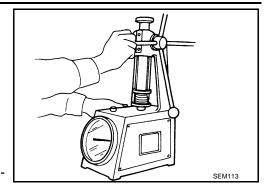
Free height

Installation height
Installation load

: Refer to EM-139, "Cylinder Head".

Height during valve open Load with valve open

 If the installation load or load with valve open is out of the standard, replace valve spring.



INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Inspection for Leakage

The following are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak and exhaust gases leak.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to MA-11, "Fluids and Lubricants".
- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
- Turn ignition switch "ON" (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.
- Warm up engine thoroughly to check there is no leakage of fuel, exhaust gases, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.

Summary of the inspection items:

Items	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level
Other oils and fluid*	Level	Leakage	Level
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage
Exhaust gases	_	Leakage	_

^{*:} Transmission/transaxle/CVT fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

CYLINDER BLOCK

Exploded View

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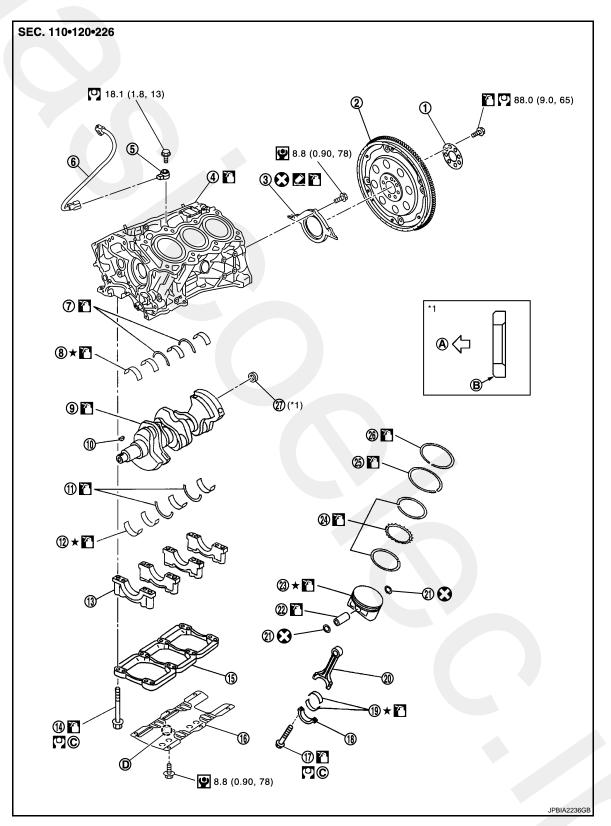
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CYLINDER BLOCK

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

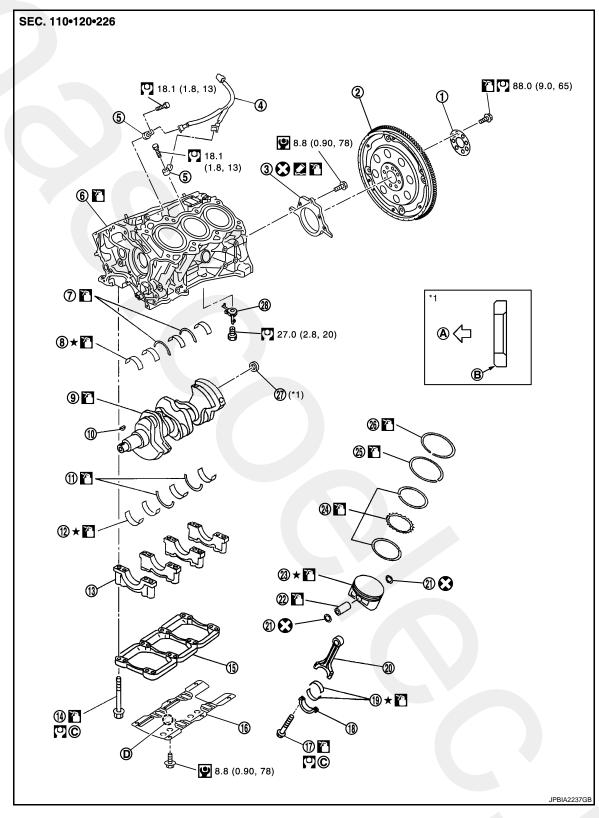
- 1. Reinforcement plate
- 4. Cylinder block
- 7. Thrust bearing (upper)
- 10. Crankshaft key
- 13. Main bearing cap
- 16. Baffle plate
- 19. Connecting rod bearing
- 22. Piston pin
- 25. Second ring
- A. Crankshaft side
- D. Front mark

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

- 2. Drive plate
- 5. Knock sensor
- 8. Main bearing (upper)
- 11. Thrust bearing (lower)
- 14. Main bearing cap bolt
- 17. Connecting rod bolt
- 20. Connecting rod
- 23. Piston
- 26. Top ring
- B. Chamfered

- 3. Rear oil seal retainer
- 6. Sub harness
- 9. Crankshaft
- 12. Main bearing (lower)
- 15. Main bearing beam
- 18. Connecting rod bearing cap
- 21. Snap ring
- 24. Oil ring
- 27. Pilot converter
- C. Refer to EM-110

VQ35DE



- 1. Reinforcement plate
- 4. Sub harness
- 7. Thrust bearing (upper)
- 10. Crankshaft key
- 13. Main bearing cap
- 16. Baffle plate

- 2. Drive plate
- 5. Knock sensor
- 8. Main bearing (upper)
- 11. Thrust bearing (lower)
- 14. Main bearing cap bolt
- 17. Connecting rod bolt

- 3. Rear oil seal retainer
- 6. Cylinder block
- 9. Crankshaft
- 12. Main bearing (lower)
- 15. Main bearing beam
- 18. Connecting rod bearing cap

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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

19. Connecting rod bearing20. Connecting rod21. Snap ring22. Piston pin23. Piston24. Oil ring25. Second ring26. Top ring27. Pilot converter

28. Oil jet

A. Crankshaft side B. Chamfered C. Refer to EM-110

D. Front mark

Refer to GI-4, "Components" for symbols in the figure.

Disassembly and Assembly

INFOID:0000000003802294

DISASSEMBLY

- 1. Remove the following parts:
 - Intake manifold collector: Refer to <u>EM-28</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
 - Intake manifold: Refer to <u>EM-32</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
 - Oil pans (lower and upper): Refer to EM-38. "Exploded View".
 - Front and rear timing chain case: Refer to <u>EM-79</u>, "<u>Exploded View</u>".
 - Cylinder head: Refer to EM-96, "Exploded View".
- 2. Remove knock sensor.

CAUTION:

Carefully handle sensor avoiding shocks.

- 3. Remove rear oil seal retainer.
 - Remove by inserting screwdriver between main bearing cap and rear oil seal retainer.

CAUTION:

If rear oil seal retainer is removed, replace it with new one.

NOTE:

Regard both rear oil seal and retainer as an assembly.

- 4. Remove baffle plate from main bearing beam.
- 5. Remove piston and connecting rod assembly with the following procedure:
 - Before removing piston and connecting rod assembly, check the connecting rod side clearance. Refer to EM-119, "Inspection".

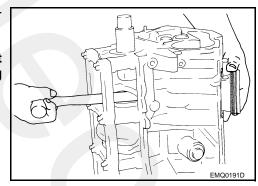
CAUTION:

Be careful not to drop connecting rod bearing, and to scratch the surface.

- a. Position crankshaft pin corresponding to connecting rod to be removed onto the bottom dead center.
- b. Remove connecting rod bearing cap.
- c. Using a hammer handle or similar tool, push piston and connecting rod assembly out to the cylinder head side.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the cylinder wall and crankshaft pin, resulting from an interference of the connecting rod big end.



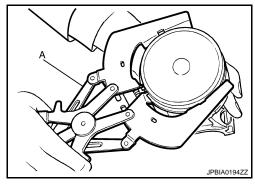
6. Remove connecting rod bearings from connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap.

CALITION

- Be careful not to drop connecting rod bearing, and to scratch the surface.
- Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
- 7. Remove piston rings form piston.
 - Before removing piston rings, check the piston ring side clearance. Refer to EM-119, "Inspection".

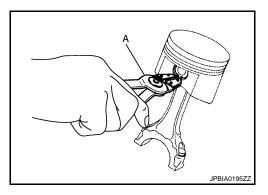
< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- Use a piston ring expander (commercial service tool) (A).
 CAUTION:
- When removing piston rings, be careful not to damage piston.
- Be careful not to damage piston rings by expanding them excessively.

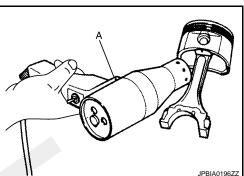


8. Remove piston from connecting rod as follows:

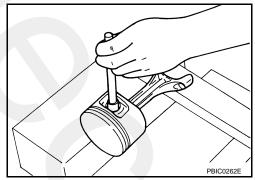
a. Using a snap ring pliers (A), remove snap rings.



b. Heat piston to 60 to 70°C (140 to 158°F) with an industrial use drier (A) or equivalent.



c. Push out piston pin with stick of outer diameter approximately 20 mm (0.79 in).



9. Remove main bearing cap bolts.

NOTE:

Before loosening main bearing cap bolts, measure the crankshaft end play. Refer to <u>EM-119</u>. "Inspection".

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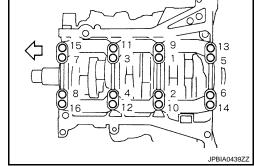
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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

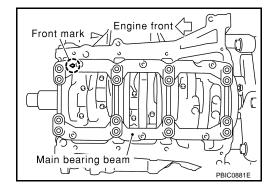
 Loosen main bearing cap bolts in the reverse order shown in the figure in several different steps.



: Engine front



10. Remove main bearing beam.

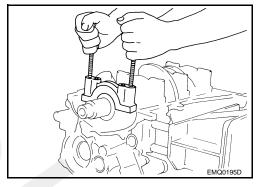


11. Remove main bearing caps.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to drop main bearing, and to scratch the sur-

 Using main bearing cap bolts, remove main bearing cap while shaking it back-and-forth.



- 12. Remove crankshaft.
- 13. Remove main bearings and thrust bearings from cylinder block and main bearing caps.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to drop main bearing, and to scratch the surface.
- Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
- 14. Remove oil jet. (VQ35DE)

ASSEMBLY

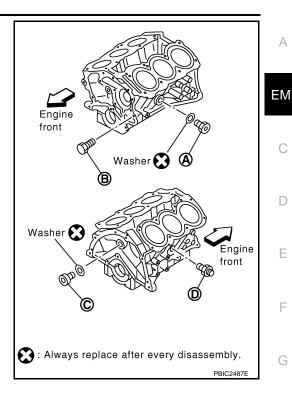
1. Fully air-blow engine coolant and engine oil passages in cylinder block, cylinder bore and crankcase to remove any foreign material.

CAUTION:

Use a goggles to protect your eye.

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- Install each plug to cylinder block as shown in the figure.
 - : Water drain plug
 - Apply sealant to the thread of water drain plug (A). Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.
 - Apply sealant to the thread of connector bolt (D). **Use Genuine Liquid Gasket or equivalent.**
 - Apply sealant to the thread of plug (C). Use high strength thread locking sealant or equivalent.
 - Replace washers with new one.

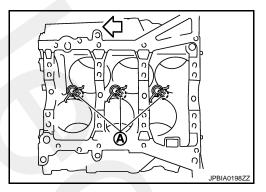


• Tighten each plug and connector bolt as specified below.

Part	Washer	Tightening torque
A	Yes	62.0 N·m (6.3 kg-m, 46 ft-lb)
В	No	9.8 N·m (1.0 kg-m, 87 in-lb)
С	Yes	62.0 N·m (6.3 kg-m, 46 ft-lb)
D	No	39.2 N·m (4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb)

- Install oil jet. (VQ35DE)
 - Insert oil jet dowel pin (A) into cylinder block dowel pin hole, and tighten mounting bolts.

: Engine front



Install main bearings and thrust bearings as follows: **CAUTION:**

Be careful not to drop main bearing, and to scratch the surface.

Remove dust, dirt, and engine oil on bearing mating surfaces of cylinder block and main bearing caps.

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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

Install thrust bearings (1) to the both sides of the No. 3 journal housing on cylinder block and main bearing cap.

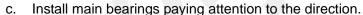
> : No. 1 Α В : No. 2 : No. 3 C : No. 4 D

: Thrust bearing installation position

: Engine front

 Install thrust bearings with the oil groove (E) facing crankshaft arm (outside).

 Install thrust bearing with a projection on one end on cylinder block, and thrust bearing with a projection at center on main bearing cap. Align each projection with mating notch.



 Main bearing with oil hole (B) and groove (C) goes on cylinder block. The one without them goes on main bearing cap.

: Cylinder block side : Main bearing cap side

: Engine front

 Before installing main bearings, apply engine oil to the bearing surface (inside). Do not apply engine oil to the back surface, but thoroughly clean it.

• When installing, align main bearing stopper protrusion to cutout of cylinder block and main bearing caps.

Ensure the oil holes on cylinder block and those on the corresponding bearing are aligned.



· While turning crankshaft by hand, check that it turns smoothly.

Install main bearing caps.

 Main bearing caps are identified by identification mark cast on them. For installation, face front mark (E) to front side.

: No. 1 В : No. 2 : No. 3 : No. 4 : Engine front

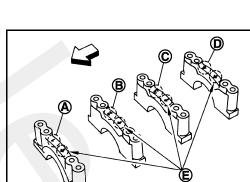
NOTE:

Main bearing cap cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with cylinder block.

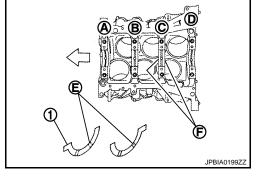
7. Install main bearing beam.

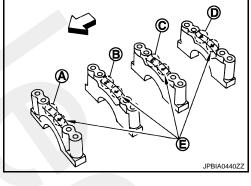
Install main bearing beam with front mark facing downward (oil pan side).

· Install main bearing beam with front mark facing front of the engine.



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Engine from

Front mark

Main bearing beam

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

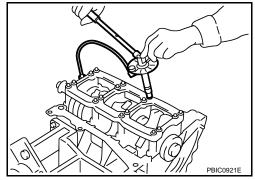
- Install main bearing cap bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure as follows:
 - : Engine front
- Inspect the outer diameter of main bearing cap bolt. Refer to EM-119, "Inspection".
- b. Apply new engine oil to threads and seat surfaces of main bearing cap bolts.
- Tighten main bearing cap bolts in several different steps.

(3.6 kg-m, 26 ft-lb)

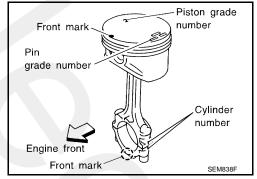
d. Turn all main bearing cap bolts 90 degrees clockwise (angle tightening). **CAUTION:**

Use the angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)] to check tightening angle. Never make judgment by visual inspection.

- After installing main bearing cap bolts, check that crankshaft can be rotated smoothly by hand.
- Check the crankshaft end play. Refer to EM-119, "Inspection".



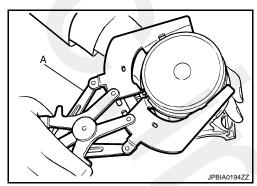
- Install piston to connecting rod as follows:
- Using snap ring pliers, install new snap ring to the groove of piston rear side.
 - Insert it fully into groove to install.
- Install piston to connecting rod.
 - Using an industrial drier or similar tool, heat piston until piston pin can be pushed in by hand without excess force [approximately 60 to 70°C (140 to 158°F)]. From the front to the rear, insert piston pin into piston and connecting rod.
 - Assemble so that the front mark on the piston crown and the cylinder number on connecting rod are positioned as shown in the figure.
- Install new snap ring to the groove of the piston front side.
 - Insert it fully into groove to install.
 - After installing, check that connecting rod moves smoothly.



10. Using a piston ring expander (commercial service tool) (A), install piston rings.

CAUTION:

- · When installing piston rings, be careful not to damage
- Be careful not to damage piston rings by expending them excessively.



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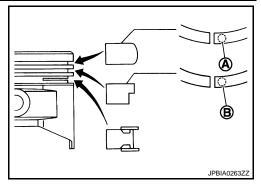
< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

If there is stamped mark on ring, mount it with marked side up.
 NOTE:

If there is no stamp on ring, no specific orientation is required for installation.

Stamped mark: VQ25DE VQ35DE

Top ring (A) : R :—
Second ring (B) : R 2 : 2 R



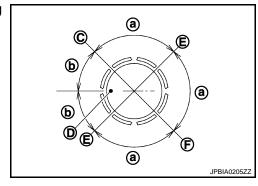
• Position each ring with the gap as shown in the figure referring to the piston front mark (D).

C: Top ring gap

E : Oil ring upper or lower rail gap (either of then)

F : Second ring and oil ring spacer gap

a : 90 degrees b : 45 degrees

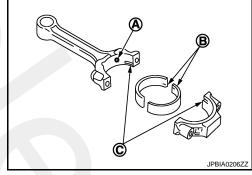


- Check the piston rings side clearance. Refer to <u>EM-119</u>, "Inspection".
- 11. Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to drop connecting rod bearing, and to scratch the surface.

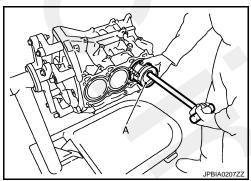
- Before installing connecting rod bearings, apply engine oil to the bearing surface (inside). Do not apply engine oil to the back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
- When installing, align connecting rod bearing stopper protrusion (B) with cutout (C) of connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap to install.
- Ensure the oil hole (A) on connecting rod and that on the corresponding bearing are aligned.



- 12. Install piston and connecting rod assembly to crankshaft.
 - Position crankshaft pin corresponding to connecting rod to be installed onto the bottom dead center.
 - Apply engine oil sufficiently to the cylinder bore, piston and crankshaft pin journal.
 - Match the cylinder position with the cylinder number on connecting rod to install.
 - Be sure that front mark on piston crown is facing front of engine.
 - Using a piston ring compressor [SST: EM03470000 (J8037)]
 (A) or suitable tool, install piston with the front mark on the piston crown facing the front of the engine.

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage the cylinder wall and crankshaft pin, resulting from an interference of the connecting rod big end.



(C)

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- 13. Install connecting rod bearing cap.
 - Match the stamped cylinder number marks on connecting rod with those on connecting rod bearing cap to install.

A : Sample codes

B : Bearing stopper groove

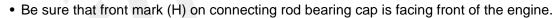
C : Small-end diameter grade

D : Standard stamp

E : Weight gradeF : Cylinder No.

G : Management code

I : Management code





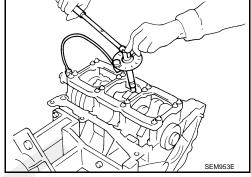
- a. Inspect the outer diameter of connecting rod bolt. Refer to <a>EM-119, "Inspection".
- b. Apply engine oil to the threads and seats of connecting rod bolts.
- c. Tighten connecting rod bolts.

(2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)

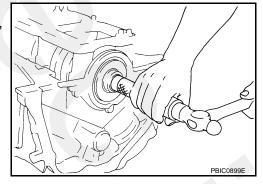
d. Then tighten all connecting rod bolts 90 degrees clockwise (angle tightening).
 CAUTION:

Always use the angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)]. Avoid tightening based on visual check alone.

- After tightening connecting rod bolts, check that crankshaft rotates smoothly.
- Check the connecting rod side clearance. Refer to <u>EM-119</u>, "Inspection".



- 15. Install baffle plate to main bearing beam.
- 16. Install new rear oil seal retainer to cylinder block. Refer to EM-94, "REAR OIL SEAL: Removal and Installation".
- 17. Install pilot converter.
 - With drift [outer diameter: approximately 33 mm (1.30 in)], press-fit as far as it will go.



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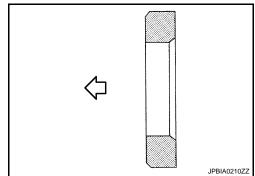
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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

 Press-fit pilot converter with its chamfer facing crankshaft as shown in the figure.

<□ : Crankshaft side



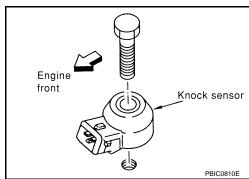
- 18. Install knock sensors.
 - VQ25DE
 - Install knock sensor so that connector faces the front of the engine.
 - After installing knock sensor, connect harness connector, and lay it out to rear of engine.

CAUTION:

- Never tighten mounting bolts while holding connector.
- If any impact by dropping is applied to knock sensor, replace it with new one.

NOTE:

- Check that there is no foreign material on the cylinder block mating surface and the back surface of knock sensor.
- Check that knock sensor does not interfere with other parts.



VQ35DE

 Install knock sensor so that connector faces the rear of the engine.

A : Bank 1
B : Bank 2

<□ : Engine front

 After installing knock sensor, connect harness connector, and lay it out to rear of engine.

CAUTION:

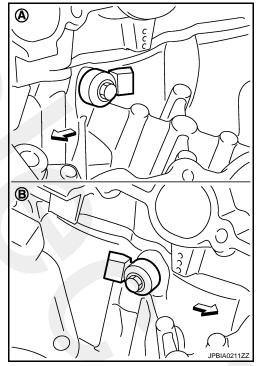
- Never tighten mounting bolts while holding connector.
- If any impact by dropping is applied to knock sensor, replace it with new one.

NOTE:

- Check that there is no foreign material on the cylinder block mating surface and the back surface of knock sensor.
- Check that knock sensor does not interfere with other parts.
- 19. Note the following, assemble in the reverse order of disassembly after this step.

Drive plate

- When installing drive plate to crankshaft, be sure to correctly align crankshaft side dowel pin and drive plate side dowel pin hole.
- If these are not aligned correctly, engine runs roughly and "MI" turns on.



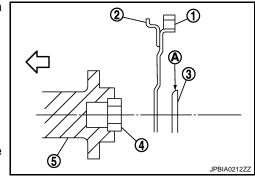
< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

 Install drive plate (2) and reinforcement plate (3) as shown in the figure.

1 : Ring gear4 : Pilot converter5 : CrankshaftA : Rounded

: Engine front

- Holding ring gear with the pulley holder (commercial service tool).
- Tighten mounting bolts crosswise over several times.



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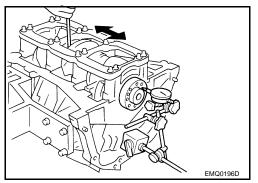
Inspection

CRANKSHAFT END PLAY

 Measure the clearance between thrust bearings and crankshaft arm when crankshaft is moved fully forward or backward with a dial indicator.

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block"

 If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace thrust bearings, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft also.

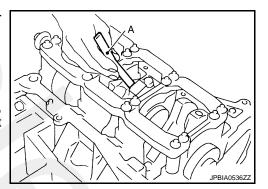


CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE

 Measure the side clearance between connecting rod and crankshaft arm with a feeler gauge (A).

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

 If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft also.

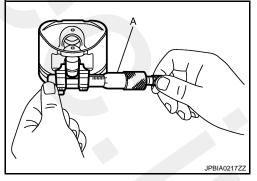


PISTON TO PISTON PIN OIL CLEARANCE

Piston Pin Hole Diameter

Measure the inner diameter of piston pin hole with an inside micrometer (A).

Standard: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".



Piston Pin Outer Diameter

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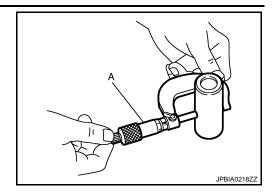
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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

Measure the outer diameter of piston pin with a micrometer (A).

Standard: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".



Piston to Piston Pin Oil Clearance

(Piston to piston pin oil clearance) = (Piston pin hole diameter) - (Piston pin outer diameter)

Standard: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

- If the calculated value is out of the standard, replace piston and piston pin assembly.
- When replacing piston and piston pin assembly, refer to <u>EM-129</u>, "<u>Description</u>".
 NOTE:
 - Piston is available together with piston pin as assembly.
 - Piston pin (piston pin hole) grade is provided only for the parts installed at the plant. For service parts, no piston pin grades can be selected. (Only "0" grade is available.)

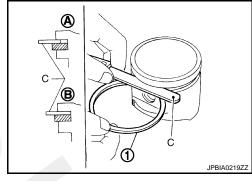
PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE

 Measure the side clearance of piston ring (1) and piston ring groove with a feeler gauge (C).

A:NGB:OK

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

• If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace piston ring, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace piston also.



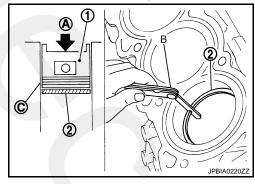
PISTON RING END GAP

- Check that the cylinder bore inner diameter is within the specification. Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".
- Lubricate with new engine oil to piston (1) and piston ring (2), and then insert piston ring until middle of cylinder with piston, and measure the piston ring end gap with a feeler gauge (B).

A : Press-fitC : Measuring point

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

 If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace piston ring, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, rebore cylinder and use oversize piston and piston rings.



CONNECTING ROD BEND AND TORSION

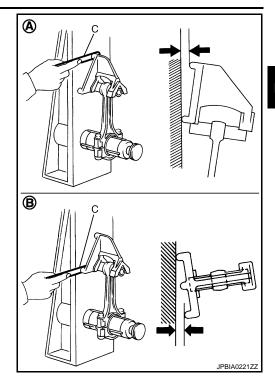
< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

• Check with a connecting rod aligner.

A : BendB : TorsionC : Feeler gauge

Bend limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

• If it exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly.



CONNECTING ROD BIG END DIAMETER

- Install connecting rod bearing cap without installing connecting rod bearing, and tightening connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-110</u>, "<u>Disassembly and Assembly</u>" for the tightening procedure.
 - 1 : Connecting rod
- Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod big end with an inside micrometer.

Standard: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

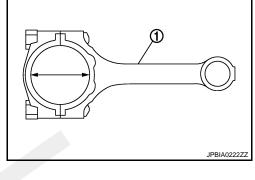
• If out of the standard, replace connecting rod assembly.

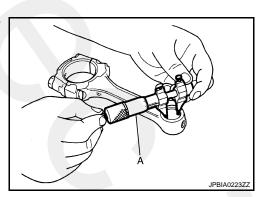
CONNECTING ROD BUSHING OIL CLEARANCE

Connecting Rod Bushing Inner Diameter

Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod bushing with an inside micrometer (A).

Standard: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".





Piston Pin Outer Diameter

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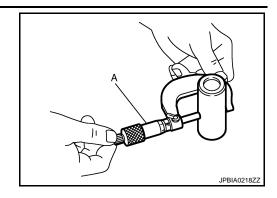
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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

Measure the outer diameter of piston pin with a micrometer (A).

Standard: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".



Connecting Rod Bushing Oil Clearance

(Connecting rod bushing oil clearance) = (Connecting rod bushing inner diameter) – (Piston pin outer diameter)

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly and/or piston and piston pin assembly.
- If replacing piston and piston pin assembly, refer to EM-129, "Description".
- If replacing connecting rod assembly, refer to <u>EM-130</u>,
 <u>"Connecting Rod Bearing"</u> to select the connecting rod bearing.



B : Bearing stopper groove

C : Small-end diameter grade

D : Standard stamp

E: Weight grade

F : Cylinder No.

G: Management code

H: Front mark

I : Management code

Factory installed parts grading:

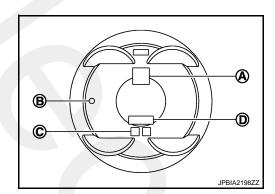
- Service parts apply only to grade "0".
- VQ25DĖ

A : Piston grade number

B : Front mark

C : Piston pin grade number

D : Identification code



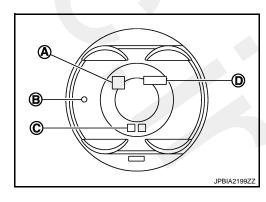
- VQ35DE

A : Piston grade number

B : Front mark

C : Piston pin grade number

D : Identification code



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Grade	0	1
Connecting rod bushing inner diameter *	22.000 - 22.006 (0.8661 - 0.8664)	22.006 - 22.012 (0.8664 - 0.8666)
Piston pin hole diameter	21.993 - 21.999 (0.8659 - 0.8661)	21.999 - 22. 005 (0.8661 - 0.8663)
Piston pin outer diameter	21.989 - 21.995 (0.8657 - 0.8659)	21.995 - 22.001 (0.8659 - 0.8662)

^{*:} After installing in connecting rod

CYLINDER BLOCK DISTORTION

 Using a scraper, remove gasket on the cylinder block surface, and also remove engine oil, scale, carbon, or other contamination.

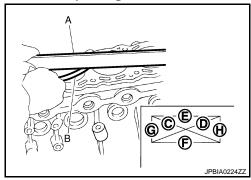
CAUTION:

Be careful not to allow gasket flakes to enter engine oil or engine coolant passages.

 Measure the distortion on the cylinder block upper face at some different points in six directions (C), (D), (E), (F), (G) and (H) with a straightedge (A) and a feeler gauge (B).

Limit: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

• If it exceeds the limit, replace cylinder block.



MAIN BEARING HOUSING INNER DIAMETER

- Install main bearing caps (2) and main bearing beam without installing main bearings, and tighten main bearing cap bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-110</u>, "<u>Disassembly and Assembly</u>" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of main bearing housing with a bore gauge.

Standard: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

 If out of the standard, replace cylinder block (1) and main bearing caps as assembly.

NOTE:

Cylinder block cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with main bearing caps.

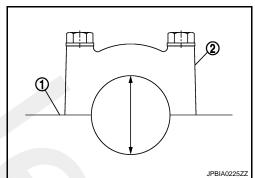
PISTON TO CYLINDER BORE CLEARANCE

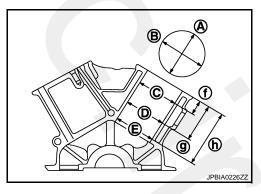
Cylinder Bore inner Diameter

 Using a bore gauge, measure cylinder bore for wear, out-of-round and taper at six different points on each cylinder. [(A) and (B) directions at (C), (D) and (E)] is in longitudinal direction of engine.

> f : 10 mm (0.39 in) g : 60 mm (2.36 in) h : 120 mm (4.72 in)

Standard and limit: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".





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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, or if there are scratches and/or seizure on the cylinder inner wall, hone or rebore the inner wall
- Oversize piston is provided. When using oversize piston, rebore cylinder so that the clearance of the piston to cylinder bore satisfies the standard.

CAUTION:

When using oversize piston, use oversize pistons for all cylinders with oversize piston rings.

Oversize (O/S) : 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

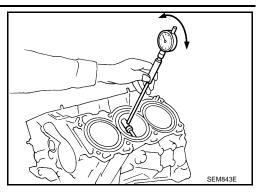
Piston Skirt Diameter

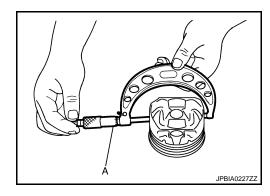
Measure the outer diameter of piston skirt with a micrometer (A).

Measure point

Standard

: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".





Piston-to-Cylinder Bore Clearance

Calculate by piston skirt diameter and cylinder bore inner diameter [direction (B), position (D)]. (Clearance) = (Cylinder bore inner diameter) – (Piston skirt diameter).

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace piston and piston pin assembly. Refer to <u>EM-129, "Piston"</u>. Reboring Cylinder Bore
- 1. Cylinder bore size is determined by adding piston to cylinder bore clearance to piston skirt diameter.

Rebored size calculation: D = A + B - C where,

A: Piston skirt diameter as measured

B: Piston to cylinder bore clearance (standard value)

C: Honing allowance 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

D: Bored diameter

- 2. Install main bearing caps and main bearing beam, and tighten to the specified torque. Otherwise, cylinder bores may be distorted in final assembly.
- 3. Cut cylinder bores.

NOTE:

- When any cylinder needs boring, all other cylinders must also be bored.
- Do not cut too much out of cylinder bore at a time. Cut only 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) or so in diameter at a time
- 4. Hone cylinders to obtain the specified piston to cylinder bore clearance.
- 5. Measure finished cylinder bore for the out-of-round and taper.

NOTE:

Measurement should be done after cylinder bore cools down.

CRANKSHAFT MAIN JOURNAL DIAMETER

Measure the outer diameter of crankshaft main journals with a micrometer.

Standard: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

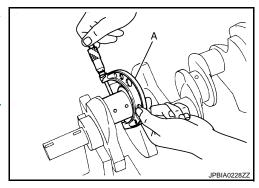
• If out of the standard, measure the main bearing oil clearance. Then use undersize bearing. Refer to EM-132, "Main Bearing".

CRANKSHAFT PIN JOURNAL DIAMETER

 Measure the outer diameter of crankshaft pin journal with a micrometer (A).

Standard: Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

 If out of the standard, measure the connecting rod bearing oil clearance. Then use undersize bearing. Refer to <u>EM-130</u>, <u>"Connecting Rod Bearing"</u>.

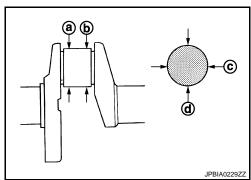


CRANKSHAFT OUT-OF-ROUND AND TAPER

- Measure the dimensions at four different points as shown in the figure on each main journal and pin journal with a micrometer.
- Out-of-round is indicated by the difference in the dimensions between (d) and (c) at (a) and (b).
- Taper is indicated by the difference in the dimensions between.

Limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, correct or replace crankshaft.
- If corrected, measure the bearing oil clearance of the corrected main journal and/or pin journal. Then select the main bearing and/ or connecting rod bearing. Refer to EM-132, "Main Bearing" and/ or EM-130, "Connecting Rod Bearing".

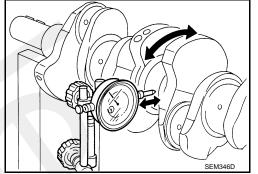


CRANKSHAFT RUNOUT

- Place V-block on precise flat table, and support the journals on the both end of crankshaft.
- Place a dial indicator straight up on the No. 3 journal.
- While rotating crankshaft, read the movement of the pointer on a dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

Standard and limit : Refer to EM-143, "Cylinder Block".

• If it exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft.



CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

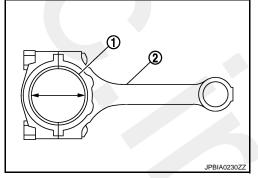
Method by Calculation

- Install connecting rod bearings (1) to connecting rod (2) and connecting rod cap, and tighten connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to EM-110, "Disassembly and Assembly" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod bearing with an inside micrometer.

(Oil clearance) = (Connecting rod bearing inner diameter) – (Crankshaft pin journal diameter)

Standard and limit: Refer to EM-147.

"Connecting Rod Bearing".



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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

• If the calculated value exceeds the limit, select proper connecting rod bearing according to connecting rod big end diameter and crankshaft pin journal diameter to obtain the specified bearing oil clearance. Refer to EM-130, "Connecting Rod Bearing".

Method of Using Plastigage

- Remove oil and dust on crankshaft pin journal and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut a plastigage slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil
 holes.
- Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap, and tighten connecting
 rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-110</u>, "<u>Disassembly and Assembly</u>" for the tightening procedure.

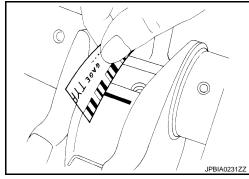
CAUTION:

Never rotate crankshaft.

• Remove connecting rod bearing cap and bearings, and using the scale on the plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.

NOTE:

The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is same as that described in the "Method by Calculation".



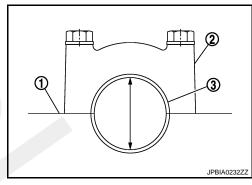
MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

Method by Calculation

- Install main bearings (3) to cylinder block (1) and main bearing caps (2), and main bearing cap bolts with main bearing beam to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-110</u>, "<u>Disassembly and Assem-bly</u>" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of main bearing with a bore gauge.
 (Oil clearance) = (Main bearing inner diameter) (Crankshaft main journal diameter)



• If the calculated value exceeds the limit, select proper main bearing according to main bearing inner diameter and crankshaft main journal diameter to obtain the specified bearing oil clearance. Refer to EM-132, "Main Bearing".



Method of Using Plastigage

- Remove engine oil and dust on crankshaft journal and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut a plastigage slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil holes.
- Install main bearing to cylinder block and main bearing caps, and tighten main bearing cap bolts with main bearing beam to the specified torque. Refer to <u>EM-110</u>. "<u>Disassembly</u> and <u>Assembly</u>" for the tightening procedure.

CAUTION:

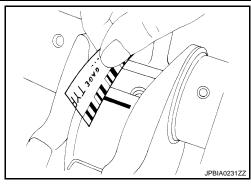
Never rotate crankshaft.

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

• Remove main bearing caps and bearings, and using the scale on the plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.

NOTE:

The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is same as that described in the "Method by Calculation".



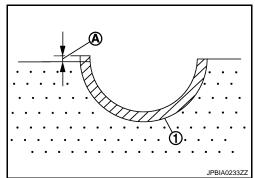
MAIN BEARING CRUSH HEIGHT

 When main bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with main bearings (1) installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude. Refer to <u>EM-110</u>, "<u>Disassembly and Assembly</u>" for the tightening procedure.

A : Crush height

Standard : There must be crush height.

If the standard is not met, replace main bearings.



CONNECTING ROD BEARING CRUSH HEIGHT

 When connecting rod bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with connecting rod bearings (1) installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude. Refer to <u>EM-110</u>, "<u>Disassem-bly and Assembly</u>" for the tightening procedure.

A : Crush height

Standard : There must be crush height.

If the standard is not met, replace connecting rod bearings.

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MAIN BEARING CAP BOLT OUTER DIAMETER

 Measure the outer diameters (c), (d) at two positions as shown in the figure.

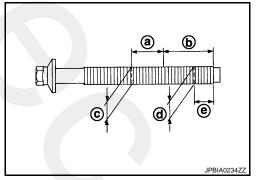
> a : 20 mm (0.79 in) b : 30 mm (1.18 in) e : 10 mm (0.39 in)

If reduction appears in (a) range, regard it (c).

Limit [(d) - (c)] : 0.11 mm (0.0043 in)

• If it exceeds the limit (large difference in dimensions), replace main bearing cap bolt with new one.





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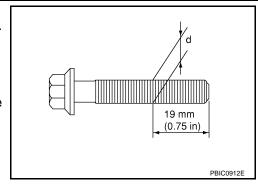
• Measure the outer diameter (d) at position shown in the figure.

• If the reduction appears in a position other than (d), regard it as (d).

Standard : 7.90 - 8.00 mm (0.3110 - 0.3150 in)

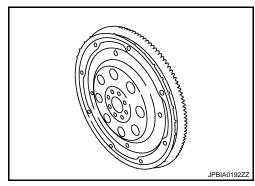
Limit : 7.75 mm (0.3051 in)

 When (d) exceeds the limit (when it becomes thinner), replace connecting rod bolt with new one.



DRIVE PLATE

- Check drive plate and signal plate for deformation or damage.
 CAUTION:
 - · Never disassemble drive plate.
 - · Never place drive plate with signal plate facing down.
 - When handling signal plate, take care not to damage or scratch it.
 - Handle signal plate in a manner that prevents it from becoming magnetized.
- If anything is found, replace drive plate.

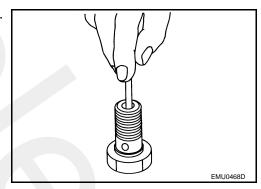


OIL JET (VQ35DE)

- · Check nozzle for deformation and damage.
- Blow compressed air from nozzle, and check for clogs.
- If it is not satisfied, clean or replace oil jet.

OIL JET RELIEF VALVE (VQ35DE)

- Using a clean plastic stick, press check valve in oil jet relief valve. Check that valve moves smoothly with proper reaction force.
- If it is not satisfied, replace oil jet relief valve.



< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

HOW TO SELECT PISTON AND BEARING

Description

Selection points	Selection points Selection parts		Selection methods
Between cylinder block and crankshaft	Main bearing	Main bearing grade (bearing thickness)	Determined by match of cylinder block bearing housing grade (inner diameter of housing) and crankshaft journal grade (outer diameter of journal)
Between crankshaft and con- necting rod	Connecting rod bearing	Connecting rod bearing grade (bearing thickness)	Combining service grades for connecting rod big end diameter and crankshaft pin outer diameter determine connecting rod bearing selection.
Between cylinder block and piston	Piston and piston pin assembly (Piston is available together with piston pin as assembly.)	Piston grade (piston skirt diameter)	Piston grade = cylinder bore grade (inner diameter of bore)
Between piston and connecting rod*	-	_	_

^{*:} For the service parts, the grade for fitting cannot be selected between piston pin and connecting rod. (Only "0" grade is available.) The information at the shipment from the plant is described as a reference.

- The identification grade stamped on each part is the grade for the dimension measured in new condition. This grade cannot apply to reused parts.
- For reused or repaired parts, measure the dimension accurately. Determine the grade by comparing the measurement with the values of each selection table.
- For details of the measurement method of each part, the reuse standards and the selection method of the selective fitting parts, refer to the text.

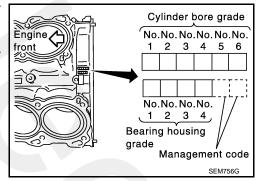
Piston

WHEN NEW CYLINDER BLOCK IS USED

Check the cylinder bore grade ("1", "2" or "3") on rear side of cylinder block, and select piston of the same grade.

NOTE:

Piston is available with piston pin as a set for the service part. (Only "0" grade piston pin is available.)



WHEN NEW CYLINDER BLOCK IS REUSED

- 1. Measure the cylinder bore inner diameter. Refer to EM-119, "Inspection".
- Determine the bore grade by comparing the measurement with the values under the cylinder bore inner diameter of the "PISTON SELECTION TABLE".

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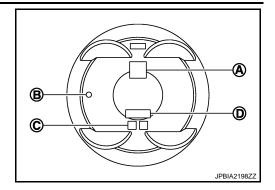
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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

VQ25DE

A : Piston grade number

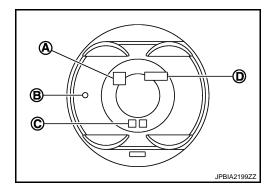
B : Front markC : Piston pin gradeD : Identification code



VQ35DE

A : Piston grade number

B : Front markC : Piston pin gradeD : Identification code



3. Select piston of the same grade.

PISTON SELECTION TABLE

VQ25DE

Unit: mm (in)

Grade	1	2	3
Cylinder bore inner diameter	85.000 - 85.010	85.010 - 85.020	85.020 - 85.030
	(3.3465 - 3.3468)	(3.3468 - 3.3472)	(3.3472 - 3.3476)
Piston skirt diameter	84.980 - 84.990	84.990 - 85.000	85.000 - 85.010
	(3.3457 - 3.3461)	(3.3461 - 3.3465)	(3.3465 - 3.3468)

VQ35DE

Unit: mm (in)

Grade	1	2	3
Cylinder bore inner diameter	95.500 - 95.510	95.510 - 95.520	95.520 - 95.530
	(3.7598 - 3.7602)	(3.7602 - 3.7606)	(3.7606 - 3.7610)
Piston skirt diameter	95.480 - 95.490	95.490 - 95.500	95.500 - 95.510
	(3.7590 - 3.7594)	(3.7594 - 3.7598)	(3.7598 - 3.7602)

NOTE:

- Piston is available together with piston pin as assembly.
- Piston pin (piston pin hole) grade is provided only for the parts installed at the plant. For service parts, no piston pin grades can be selected. (Only "0" grade is available.)
- No second grade mark is available on piston.

Connecting Rod Bearing

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WHEN NEW CONNECTING ROD AND CRANKSHAFT ARE USED

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

• Check pin diameter grade ("0", "1" or "2") on front of crankshaft, and select connecting rod bearing of the same grade.

A : Journal diameter grade No. 1B : Journal diameter grade No. 2

C : Journal diameter grade No. 3

D : Journal diameter grade No. 4

E : Pin diameter grade No. 1

F: Pin diameter grade No. 2

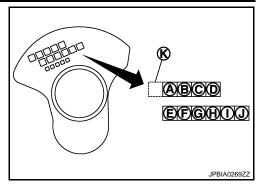
G: Pin diameter grade No. 3

H : Pin diameter grade No. 4

I : Pin diameter grade No. 5

J : Pin diameter grade No. 6

K: Identification



48.000 - 48.013 (1.8898 - 1.8903)

NOTE:

There is no grading for connecting rod big end diameter.

WHEN CONNECTING ROD AND CRANKSHAFT ARE REUSED

- Measure the connecting rod big end diameter. Refer to <u>EM-119</u>, "Inspection".
- 2. Check that the connecting rod big end diameter is within the standard value.
- Measure the crankshaft pin journal diameter. Refer to <u>EM-119</u>, "Inspection".
- 4. Determine the grade of crankshaft pin diameter grade by corresponding to the measured dimension in "Crankshaft pin journal diameter" column of "CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION TABLE".
- Select connecting rod bearing of the same grade.

Connecting rod big end diameter

CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION TABLE

VQ25DE

Unit: mm (in)

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				Unit: mm (in)
Crankshaft		Connecting rod bearing		
Crankshaft pin journal diameter	Grade (Mark)	Dimension (Bearing thickness range)	Bearing grade No.	Color
44.968 - 44.974 (1.7704 - 1.7706)	0	1.500 - 1.503 (0.0591 - 0.0592)	STD 0	Black
44.962 - 44.968 (1.7702 - 1.7704)	1	1.503 - 1.506 (0.0592 - 0.0593)	STD 1	Brown
44.956 - 44.962 (1.7699 - 1.7702)	2	1.506 - 1.509 (0.0593 - 0.0594)	STD 2	Green

VQ35DE

Unit: mm (in)

Connecting rod big end diameter	55.000 - 55.013 (2.1654 - 2.1659)

Unit: mm (in)

Crankshaft		Connecting rod bearing		
Crankshaft pin journal diameter	Grade (Mark)	Dimension (Bearing thickness range)	Bearing grade No.	Color
51.968 - 51.974 (2.0460 - 2.0462)	0	1.500 - 1.503 (0.0591 - 0.0592)	STD 0	Black
51.962 - 51.968 (2.0457 - 2.0460)	1	1.503 - 1.506 (0.0592 - 0.0593)	STD 1	Brown
51.956 - 51.962 (2.0455 - 2.0457)	2	1.506 - 1.509 (0.0593 - 0.0594)	STD 2	Green

CONNECTING ROD BEARING GRADE TABLE

Connecting rod bearing grade table : Refer to EM-147, "Connecting Rod Bearing".

UNDERSIZE BEARING USAGE GUIDE

 When the specified connecting rod bearing oil clearance is not obtained with standard size connecting rod bearings, use undersize (US) bearings.

EM-131

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

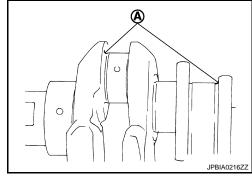
 When using undersize (US) bearing, measure the connecting rod bearing inner diameter with bearing installed, and grind crankshaft pin so that the connecting rod bearing oil clearance satisfies the standard.

CAUTION:

In grinding crankshaft pin to use undersize bearings, keep the fillet R (A) [1.5 - 1.7 mm (0.059 - 0.067 in)].

Bearing under- : Refer to EM-147.

size table "Connecting Rod Bearing".

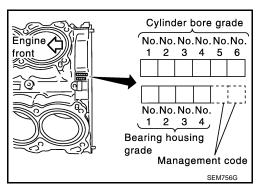


Main Bearing

INFOID:0000000003802299

WHEN NEW CYLINDER BLOCK AND CRANKSHAFT ARE USED

1. "MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE" rows correspond to bearing housing grade on rear left side of cylinder block.



"MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE" columns correspond to journal diameter grade on front side of crankshaft.

A : Journal diameter grade No. 1

B : Journal diameter grade No. 2

C : Journal diameter grade No. 3

D : Journal diameter grade No. 4

E: Pin diameter grade No. 1

E . Fili diameter grade No. 1

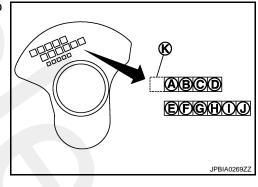
F: Pin diameter grade No. 2G: Pin diameter grade No. 3

H : Pin diameter grade No. 4

I : Pin diameter grade No. 5

J : Pin diameter grade No. 6

K : Identification code



- Select main bearing grade at the point where selected row and column meet in "MAIN BEARING SELEC-TION TABLE".
- 4. Apply sign at crossing in above step 3 to "MAIN BEARING GRADE TABLE".

NOTE:

- "MAIN BEARING GRADE TABLE" applies to all journals.
- Service parts is available as a set of both upper and lower.

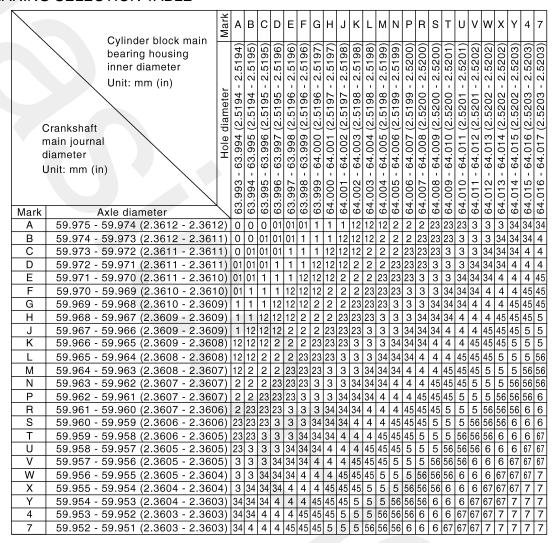
WHEN CYLINDER BLOCK AND CRANKSHAFT ARE REUSED

- Measure cylinder block main bearing housing inner diameter and crankshaft main journal diameter. Refer to <u>EM-119</u>, "<u>Inspection</u>".
- Correspond the measured dimension in "Cylinder block main bearing housing inner diameter" row of "MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE".

< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

- 3. Correspond the measured dimension in "Crankshaft main journal diameter" column of "MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE".
- Follow step 3 and later in "When New Cylinder Block and Crankshaft are Used".

MAIN BEARING SELECTION TABLE



PBIC5332E

MAIN BEARING GRADE TABLE (ALL JOURNALS)

Main bearing grade table (All journals) : Refer to EM-146, "Main Bearing".

UNDERSIZE BEARING USAGE GUIDE

- When the specified main bearing oil clearance is not obtained with standard size main bearings, use undersize (US) bearing.
- When using undersize (US) bearing, measure the main bearing inner diameter with bearing installed, and grind main journal so that the main bearing oil clearance satisfies the standard.
 CAUTION:

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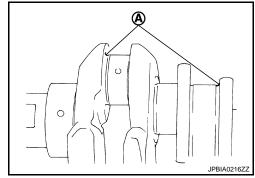
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< DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY >

In grinding crankshaft main journal to use undersize bearings, keep the fillet R (A) [1.5 - 1.7 mm (0.059 - 0.067 in)].

Bearing undersize : Refer to <u>EM-146</u>, table : <u>Main Bearing</u>".



< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

General Specification

Cylinder number

INFOID:0000000003802300

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GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Engine	VQ25DE	VQ35DE		
Cylinder arrangement		V	V-6	
Displacement cm ³ (cu in)		2,495 (152.24)	3,498 (213.45)	
Bore and stroke mm (in)		85.0 x 73.3 (3.346 x 2.886)	95.5 x 81.4 (3.760 x 3.205)	
Valve arrangement		DC	HC	
Firing order		1-2-3	1-2-3-4-5-6	
Niverban of gistan signs	Compression	2		
Number of piston rings	Oil	1		
Number of main bearings		4		
Compression ratio		9.8	10.3	
	Standard	1,275 (12.8, 13.0, 185)		
Compression pressure kPa (bar, kg/cm ² , psi)/300 rpm	Minimum	981 (9.8,	10.0, 142)	
	Differential limit between cylinders	98 (1.0, 1.0, 14)		



Valve timing (Valve timing control - "OFF")

						Onit. degree
	а	b	С	d	е	f
VQ25DE	240	244	-6	58	8	52
VQ35DE	240	260	-10	70	10	50

EM-135

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Drive Belt

DRIVE BELT

Tension of drive belt	Belt tension is not necessary, as it is automatically adjusted by drive belt auto-tensioner.

Spark Plug

INFOID:0000000003802302

SPARK PLUG

Unit: mm (in)

Make		DENSO
Standard type	VQ25DE	FXE20HR11
Standard type	VQ35DE	FXE22HR11
Gap (Nominal)	Standard	1.1 (0.043)
	Limit	1.4 (0.055)

Intake Manifold

INFOID:0000000003802303

INTAKE MANIFOLD

Unit: mm (in)

Items		Limit
Surface distortion	Intake manifold	0.1 (0.004)

Exhaust Manifold

INFOID:0000000003802304

EXHAUST MANIFOLD

Unit: mm (in)

	Items	Limit
Surface distortion	Exhaust manifold	0.3 (0.012)

Camshaft

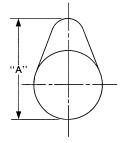
CAMSHAFT

Unit: mm (in)

Items		Star	Standard	
		VQ25DE	VQ35DE	Limit
Complete incomplete plantage	No. 1	0.045 - 0.086 (0.045 - 0.086 (0.0018 - 0.0034)	
Camshaft journal oil clearance	No. 2, 3, 4	0.035 - 0.076 (0.035 - 0.076 (0.0014 - 0.0030)	
Camshaft bracket inner diameter	No. 1	26.000 - 26.021	26.000 - 26.021 (1.0236 - 1.0244)	
Carristiant bracket inner diameter	No. 2, 3, 4	23.500 - 23.521	(0.9252 - 0.9260)	_
Camshaft journal diameter	No. 1	25.935 - 25.955	25.935 - 25.955 (1.0211 - 1.0218)	
	No. 2, 3, 4	23.445 - 23.465	23.445 - 23.465 (0.9230 - 0.9238)	
Camshaft end play		0.115 - 0.188 (0.0045 - 0.0074)		0.24 (0.0094)
Complete combaight "A"	Intake	44.665 - 44.855 (1.7585 - 1.7659)	45.465 - 45.655 (1.7900 - 1.7974)	0.2 (0.008)*1
Camshaft cam height "A"	Exhaust	44.775 - 44.965 (1.7628 - 1.7703)		
Camshaft runout [TIR*2]		Less than 0	0.02 (0.0008)	0.05 (0.0020)

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Camshaft sprocket runout [TIR*2]	_	0.15 (0.0059)



SEM671

VALVE LIFTER

Unit: mm (in)

Items		Standard		
		VQ25DE	VQ35DE	
Value litter autor diameter	Intake	33.980 - 33.990 (1.3378 - 1.3382)	33.980 - 33.990 (1.3378 - 1.3382)	
Valve lifter outer diameter	Exhaust	29.977 - 29.987 (1.1802 - 1.1806)		
Valve lifter hole diameter	Intake	34.000 - 34.016 (1.3386 - 1.3392)	34.000 - 34.016 (1.3386 - 1.3392)	
valve litter note diameter	Exhaust	29.997 - 30.013 (1.1810 - 1.1816)	34.000 - 34.016 (1.3366 - 1.3392)	
Valve lifter clearance		0.010 - 0.036	(0.0004 - 0.0014)	

VALVE CLEARANCE

Unit: mm (in)

Items	Items Cold Hot* (reference of	
Intake	0.26 - 0.34 (0.010 - 0.013)	0.304 - 0.416 (0.012 - 0.016)
Exhaust	0.29 - 0.37 (0.011 - 0.015)	0.308 - 0.432 (0.012 - 0.017)

^{*:} Approximately 80°C (176°F)

AVAILABLE VALVE LIFTER

VQ25DE

Unit: mm (in)

Intake	}	Exhaus	st
Identification (stamped) mark	Thickness	Identification (stamped) mark	Thickness
788P	7.88 (0.3102)	666U	6.66 (0.2622)
790P	7.90 (0.3110)	668U	6.68 (0.2630)
792P	7.92 (0.3118)	670U	6.70 (0.2638)
794P	7.94 (0.3126)	672U	6.72 (0.2646)
796P	7.96 (0.3134)	674U	6.74 (0.2654)
798P	7.98 (0.3142)	676U	6.76 (0.2661)
800P	8.00 (0.3150)	678U	6.78 (0.2669)
802P	8.02 (0.3157)	680U	6.80 (0.2677)
804P	8.04 (0.3165)	682U	6.82 (0.2685)
806P	8.06 (0.3173)	684U	6.84 (0.2693)
808P	8.08 (0.3181)	686U	6.86 (0.2701)
810P	8.10 (0.3189)	688U	6.88 (0.2709)

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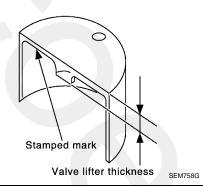
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^{*1:} Cam wear limit

^{*2:} Total indicator reading

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Intake		Exhausi	t
Identification (stamped) mark	Thickness	Identification (stamped) mark	Thickness
812P	8.12 (0.3197)	690U	6.90 (0.2717)
814P	8.14 (0.3205)	692U	6.92 (0.2724)
816P	8.16 (0.3213)	694U	6.94 (0.2732)
818P	8.18 (0.3220)	696U	6.96 (0.2740)
820P	8.20 (0.3228)	698U	6.98 (0.2748)
822P	8.22 (0.3236)	700U	7.00 (0.2756)
824P	8.24 (0.3244)	702U	7.02 (0.2764)
826P	8.26 (0.3252)	704U	7.04 (0.2772)
828P	8.28 (0.3260)	706U	7.06 (0.2780)
830P	8.30 (0.3268)	708U	7.08 (0.2787)
832P	8.32 (0.3276)	710U	7.10 (0.2795)
834P	8.34 (0.3283)	712U	7.12 (0.2803)
836P	8.36 (0.3291)	714U	7.14 (0.2811)
838P	8.38 (0.3299)	716U	7.16 (0.2819)
840P	8.40 (0.3307)	718U	7.18 (0.2827)



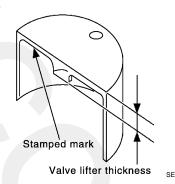
VQ35DE

Unit: mm (in)

Identification (stamped) mark	Thickness	
788P	7.88 (0.3102)	
790P	7.90 (0.3110)	
792P	7.92 (0.3118)	
794P	7.94 (0.3126)	
796P	7.96 (0.3134)	
798P	7.98 (0.3142)	
800P	8.00 (0.3150)	
802P	8.02 (0.3157)	
804P	8.04 (0.3165)	
806P	8.06 (0.3173)	
808P	8.08 (0.3181)	
810P	8.10 (0.3189)	
812P	8.12 (0.3197)	
814P	8.14 (0.3205)	
816P	8.16 (0.3213)	
818P	8.18 (0.3220)	

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Identification (stamped) mark	Thickness
820P	8.20 (0.3228)
822P	8.22 (0.3236)
824P	8.24 (0.3244)
826P	8.26 (0.3252)
828P	8.28 (0.3260)
830P	8.30 (0.3268)
832P	8.32 (0.3276)
834P	8.34 (0.3283)
836P	8.36 (0.3291)
838P	8.38 (0.3299)
840P	8.40 (0.3307)

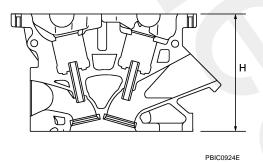


Cylinder Head

CYLINDER HEAD

Unit: mm (in)

Items	Standard	Limit
Head surface distortion	Less than 0.03 (0.0012)	0.1 (0.004)
Normal cylinder head height "H"	126.3 - 126.5 (4.97 - 4.98)	_



VALVE DIMENSIONS

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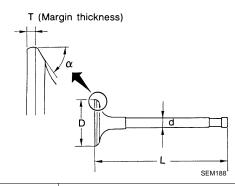
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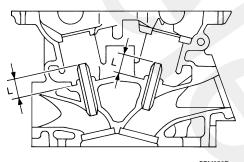
Unit: mm (in)



Engine		VQ25DE VQ35DE	
Valve head diameter "D"	Intake	34.0 - 34.3 (1.339 - 1.350)	36.6 - 36.9 (1.441 - 1.453)
valve riead diarrieter D	Exhaust	29.0 - 29.3 (1.142 - 1.154)	30.2 - 30.5 (1.189 - 1.201)
Valve length "L"	Intake	98.06 (3.8606)	97.13 (3.8240)
valve length L	Exhaust	96.81 (3.8114)	94.67 (3.7272)
Valve stem diameter "d"	Intake	5.965 - 5.980 (0.2348 - 0.2354)	5.965 - 5.980 (0.2348 - 0.2354)
valve stem diameter d	Exhaust	5.955 - 5.970 (0.2344 - 0.2350)	5.962 - 5.970 (0.2347 - 0.2350)
Valve seat angle "α"	Intake	45°15′ - 45°45′	
valve seat angle (a	Exhaust		
Valve margin "T"	Intake	1.1 (0.043)	
valve margin i	Exhaust	1.3 (0.051)	
Valve margin "T" limit		0.5 (0.020)	
Valve stem end surface grinding limit		0.2 (0.008)	

VALVE GUIDE

Unit: mm (in)



		SEM950E			
Items		Standard	Oversize (Service) [0.2 (0.008)]		
	Outer diameter	10.023 - 10.034 (0.3946 - 0.3950)	10.223 - 10.234 (0.4025 - 0.4029)		
Valve guide	Inner diameter (Finished size)	6.000 - 6.018 (0.2362 - 0.2369)			
Cylinder head valve guide	hole diameter	9.975 - 9.996 (0.3927 - 0.3935)	10.175 - 10.196 (0.4006 - 0.4014		
Interference fit of valve gui	de	0.027 - 0.059 (0.0011 - 0.0023)			
	Items		Limit		
Valve guide clearance	Intake	0.020 - 0.053 (0.0008 - 0.0021)	0.08 (0.0031)		
valve guide clearance	Exhaust	0.030 - 0.056 (0.0012 - 0.0022)	0.09 (0.0035)		
Projection length "L"	<u> </u>	12.6 - 12.8 (0	0.496 - 0.504)		

VALVE SEAT

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

VQ25DE

Unit: mm (in)

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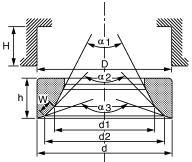
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PBIC2745E

Items		Standard	Oversize (Service) [0.5 (0.020)]	
Cylinder head seat recess diameter "D"	Intake	35.000 - 35.016 (1.3780 - 1.3786)	35.500 - 35.516 (1.3976 - 1.3983	
Cylinder flead seat recess diameter D	Exhaust	30.000 - 30.016 (1.1811 - 1.1817)	30.500 - 30.516 (1.2008 - 1.2014	
Valve seat outer diameter "d"	Intake	35.080 - 35.096 (1.3811 - 1.3817)	35.580 - 35.596 (1.4008 - 1.4014	
valve seat outer diameter d	Exhaust	30.080 - 30.096 (1.1842 - 1.1849)	30.580 - 30.596 (1.2669 - 1.2676	
Valve seat interference fit	Intake	0.064 - 0.096 (0	0.0025 - 0.0038)	
valve seat interference in	Exhaust	0.064 - 0.096 (0	0.0025 - 0.0038)	
D: """"1	Intake	35.3 (1.390)	
Diameter "d1"* ¹	Exhaust	30.3 (1.193)	
Diameter "d2"* ²	Intake	33.3 - 33.8 (1.311 - 1.331)		
Diameter "d2""-	Exhaust	28.1 - 28.6 (1.106 - 1.126)		
Angle "cd"	Intake	60°		
Angle "α1"	Exhaust	60°		
Angle "α2"	Intake	88°45′ - 90°15′		
Angle (tz	Exhaust	88°45′	- 90°15′	
Angle "c:2"	Intake	120°		
Angle "α3"	Exhaust	120°		
O	Intake	1.0 - 1.4 (0.	039 - 0.055)	
Contacting width "W"*3	Exhaust	1.2 - 1.6 (0.047 - 0.063)		
Lloight "h"	Intake	6.2 - 6.3 (0.244 - 0.248)	5.4 - 5.5 (0.213 - 0.217)	
Height "h"	Exhaust	5.9 - 6.0 (0.232 - 0.236)	4.95 - 5.05 (0.1949 - 0.1988)	
Donth "Li"	Intake	6.35 (0.2500)		
Depth "H"	Exhaust	6.0 (0.236)		

 $^{^{\}star 1}\!\!:$ Diameter made by intersection point of conic angles " α 1" and " α 2"

VQ35DE

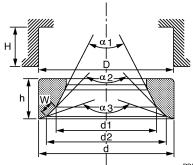
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 $^{^{\}star 2}\!\!:$ Diameter made by intersection point of conic angles " $\alpha 2$ " and " $\alpha 3$ "

^{*3:} Machining data

Unit: mm (in)



PBIC2745E

Items		Standard Oversize (Service) [0.5 (0.		
Cylinder head seat recess diameter "D"	Intake	38.000 - 38.016 (1.4961 - 1.4967)	38.500 - 38.516 (1.5157 - 1.5164)	
Cyllinder flead seat recess diameter D	Exhaust	31.600 - 31.616 (1.2441 - 1.2447)	32.100 - 32.116 (1.2638 - 1.2644)	
Valve seat outer diameter "d"	Intake	38.097 - 38.113 (1.4999 - 1.5005)	38.597 - 38.613 (1.5196 - 1.5202)	
valve seat outer diameter d	Exhaust	31.680 - 31.696 (1.2472 - 1.2479)	32.180 - 32.196 (1.2669 - 1.2676)	
Valve seat interference fit	Intake	0.081 - 0.113 (0	0.0032 - 0.0044)	
valve seat interference in	Exhaust	0.064 - 0.096 (0	0.0025 - 0.0038)	
D:	Intake	34.6 (1.362)	
Diameter "d1"*1	Exhaust	27.7 (1.091)	
D:	Intake	35.9 - 36.4 (1.413 - 1.433)		
Diameter "d2"* ²	Exhaust	29.3 - 29.8 (1.154 - 1.173)		
Angle "ed"	Intake	60°		
Angle "α1"	Exhaust	60°		
Angle "α2"	Intake	88°45′ - 90°15′		
Angle 62	Exhaust	88°45′	- 90°15′	
Angle "α3"	Intake	120°		
Angle as	Exhaust	120°		
044::	Intake	1.0 - 1.4 (0.	039 - 0.055)	
Contacting width "W"*3	Exhaust	1.2 - 1.6 (0.047 - 0.063)		
Height "h"	Intake	5.9 - 6.0 (0.232 - 0.236)	5.0 - 5.1 (0.197 - 0.201)	
Height H	Exhaust	5.9 - 6.0 (0.232 - 0.236)	4.9 - 5.0 (0.193 - 0.197)	
Depth "H"	•	6.0 (0	6.0 (0.236)	

^{*1:} Diameter made by intersection point of conic angles " α 1" and " α 2"

VALVE SPRING

Items	Standard		
Free height	47.07 mm (1.8531 in)		
Installation height	37.00 mm (1.4567 in)		
Installation load	166 - 188 N (16.9 - 19.2 kg, 37 - 42 lb)		
Height during valve open	27.20 mm (1.0709 in)		
Load with valve open	373 - 421 N (38.0 - 42.9 kg, 84 - 95 lb)		

 $^{^{\}star 2}\!\!:$ Diameter made by intersection point of conic angles " $\alpha 2$ " and " $\alpha 3$ "

^{*3:} Machining data

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

	Unit: mm (in)
Items	Limit
Squareness	2.1 (0.083)

Cylinder Block EM

CYLINDER BLOCK



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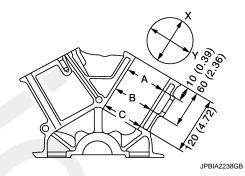
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Engine				VQ25DE	VQ35DE		
Surface flatness		Standard	nrd		Less than 0.03 (0.0012)		
Surface flatifie	733	Limit			0.1 (0.004)		
Main bearing housing inner diameter Standard		63.993 - 64.017	(2.5194 - 2.5203)				
			Grade	No. 1	85.000	- 85.010 (3.3465 - 3.3468)	95.500 - 95.510 (3.7598 - 3.7602)

Main bearir diameter	ng housing inner	Standard		63.993 - 64.017	(2.5194 - 2.5203)	
			Grade No. 1	85.000 - 85.010 (3.3465 - 3.3468)	95.500 - 95.510 (3.7598 - 3.7602)	
Cylinder	Inner diame-	Standard	Grade No. 2	85.010 - 85.020 (3.3468 - 3.3472)	95.510 - 95.520 (3.7602 - 3.7606)	
bore	ter		Grade No. 3	85.020 - 85.030 (3.3472 - 3.3476)	95.520 - 95.530 (3.7606 - 3.7610)	
		Wear limit		0.2 (0	0.008)	
Out-of-roun	d	Limit		0.015 ((0.0006)	
Taper	Taper Limit			0.010 (0.0004)		
			Grade No. A	63.993 - 63.994	(2.5194 - 2.5194)	
			Grade No. B		(2.5194 - 2.5195)	
			Grade No. C	63.995 - 63.996	(2.5195 - 2.5195)	
		Grade No. D	63.996 - 63.997	(2.5195 - 2.5196)		
			Grade No. E	63.997 - 63.998	(2.5196 - 2.5196)	
		Grade No. F		63.998 - 63.999	(2.5196 - 2.5196)	
			Grade No. G		(2.5196 - 2.5197)	
			Grade No. H	64.000 - 64.001	(2.5197 - 2.5197)	
			Grade No. J	64.001 - 64.002	(2.5197 - 2.5198)	
			Grade No. K		(2.5198 - 2.5198)	
			Grade No. L	64.003 - 64.004	(2.5198 - 2.5198)	
Main bearin	ng housing inner d	iameter	Grade No. M			
grade (With	out bearing)		Grade No. N	64.005 - 64.006	(2.5199 - 2.5199)	
			Grade No. P	64.006 - 64.007	(2.5199 - 2.5200)	
Grad			Grade No. R	64.007 - 64.008	(2.5200 - 2.5200)	
			Grade No. S		(2.5200 - 2.5200)	
			Grade No. T	64 000 - 64 010	(2.5200 - 2.5201)	

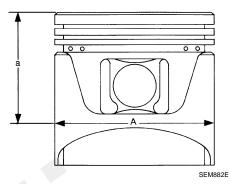
	Grade No. H	64.000 - 64.001 (2.5197 - 2.5197)
	Grade No. J	64.001 - 64.002 (2.5197 - 2.5198)
	Grade No. K	64.002 - 64.003 (2.5198 - 2.5198)
	Grade No. L	64.003 - 64.004 (2.5198 - 2.5198)
Main bearing housing inner diameter	Grade No. M	64.004 - 64.005 (2.5198 - 2.5199)
grade (Without bearing)	Grade No. N	64.005 - 64.006 (2.5199 - 2.5199)
-	Grade No. P	64.006 - 64.007 (2.5199 - 2.5200)
	Grade No. R	64.007 - 64.008 (2.5200 - 2.5200)
	Grade No. S	64.008 - 64.009 (2.5200 - 2.5200)
	Grade No. T	64.009 - 64.010 (2.5200 - 2.5201)
	Grade No. U	64.010 - 64.011 (2.5201 - 2.5201)
	Grade No. V	64.011 - 64.012 (2.5201 - 2.5202)
	Grade No. W	64.012 - 64.013 (2.5202 - 2.5202)
	Grade No. X	64.013 - 64.014 (2.5202 - 2.5202)
	Grade No. Y	64.014 - 64.015 (2.5202 - 2.5203)
	Grade No. 4	64.015 - 64.016 (2.5203 - 2.5203)
	Grade No. 7	64.016 - 64.017 (2.5203 - 2.5203)
Difference in inner diameter between cylinders Standard		Less than 0.03 (0.0012)
	E	EM-143

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

AVAILABLE PISTON

VQ25DE

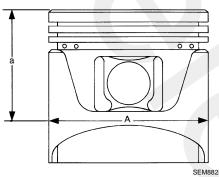
Unit: mm (in)



Items		Standard	Oversize (Service) [0.2 (0.008)]
	Grade No. 1	84.980 - 84.990 (3.3457 - 3.3461)	_
Piston skirt diameter "A"	Grade No. 2	84.990 - 85.000 (3.3461 - 3.3465)	_
PISION SKIR GIAMETER A	Grade No. 3	85.000 - 85.010 (3.3465 - 3.3468)	_
	Service	_	85.180 - 85.210 (3.3535 - 3.3547)
Items	Items		Limit
"a" dimension		38.8 (1.528)	_
Piston pin hole diameter	Grade No. 0	21.993 - 21.999 (0.8659 - 0.8661)	_
r istori piri riole diametei	Grade No. 1		_
Piston to cylinder bore clearance		0.010 - 0.030 (0.0004 - 0.0012)	0.08 (0.0031)

VQ35DE

Unit: mm (in)



Items		Standard	Oversize (Service) [0.2 (0.008)]	
	Grade No. 1	95.480 - 95.490 (3.7590 - 3.7594)	_	
Piston skirt diameter "A"	Grade No. 2	95.490 - 95.500 (3.7594 - 3.7598)	-	
Piston skirt diameter "A"	Grade No. 3	95.500 - 95.510 (3.7598 - 3.7602)	_	
	Service	_	95.680 - 95.710 (3.7669 - 3.7681)	
Items	Items		Limit	
"a" dimension		38.0 (1.496)	_	
Piston pin hole diameter	Grade No. 0	21.993 - 21.999 (0.8659 - 0.8661)	_	
Fision pin note diameter	Grade No. 1	21.999 - 22.005 (0.8661 - 0.8663)	_	
Piston to cylinder bore clearar	nce	0.010 - 0.030 (0.0004 - 0.0012)	0.08 (0.0031)	

PISTON RING

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

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v	w	_	J	ப	_

Unit: mm (in)

Items		Standard	Limit
	Тор	0.045 - 0.080 (0.0018 - 0.0031)	0.11 (0.0043)
Side clearance	2nd	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)	0.10 (0.0039)
	Oil ring	0.045 - 0.125 (0.0018 - 0.0049)	_
	Тор	0.20 - 0.30 (0.0079 - 0.0118)	0.54 (0.0213)
End gap	2nd	0.31 - 0.46 (0.0122 - 0.0181)	0.67 (0.0264)
	Oil (rail ring)	0.20 - 0.50 (0.0079 - 0.0197)	0.95 (0.0374)

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VQ35DE

Unit: mm (in)

	Items		Standard	Limit
		Тор	0.045 - 0.080 (0.0018 - 0.0031)	0.11 (0.0043)
Side clearance		2nd	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)	0.10 (0.0039)
		Oil ring	0.065 - 0.125 (0.0026 - 0.0049)	_
		Тор	0.23 - 0.28 (0.0091 - 0.0110)	0.49 (0.0193)
End gap		2nd	0.33 - 0.43 (0.0130 - 0.0169)	0.90 (0.0354)
		Oil (rail ring)	0.20 - 0.45 (0.0079 - 0.0177)	0.95 (0.0374)

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PISTON PIN

Unit: mm (in)

Items		Standard	Limit
Piston pin outer diameter	Grade No. 0	21.989 - 21.995 (0.8657 - 0.8659)	_
Fistori piri outer diameter	Grade No. 1	21.995 - 22.001 (0.8659 - 0.8662)	_
Piston to piston pin oil clearance		0.002 - 0.006 (0.0001 - 0.0002)	_
Connecting rod bushing oil clearance		0.005 - 0.017 (0.0002 - 0.0007)	0.030 (0.0012)

CONNECTING ROD

Unit: n	nm ((ın)
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Items		Star	Limit	
		VQ25DE VQ35DE		Limit
Center distance		147.60 - 147.70 (5.81 - 5.81) 144.15 - 144.25 (5.68 - 5.68)		_
Bend [per 100 (3.94)]		-		0.15 (0.0059)
Torsion [per 100 (3.94)]		-		0.30 (0.0118)
Connecting rod bushing inner	Grade No. 0	22.000 - 22.006	(0.8661 - 0.8664)	_
diameter*	Grade No. 1	22.006 - 22.012	(0.8664 - 0.8666)	_
Connecting rod big end diameter (Without bearing)		48.000 - 48.013 (1.8898 - 1.8903) 55.000 - 55.013 (2.1654 - 2.1659)		_
Side clearance		0.20 - 0.35 (0.0079 - 0.0138)		0.40 (0.0157)

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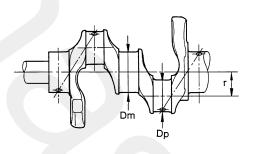
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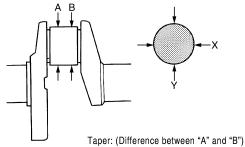
CRANKSHAFT

P

^{*:} After installing in connecting rod

Unit: mm (in)





SEM645

Taper: (Difference between "A" and "B")
Out-of-round: (Difference between "X" and "Y")
SBIA0535E

Engine			VQ25DE	VQ35DE
Main journal diameter. "Dm" grade	Standard	Grade No. A Grade No. B Grade No. C Grade No. D Grade No. E Grade No. F Grade No. G Grade No. H Grade No. J Grade No. L Grade No. L Grade No. M Grade No. N Grade No. P Grade No. R Grade No. S Grade No. T Grade No. U Grade No. V Grade No. V Grade No. V Grade No. X Grade No. Y Grade No. Y Grade No. 4 Grade No. 7	59.974 - 59.973 59.973 - 59.972 59.972 - 59.971 59.971 - 59.970 59.970 - 59.969 59.969 - 59.968 59.968 - 59.967 59.967 - 59.966 59.966 - 59.965 59.965 - 59.964 59.963 - 59.963 59.963 - 59.962 59.962 - 59.961 59.961 - 59.960 59.960 - 59.959 59.959 - 59.958 59.958 - 59.957 59.957 - 59.956 59.956 - 59.955 59.955 - 59.954 59.954 - 59.953 59.953 - 59.952	(2.3612 - 2.3612) (2.3612 - 2.3611) (2.3611 - 2.3611) (2.3611 - 2.3611) (2.3611 - 2.3610) (2.3610 - 2.3610) (2.3610 - 2.3609) (2.3609 - 2.3609) (2.3609 - 2.3609) (2.3609 - 2.3608) (2.3608 - 2.3608) (2.3608 - 2.3607) (2.3607 - 2.3607) (2.3607 - 2.3607) (2.3607 - 2.3607) (2.3606 - 2.3606) (2.3606 - 2.3606) (2.3605 - 2.3605) (2.3605 - 2.3605) (2.3604 - 2.3604) (2.3604 - 2.3604) (2.3604 - 2.3603) (2.3603 - 2.3603)
Pin journal diameter. "Dp" grade	Standard	Grade No. 0 Grade No. 1 Grade No. 2	44.968 - 44.974 (1.7704 - 1.7706) 44.962 - 44.968 (1.7702 - 1.7704) 44.956 - 44.962 (1.7699 - 1.7702)	51.968 - 51.974 (2.0460 - 2.0462) 51.962 - 51.968 (2.0457 - 2.0460) 51.956 - 51.962 (2.0445 - 2.0457)
Center distance "r"			36.61 - 36.69 (1.4413 - 1.4445)	40.66 - 40.74 (1.6008 - 1.6039)
Taper (Difference between "A" and "B")	Limit		0.002 (0.0001)
Out-of-round (Difference between "X" and "Y")	LIIIII		0.002 (0.0001)	
Crankshaft runout [TIR*]	Standard		Less than 0.05 (0.0020)	
	Limit		·	0.0039)
Crankshaft end play	Standard Limit		0.10 - 0.25 (0.0039 - 0.0098) 0.30 (0.0118)	

^{*:} Total indicator reading

Main Bearing

INFOID:0000000003802308

MAIN BEARING

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Unit: mm (in)

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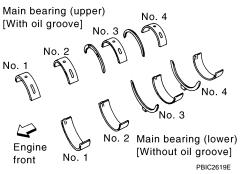
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Grade r	number	Thickness	Width	Identification color	Remarks
()	2.000 - 2.003 (0.0787 - 0.0789)		Black	
1		2.003 - 2.006 (0.0789 - 0.0790)		Brown	
2	<u>)</u>	2.006 - 2.009 (0.0790 - 0.0791)		Green	
3	3	2.009 - 2.012 (0.0791 - 0.0792)		Yellow	Grade is the same
4	1	2.012 - 2.015 (0.0792 - 0.0793)		Blue	for upper and lower bearings.
5	5	2.015 - 2.018 (0.0793 - 0.0794)		Pink	
6	5	2.018 - 2.021 (0.0794 - 0.0796)		Purple	
7	7	2.021 - 2.024 (0.0796 - 0.0797)		White	
01	UPR	2.003 - 2.006 (0.0789 - 0.0790)		Brown	
Οī	LWR	2.000 - 2.003 (0.0787 - 0.0789)		Black	
12	UPR	2.006 - 2.009 (0.0790 - 0.0791)	19.9 - 20.1	Green	
12	LWR	2.003 - 2.006 (0.0789 - 0.0790)	(0.783 - 0.791)	Brown	1
23	UPR	2.009 - 2.012 (0.0791 - 0.0792)		Yellow	
23	LWR	2.006 - 2.009 (0.0790 - 0.0791)		Green	
34	UPR	2.012 - 2.015 (0.0792 - 0.0793)		Blue	Grade and color are different for upper
34	LWR	2.009 - 2.012 (0.0791 - 0.0792)		Yellow	and lower bearings.
45	UPR	2.015 - 2.018 (0.0793 - 0.0794)		Pink	
40	LWR	2.012 - 2.015 (0.0792 - 0.0793)		Blue	
56	UPR	2.018 - 2.021 (0.0794 - 0.0796)		Purple	
50	LWR	2.015 - 2.018 (0.0793 - 0.0794)		Pink	
67	UPR	2.021 - 2.024 (0.0796 - 0.0797)		White	
07	LWR	2.018 - 2.021 (0.0794 - 0.0796)		Purple	

UNDERSIZE

Unit: mm (in)

Items	Thickness	Main journal diameter
0.25 (0.0098)	2.132 - 2.140 (0.0839 - 0.0843)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.

MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

Unit: mm (in)

Items	Standard	Limit
Main bearing oil clearance	0.035 - 0.045 (0.0014 - 0.0018)*	0.065 (0.0026)

^{*:} Actual clearance

Connecting Rod Bearing

INFOID:0000000003802309

CONNECTING ROD BEARING

< SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

Unit: r				
Gr	ade number	Thickness	Identification color (mark)	
	0	1.500 - 1.503 (0.0591 - 0.0592)	Black	
	1	1.503 - 1.506 (0.0592 - 0.0593)	Brown	
	2	1.506 - 1.509 (0.0593 - 0.0594)	Green	

UNDERSIZE

Unit: mm (in)

Items	Thickness	Crank pin journal diameter
0.25 (0.0098)	1.626 - 1.634 (0.0640 - 0.0643)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.

CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

Unit: mm (in)

Items	Standard	Limit
Connecting rod bearing oil clearance	0.020 - 0.045 (0.0008 - 0.0018)*	0.070 (0.0028)

^{*:} Actual clearance